The New-York Times.

VOL. X....NO. 2995 NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, APRIL 26, 1861. PRICE TWO CENTS.

NEWS OF THE WAR.

A FLOOD OF TROOPS IN WASHINGTON

FOUR NEW-YORK REGIMENTS THERE.

Concentration of Secessionist Troops at Norfolk.

Neither Jeff. Davis nor General Beauregard in Virginia.

ALEX. H. STEPHENS AT RICHMOND.

The Avalanche of Men and Money from the North.

Princely Subscriptions from New-Yorkers.

Vigorous Military Preparations at Albany.

THIRTY-NINE REGIMENTS CALLED FOR.

A special messenger from the TIMES Office has just returned to this City from a tour of observation in the South. He left Norfolk on Monday night; was present at the burning of Gosport Navy-Yard; and visited the new defences erected by the Virginians below Norfolk and Portsmouth. He confirms the statements of our correspondent "York," that Gov. WISE was at Norfolk on Monday, and that as late as Tuesday neither DAVIS nor BEAUREGARD were in Richmond, nor had any formidable army been concentrated anywhere in Virginia.

He reached Baltimore yesterday morning and found the city unusually quiet. In company with a Major of the United States Army, who came from Old Point, he went to Barnum's Hotel in Baltimore, and made inquiries for the best route to New-York, but got nothing satisfactory. They were not followed, observed, nor in the least degree molested in Baltimore. They took a small steamer that runs down the Chesapeake and then up Chester River to Chestertown, in Kent County, on the eastern shore of Maryland. Thence by private conveyance 24 miles to Smyrna, on the Delaware railroad, 32 miles below Wilmington.

The eastern shore of Maryland appeared strongly Union. Chestertown, the home of Senator PEARCE, is intensely Union. They have the Stars and Stripes over the market-house, and swear it shall never come down except in blood. They are bitter against Baltimore, which, they say, has provoked rain on the State. Our informant thinks there is a large, respectable, and powerful Union element in Maryland, and that *the presence of a military force in Maryland, adequate to their protection, would embolden them to crush out the intended movement of secession, and bring back the State to loyalty.*

There was no reason to believe that any force was concentrating to oppose the march of the Seventh New-York Regiment and other regiments from Annapolis to Washington. There were no forces besieging Fort McHenry, and the general opinion seemed to be that Maryland will make no further demonstration against the United States Government, unless the Legislature, that is to meet to-day, shall attempt to withdraw the State from the Union. In that event, if the Union men of the State can have good backing, they will forcibly resist the revolution.

In Virginia a perfect despotism reigns throughout the State. All non-residents had been warned to leave, but only permitted to leave with written passports from local military leaders.

NEW-YORK TROOPS IN WASHINGTON.

The Associated Press have reliable information, just received, that the New-York Sixth, Seventh and Twelfth Regiments have safely arrived at Washington, and are now quartered at the Navy-yard in that city.

The Seventy-first Regiment is also at Washington.

We are informed that the *Baltic* reached Washington *viâ* the Potomac.

A FLOOD OF TROOPS IN WASHINGTON.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, April 25.

The Baltimore *American* has been received by Express. It has a letter dated Annapolis, yesterday, announcing the arrival of the *Baltic, Coatzacoalca, Columbia, R. R. Cuyler, Shriver, Ariel, Harriet Lane, Boston, Maryland*, and a brig from Havre de Grace, with 8,000 New-York and Pennsylvania troops. The Massachusetts and New-York Regiments marched for Washington Wednesday. A letter says the *Constitution* was to sail for the moutd of the Potomac, to blockade the port of Baltimore.

The Baltimore *American* says:

"The Federal Government is rapidly reinforcing Washington *viâ* Annapolis.

Officers of the Norfolk boat, which arrived yesterday, report passing five ships, supposed to contain United States troops.

We have also reports of several steamboats passing down the Bay from Perryville with troops.

The first detachment commenced passing the Annapolis junction at yesterday noon. It was about 2,500 strong, and composed in part of the New-York Seventh Regiment.

A second detachment of 3,000 men were about to move from Annapolis. The troops march from Annapolis to Washington, the railroad facilities in possession of the Government being used for the transportation of stores and provisions, of which large amounts are reported to be going forward.

So far, no armed opposition to the troops is reported.

The officers of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad yesterday received dispatches per their line of telegraph at the Annapolis Junction, which announced that a large body of United States troops were on their way to Washington, and were passing along at an ordinary time step, without molestation from the Volunteer troops of the neighboring country.

The dispatch stated that the right column was just turning the junction and passing over the Washington Branch.

Scouting parties and a regular line of videttes had been thrown out, whilst a full battery was posted on the right.

The First Division, according to the eye of the operator, and the computation of others, was about 3,000 strong, and partially composed of the Seventh Regiment of New-York.

IMPORTANT FROM WESTERN VIRGINIA.

WHEELING, Va., Thursday, April 25.

The Bell and Everett Convention of this Congressional District met in this city to-day, and accepted the nominee of the Douglas Democrats, W. G. BOOWN, of Preston County, as their candidate for Congress.

A resolution was adopted approving of the Harrison County preamble and resolutions, which condemned the course of Eastern Virginia, and recommends all the Northwestern counties to send delegations to the Convention at Wheeling the 13th day of May.

Many strong Union speeches were made, and everything was transacted with perfect unanimity.

The prevalent opinion here is that there will be a division of the State.

IMPORTANT FROM MARYLAND.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BALTIMOREANS.

HAVRE DE GRACE, Thursday, April 25.

The Baltimore *South*, of last evening, received here, speaks about the election yesterday as progressing quietly, and the number of votes being polled comparatively small. There was no opposition to the "Southern Rights" ticket and no contest manifested, the people voting or not, according to their convenience.

A heavy mail was sent to Washington at noon by express, railroad communication being stopped.

The reported burning of Mr. CADWALLADER's residence is said to be incorrect.

A freight train at Slemmer's Run was seized, loaded with provisions, &c., supposed to belong to the Eighth Massachusetts Regiment.

Quartermaster COOK of the New-York Seventh Regiment had been arrested as a spy.

The authorities of Baltimore had seized the Bremen ship *Admiral*, loaded for Liverpool.

There is no Washington news, railroad travel being interrupted.

COMMUNICATION WITH WASHINGTON.

PERRYVILLE, Md., Thursday, April 25.

The communication between Washington, Annapolis and Baltimore is now in as precarious a condition as that north of the latter city. The papers contain much unreliable information regarding affairs at the Capital.

The Baltimore evening papers, yesterday, stated that the Federal troops marching across had reached the Annapolis junction, and that the roads were being repaired on the route. The news, however, brought by passengers dissipates the report.

The Seventh Regiment of New-York, and the Eighth Regiment of Massachusetts, were being encamped eight miles above Annapolis.

The rest of the troops that arrived are still at Annapolis.

TROOPS CONCENTRATING AT ANNAPOLIS.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, April 25.

An arrival from Annapolis reports that five additional regiments had arrived there with the Sappers and Miners, and a corps of Flying Artillery, with twelve pieces, and the railroad and locomotive workmen to attend the repairs of the railroad and machinery.

THE ROAD OPEN TO WASHINGTON.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, April 25.

The latest intelligence from Annapolis states that the road is open to Washington, and that five regiments had arrived at Annapolis, including the Pennsylvanians.

REPORTS FROM BALTIMORE.

HARRISBURG, Thursday, April 25.

Passengers who arrived here *viâ* the Northern Central Railroad, and also by the Chambersburg route report that all was quiet in Baltimore yesterday.

Guards are stationed at all the public buildings, and a strict surveillence is kept over strangers passing through that city.

The price of a conveyance by carriage to York, Pa., is sixty dollars.

A clerk of a wholesale house, from Baltimore, reports that all the wholesale houses are closed, and clerks and Northern men by birth were being ordered to enlist. Many on this account was escaping.

Five cars arrived this morning at Chambersburgh, filled with families flying from Baltimore. All persons above fourteen years of age are required to volunteer.

Baltimore money is ten per cent. below par there, and Pennsylvania money is being exchanged for gold and silver.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, April 25.

The Baltimore *Sun* says that the special election in Baltimore was a mere form, as there was no opposition to the "Southern States Rights" ticket. Only about 8,500 votes were cast, and they all on one side.

THE LATEST REPORTS FROM BALTIMORE.

PERRYVILLE, Md., Thursday, April 25.

Gov. HICKS has issued a proclamation for the Legislature of Maryland to assemble in Frederick City to-morrow.

This course is deemed advisable in consequence of the presence of the Federal troops at Annapolis.

The Baltimore *Sun* has the following dispatch:

RELAY HOUSE, Washington Junction, }
Wednesday, April 24—11 P. M. }

A courier has just arrived from near Annapolis Junction, and reports that no troops are now in that quarter. It is thought that they have gone by a shorter and more direct march near Upper Marlboro to Washington.

There is a probability of the reopening of travel to and from Washington by order of Gen. SCOTT. It is understood that the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company would send a train at 11 o'clock this morning, to return from Washington at a quarter of 3.

The *Sun* says that in Virginia the war spirit is fully aroused, and volunteering and arming is going on rapidly.

Capt. RUSSELL, of the Norfolk line of steamers, and in charge of the *Louisiana*, reports that over 7,000 troops from the South arrived at Norfolk on Tuesday, and their destination was kept secret.

A gentleman who has just arrived here, says that Ex-President BARNUM, of the American Telegraph Company, had used every endeavor with the authorities of Baltimore, for a resumption of the telegraph, but unsuccessfully.

The business and intelligent part of the community favor it, but it receives much objection from the lower classes.

The *Sun* endeavors to relieve the country people from an apprehension of the seizure of their property.

All the wants of the Military are being now provided for by the State.

The *Sun* is also gratified to learn that many who were endeavoring to remove their families from the city had concluded to remain.

Respectable Baltimoreans say that the reports of the ordering out of the Union men are unfounded.

The Unionists keep very quiet, and are not interfered with.

FROM THE MARYLAND FRONTIER.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

PERRYVILLE, Wednesday, April 24, 1861.

Strict military rule is maintained at this point, and the utmost vigilance exercised to prevent surprise. Bodies of Pennsylvania troops are kept constantly on the move in different points, and the railroad at each station and bridge is strongly guarded.

A gentleman from Washington, who passed through Belle-Air at 5 P. M. yesterday, reports everything quiet in that city except a constant movement of the State militia and a continued enlistment of recruits. No American flags were flying, but everything is secession. Near Belle-Air his party was stopped by a company of soldiers, and several times detained on the road and questioned by squads of armed men.

An order has been issued in Baltimore prohibiting the removal or sale of any provisions from the city. The inhabitants expect a siege, and this measure is taken to guard against famine. All wagons leaving the city were examined and any provisions they contained removed.

On Monday the steamer *Maryland* was run on shore by her crew (Secessionists) and deserted, that she might not be taken by the enemy. On Tuesday morning the *Wyoming*, with Capt. STEDMAN and a crew of marines, and carrying a 32-pound gun and a howitzer, went down and took possession of her. The *Maryland* formerly plied as ferry boat between Perryville and Havre de Grace.

The *Wyoming* had a narrow escape from annihilation when running down to the *Constitution*. The flag at the fore flapped in the sailor's faces, and it was lowered. The *Constitution* beat to quarters, run out their guns, and stood prepared to blow the boat out of water at the shortest notice.

Additional passengers from Baltimore report that their carriages were stopped and themselves examined at different points on the road. The company of soldiers before spoken of are stationed at a wood, and swoop out upon travelers to their no small terror and amazement.

One thousand troops were landed at Fort Monroe and in its vicinity on Monday morning.

The Virginia Governor has just taken six of Parrot's rifled cannon to Norfolk. The Virginians have taken possession of Fort Norfolk, and shipped the ammunition therein to Richmond. The Naval Hospital had been given up to Virginians.

On Monday, the *Pawnee* went to Washington, and the *Cumberland* was at Old Point. On Monday evening the *Baltic* arrived at North Point with 1,000 troops.

The *Sun* says the concentration of troops at Perryville has created great excitement at Baltimore. The United States troops are not held in much respect by the Marylanders. A correspondent of the *Sun* says 200 good men could have taken the whole body at Cockeysville.

A bearer, with sealed dispatches from the United States Government to Capt. BLAKE, was seized and brought before Gov. HICKS. Gov. HICKS delivered the dispatches to Capt. BLAKE in person. It is said that they contain orders for the United States troops to return, but this is not likely.

One of the Morristown volunteers was found about three miles distant from the camp, lying under a tree, with his throat cut, and an open pen-knife lying beside him. Many of his comrades incline to the opinion that his throat was cut by "some bloody Secessionist;" but it is much more probable that he committed suicide. He had been addicting himself to a steady absorption of the compound strychnine dealt out in this region, and during the morning of the day showed unmistakable symptoms of delirium tremens.

A wagoner was arrested a few miles from here, with his wagon laden with Colt's pistols and other anti agricultural implements. The load was confiscated, and the wagoner put into irons; he goes to Philadelphia with the same train that conveys this letter. It is thought that he is from Baltimore.

On the opposite side of the river there is no question about the feeling—it is secession. In Havre de Grace a few Union men are to be found, but they are in a sad minority. Throughout the State of Maryland secession predominates beyond a doubt. Armed squads of men detain passengers *in transitu*, and question them as to their destination and their proclivities. What reception they would accord to a Union man, I cannot say, not having heard of any one who has been hardy enough to venture upon the experiment of proclaiming himself one. It is probable, however, that their hospitalities would not be particularly agreeable to the recipient.

Has not our Government already seen enough to convince it that Gov. HICKS is neither of it nor for it? In this contest, all who are not openly and avowedly for the Union are against it. It is impossible to preserve neutrality, especially an armed neutrality, when the arms are in the hands of a disorganized and disorderly people. While Virginia was wavering, the arms and munitions within her borders might have been removed with perfect safety, which would have obviated the necessity for the late destruction of property, which would be particularly useful and valuable at this juncture. The plea that such energetic actions would precipitate secession, is a very lame one. It is in any event better to have an openly declared enemy than a doubtful friend; especially if there is reason to believe that this doubtful friend while professing neutrality is only standing with folded hands, waiting a favorable opportunity to strike. Maryland is a Cinderella-sister at best. Without attempting to pinch her feet with the Union slipper, or in any way interfering with her delicate sensibilities, would it not be well to stand sufficiently near her to pinion her arms when she manifests a disposition to scratch.

I mentioned in a former letter that a recruit was shot while on guard. A mystery envelops the occurrence which I have no means of fathoming. One version of the affair states that after his lieutenant gave him the countersign twice, he fired, and then made a charge on him with his bayonet. It is also said that the man was "crazy drunk." Admitting the truth of this version, and it was still a most extraordinary proceeding to station a man as sentry while in such a condition that he could neither tell the password when it was given, nor distinguish his lieutenant from a stranger. I was talking with one of his comrades of the occurrence. "He was the best friend I had," said the poor fellow; "he brought me away from home, and I expected to go back with him; I saw his wife bid him good bye and cling around his neck the morning we left, sobbing and crying, and urging him to stay"—and here the narrator burst into tears, threw himself on the ground and wept like a child. It seems that by this unfortunate occurrence a wife has been made a widow, and eight children are orphans. The necessities of war are stern, but this summary shooting of men should be the last resource of an officer. The blood of all the opponents he may kill in battle will cling less closely to that lieutenant's skirts, lie less heavily on his soul, than this one poor fellow's blood, spilled in camp.

The complacency with which the Baltimoreans chuckled over the destruction of the ferry-boat at this place is rather amusing. A party was detached for the service; came to Havre de Grace, and returned, stating that they had performed it, and the next day the *Sun* assured its readers that the boat *Maryland* was scuttled and sunk. For a scuttled boat, she is doing the Union good service as a miniature man-of-war, commanded by a naval officer, and carrying one 32-pound gun and a howitzer. There be more exploits rumored in war than are actually achieved.

C. H. W.

MOVEMENTS IN THE SOUTH.

TROOPS GATHERING FOR THE NORTH.

HARRISBURGH, Thursday, April 25.

Two Massachusetts men, fleeing from Thomasville, North Carolina, arrived here this morning *viâ* Carlisle.

Last Sunday morning 500 South Carolinians passed Thomasville on their way North. All along their route North troops were getting in the cars, and they heard them talk freely, and said that their destination was a Southern camp, twenty-five miles south of Washington on Aquia Creek. The men left Baltimore *viâ* the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and could not get out any other way. They passed Harper's Ferry, and saw a number of troops there, they judge from 3,000 to 4,000, and batteries were erected on the Heights overlooking the town. The arms the troops had looked new and bright, and their tents clean. They had no means of ascertaining the accurate number at Welden, N. C., but saw one man pleading for his life with a mob, but are unable to state the result.

These men report that they had to volunteer or leave. They left, however, and quite suddenly.

They are both intelligent men, and bore interrogation well.

REPORTS FROM NEW-ORLEANS.

NEW-ORLEANS, Wednesday, April 24.

The Davis Guards of Louisville, Ky., arrived here this morning, and were enthusiastically welcomed.

Two companies of citizen-soldiery have volunteered to go to Virginia.

ERPORRS FROM LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Wednesday, April 24.

Gov. MAGOFFIN to-morrow will issue a proclamation calling the Legislature together on the 6th of May.

The Nashville (Tenn.) papers of yesterday contain a speech of Hon. JOHN BELL, advocating a strong military league between all the Southern States against the common invading foe.

REPORTS FROM VAN BUREN, ARK.

VAN BUREN, Ark., Thursday, April 24.

The Van Buren *Press*, the leading Union newspaper in Western Arkansas, to-day hoisted over its office the Confederate States flag.

The United States troops at Fort Smith evacuated the post last night and left for the Indian country. The State troops now occupy the fort.

NEGRO INCENDIARIES IN LOUISIANA.

A letter has been received within a day or two from the wife of Bishop POLK, of Louisiana. She, with her family of three daughters, was alone in their new house at Sewanee, Tennessee. On the night of the 12th of April their house was burned over *their heads by negroes*. At the same time the residence of Bishop ELLIOT was fired also. The ladies escaped with some few trifling injuries, but lost almost all their clothes. Books, jewelry, pictures, all were destroyed by the devouring flames. Their own family servants were faithful, the men aiding in extinguishing the fire, the women bringing their Sunday clothes to dress their mistresses. But although those immediately round them were loyal, they have no doubt of much dissatisfaction among the slaves.

The letter from which this was quoted, was written by Mrs. POLK to her sister, and is a touching description of their distress.

MORE EMIGRANTS.

Mr. W. F. DODGE, who has been living in Charleston, has left that place and just arrived here. He found that he would be compelled to serve in the Army of the State, and preferred to emigrate. He left behind all his books, stock of goods, &c., bringing nothing but the clothing he had upon him. At Welden, N. C., he met several others who were making their way to the North.

Two gentlemen arrived yesterday from the South, Mr. HORTON, of Washington, N. C., and Mr. H. F. BEARD, from Augusta, Ga. They report a very excited state of public feeling in their States. The people are arming everywhere, and even the ladies are practising with revolvers. A man had been hung in North Carolina and another thrown into prison for expressing Union sentiments.

IMPORTANT FROM ALBANY.

NEW-YORK MAKING VIGOROUS PREPARATIONS.

ALBANY, Thursday, April 25.

At a meeting of the State officers, under the three million bill, held yesterday, all being present, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That as soon as a sufficient number of companies of volunteers have their full complement, seventy men each, including officers, this Board will proceed to pass upon the acceptance of such companies, and that when a sufficient number of companies, fully organized, are accepted, this Board will proceed to divide them into regiments and designate the companies to compose each regiment, and that the companies accepted by the Governor since the last meeting of the Board, will, when filled, be distributed into regiments by resolution of the Board.

In consequence of the above resolution, the following circular has been issued to-day from Headquarters:

To INSPECTORS: Muster rolls are the only authority which the Department will have of the number and names of men in the service. They must be made out with perfect accuracy, all the names being written legibly, in alphabetical order and numbered, place of nativity, place where mustered, according to army regulations, and the muster-roll must contain a full complement of seventy-seven men or they will not be received. The certificate of the muster-roll must be placed at the bottom of the roll.

(Signed,) J. MEREDITH READ, JR.,
Adjutant-General.

PROCLAMATION BY EDWIN D. MORGAN, GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK.

Under the authority of an act entitled "An act to authorize the embodying and equipment of a volunteer militia, and to provide for the public defence," passed by the Legislature of this State on the 16th day of April inst., and in compliance with the formal determination of the officers named in the said act, I do hereby call for twenty-one Regiments of Volunteer Militia, of 780 men each, in addition to the number already called for by my proclamation, under date of the 18th day of April, instant, and I do hereby require that the volunteer militia force shall hereafter be organized and accepted in conformity with, Section 2 of the Constitution of this State, and with the rules and regulations embraced in General Orders, No. 17. issued this day.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto affixed the privy seal of the State, this 25th day of April, in the year of our Lord 1861. E. D. MORGAN.

By the Governor.
LOCKWOOD L. DOTY, Private Secretary.

Since last night eighteen new companies have been enrolled, making the total number of companies up to noon, one hundred and sixty-nine. Among those registered to-day are five from the City of New-York, under Capts. Charles G. Stone, H. W. Copcott, C. De La Vernay, D. Wells and Hiram Duryea.

The following resolution was adopted by the Board of State Officers to-day:

Resolved, That the provisions of General Orders No. 13, so far as it allows the acceptance of companies not full, be continued and allowed as applicable to the first seventeen regiments of said volunteers only, provided that the officers indicated for any company be not commissioned until the company is full, and in case the troops are required to march from the rendezvous for service before the companies are filled, the Board reserves the right to consolidate the respective companies, and in case of consolidation a new election of company officers shall be held under direction of the Governor, and officers so elected shall receive commissions.

THE SECOND REGIMENT ORDERED TO WASHINGTON.

ALBANY, Thursday, April 25.

An unfounded rumor obtained circulation, yesterday, that J. MEREDITH READ, Jr., had been superseded as Adjutant General by Major PATRICK. We are authorized from the Executive Department to deny the truth of the report.

Adjutant-General READ is busily discharging the duties of his office.

Since 1 P. M., ten companies have been enrolled at Head quarters.

The Second Regiment of New-York City, Col. G. W. B. TOMPKINS, have received notice to-day to hold themselves in readiness to proceed forthwith to Washington.

The Governor has received the resolutions from the Jews' Hospital of New-York, tendering the free use of a ward for the accommodation of wounded soldiers.

Four companies from Utica and two from Amsterdam reached here to-night. They are all fine looking companies.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Thursday, April 25.

A large and enthusiastic Union meeting was held here last evening. Eloquent and patriotic speeches were made by Hon. G. C. SHERMAN and other prominent citizens.

Two companies of volunteers are reported ready to march, and others are filling up. About $3,000 have been subscribed to the cause.

SAG HARBOR, Thursday, April 25.

A volunteer company was organized here last night, and $3,000 subscribed by our citizens for the benefit of the families of the volunteers.

A LETTER FROM GEORGE LAW.

GEORGE LAW INSISTS ON A ROUTE THROUGH BALTIMORE.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, April 25, 1861.

TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES—

Sir: The people of the Free States have now been for some time cut off from communication with the Capital of their country by a mob in the City of Baltimore. The troops of the General Government have been attacked and shot down by the mob, in their passage through that city in pursuance to the orders of the Government. The lines of communication have been destroyed, and the authority of the General Government has been set at defiance. This state of things has been permitted to continue for nearly a week, and our troops going to the Capital have been delayed and have had to find their way by irregular and circuitous routes very much to their inconvenience. Citizens of the Free States have either been prevented altogether from visiting the capital or from returning thence to their homes, or have been compelled to run the gauntlet, been subjected to all sorts of insult and danger, and have had to resort to the most circuitous routes by private conveyance and at exorbitant expense. All facilities by mail and telegraph have been cut off by the same unlawful assemblage in Baltimore and other parts of Maryland, at a time when free communication is so much required between the Free States and Washington.

The public mind is already excited to the highest point that this state of things has been so long tolerated; and the people are determined that free and uninterrupted communication with the seat of Government shall be immediately established, not by circuitous routes, but by the direct lines of communication that they have heretofore traveled over. And it *is demanded of Government that they at once take measures to open and establish those lines of communication, and that they protect and preserve them from any further interruption. Unless this is done, the people will be compelled to take it into their own hands, let the consequences be what they may, and let them fall where they will.* It is certainly most desirable that this be done through the regularly constituted authorities at Washington; and the Government is earnestly desired to act without delay.

There is entire unanimity of feeling on the part of the people of the Free States to sustain the Government and maintain the Union.

I trust, Mr. President, that this letter will not be received unkindly, as in writing it I simply do what I feel it to be my duty as a citizen to do in this extraordinary state of things. I have the honor to be, Sir, your most obedient servant, GEORGE LAW.

LATEST FROM FORT PICKENS.

REPORTS RECEIVED THROUGH BALTIMORE.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, April 25.

There is no confirmation of the reported attack on Fort Pickens, but the rumor continues to receive credence in some quarters.

The Portsmouth (Va.) *Transcript* of Tuesday, says: "Dispatches received last night give important and glorious news. Fort Pickens was taken by the South. The loss on our side is said to be heavy. One dispatch states the loss on the side of the South at 2,500 men, but the victory is ours."

Immediately after the above the *Sun* says that it is enabled to state "on the authority of a private dispatch, received in this city last night, that the report of the battle is incorrect."

The latest advices by mail from Pensacola are of the 17th.

LATE FROM NEW-ORLEANS—FORT PICKENS NOT ATTACKED.

We are indebted to a gentleman who has just arrived from New-Orleans, for papers of the 21st., the day of his departure. He reports that the fifteen million loan was taken a New Orleans to a very limited extent, and under a *pressure* which could not be resisted or overcome.

A Mr. NATHAN had left that city two or three weeks previously on his way to Belgium, as agent for contracting for the delivery within a specified time of 75,000 muskets or rifles.

Gen. SCOTT was reported to have resigned his position as Lieutenant-General, and also to have been taken prisioner by the Confederate forces.

Fort Pickens had not been attacked, and 5,000 only were threatening it.

AN OPPOSITE REPORT.

From the Cincinnati Gazette, April 17.

For several days past reports have been circulated in this city that a fight took place at Fort Pickens on Wednesday or Thursday of last week, and that the rebels were defeated with a heavy loss. We have now a confirmation of the main feature of the above statement. Mr. J. J. CLARK, drum-major at Newport, has received a letter from his son, who is drum-major at Fort Pickens, which says that on the 17th inst. Fort Pickens was unsuccessfully attacked by the Secession forces, who were driven back with a loss of thirty-three men. Not a person in the garrison was injured.

A WOMAN TO BE HONORED.

It will be remembered that Lieut. ABNER SMEAD, of the First Artillery, was sent, a few weeks since, by Lieut. SLEMMER, to Washington, to apprize the Government of the absolute necessity of supplies and reinforcements at Fort Pickens. Forgetful of all obligations of honor and duty, Lieut. SMEAD took Montgomery in his way Northward, and having submitted his dispatches to the perusal of the rebel authorities, proceeded to Washington, whither the news of his treason having anticipated him, he was not shot, as he deserved to be, but simply struck from the roll of the army. The wife and children of Lieut. SMEAD, with the families of several officers on duty in the South, were at Fortress Monroe. The Lieutenant hastened from Washington to obtain his family, and remove them southward, but his movements were not so rapid but that his crime had been reported before him. When, therefore, he presented himself at the fort, he was refused admission, the officer on duty declining "to admit a traitor" within a Federal post; the only favor conceded being that he might have an interview with Mrs. SMEAD without the walls. That interview the unhappy miscreant is not likely to forget. Attended by a few female friends, one of whom furnished the account which we give of the scene, the lady met her husband, and in terms of scorching eloquence, reproached him with his shame.

"Go home with you!" she exclaimed. "Never! Our paths in this world are hereafter separate. I disown you. A coward and traitor, you are no husband of mine. Henceforth you are to me as if dead. As long as I live I shall wear mourning, and be as a widow; and rest assured I shall educate our children to execrate and despise your memory as that of a recreant and traitor."

Turning with these words, the noble and patriotic woman reëntered the fort, and gave way to her very natural feelings. We may add that Mrs. SMEAD is, like her discarded husband, a native of Georgia, and that while the latter went Southward to obtain the reward of his treason, the former, with her children, has come North, passing through this City on Tuesday, and is now at Morristown, N. J.

It is an illustration of the temper of the mob now ruling at Baltimore, that it seized upon the baggage of the party of unprotected wives of officers with which Mrs. SMEAD and our informant traveled; and but for the interference of an officer of Fort McHenry would have detained their persons. A greater part of the luggage of the party, with many articles of value, was taken away violently, and, of course, will never be recovered.

Our informant states that the garrison of Fort Monroe numbers 1,200 men, having ample provisions for a year, and that men and officers have united in a solemn oath not to surrender the fort, and believe they can hold it against the largest force that can be brought against it. The fortress is surrounded by a plain, so that the approaches will be extremely difficult.

LATE FROM NORFOLK.

SOME OF THE VESSELS BUT PARTIALLY DESTROYED—TWO UNITED STATES OFFICERS HELD AS PRISONERS.

A gentleman who left Norfolk last Monday night, reports that the excitement in that city consequent upon the destruction of the Navy-yard and United States vessels had by no means subsided. The citizens of the town were armed, and expressed a willingness and anxiety to fight, but it did not appear that their warlike inclinations were likely to be speedily gratified.

All the United States vessels at the Yard were scuttled, as has already been stated, but the attempt to burn them was not entirely successful. The *Delaware, Columbus, Plymouth* and *United States* were but partially burned. Of these, however, the *Plymouth* alone, which carries 22 guns, can be of any use to the rebels. She was nearly ready for sea when the attempt was made to destroy her. Before she can enter active service, now the *Plymouth* will have to pass under the guns of Fort Monroe and run the risk of being sunk.

Our informant states further that the authorities of Norfolk hold as prisoners, Capt. JOHN ROGERS, of the Navy, and Capt. WHITE, of the Topographical Engineers, both of whom were accidentally left behind when the Yard was deserted by the United States forces.

IMPORTANT FROM ARKANSAS.

SEIZURE OF FORT SMITH.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Thursday, April 25.

Fort Smith is in possession of the State troops.

About 12 o'clock last night, a volunteer force under the command of Col. SOLON BORLAND, landed from the steamboats *Tahlequah* and *Frederic Notrebe*. The command numbered nearly 300 men.

About an hour before their arrival, Captain Sturgis left with his command, consisting of two cavalry companies. He took away the horses belonging to his command, and such supplies as he could transport. He is falling back on Fort Washita.

The post was formally surrendered by Captain A. Montgomery to General E. Burgevin, Adjutant General of the State, who place Colonel Borland in charge.

Capt. MONTGOMERY and Major GATLIN were taken prisoners, and afterwards released on parole. There were about 700 State troops here to-day. They were passed in review in the garrison parade-ground. The Confederate flag was raised on the fort at 12 o'clock, amid the firing of cannon and the cheers of the people. After the review, three cheers were given for the Arkansas citizen soldiery, three cheers for JEFF. DAVIS, and three cheers for Gov. H. M. RECTOR. The stock and property taken possession of is estimated to be of the value of $300,000.

INTERESTING FROM HARRISBURGH.

The Return of the Pennsylvania Troops from Cockeysville—Destruction of the Railroad Bridges by the Secessionists—Condition of Affairs in Baltimore, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

HARRISBURGH, Penn., }
Thursday Morning, April 25, 1861. }

The Pennsylvania troops who were dispatched hence to Cockeysville, Md., last Saturday morning, have come back and are now stationed at York. I had an interview last evening with Major KNIPE, a member of the staff, who accompanied the forces, and he furnished me particulars of the expedition. The object of sending these troops to Cockeysville was to afford protection to the workmen of the Northern Central Railroad in repairing the bridges between Cockeysville and Baltimore, which were destroyed on Friday night last, after the riot. The number sent was 2,360, the majority of whom were recruits, but partially equipped for service, and there were no regular troops among them, as has been stated.

This force arrived within a short distance of Cockeysville about 9 o'clock on Sunday morning and took position upon grounds belonging to Mr. COCKEYS, which formerly were owned by CHARLES CARROLL, of Carrolton, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, in honor of whose memory the camp was called "Camp Carroll." Information of the arrival of the "Pennsylvania Boys" was immediately conveyed to Baltimore by one of Mr. COCKEYS's sons, the only member of his family who sympathized with the Secessionists, and the news occasioned great excitement and indignation. The fact was also very surprising to the Baltimoreans, who were impressed with the idea that the mob had destroyed every railroad bridge within the territory of the State of Maryland.

Preparations were at once commenced for driving the Pennsylvanians away, and troops were gathered to the number of 5,000 to accomplish this object. A messenger was also dispatched by the State authorities to the Mayor of Baltimore, who was then at Washington in consultation with Mr. LINCOLN, resulting in an order from the President for the Pennsylvanians to retire. During the absence of their messenger, the Secessionists were not idle. Their forces concentrated in the neighborhood of Cockeysville, and among them were three batteries of flying artillery. The whole country in the vicinity was aroused, and it was decided to commence hostilities with an overwhelming force on Monday night. On Monday afternoon, however, Major BELCHER, U. S. A., reached Baltimore with the orders for the Pennsylvanians to retire. The Major's progress was arrested at that point by the Secessionist troops, and he would doubtless have suffered violence had not Marshal KANE learned of his peril and afforded him protection. The telegraph wires were then restored to operation by the city authorities, and a dispatch forwarded to Harrisburgh for trains in which to send back the troops; after which, the telegraph was again disconnected. Accompanied by Marshal KANE, Major BELCHER made his way to Cockeysville, reaching there about dusk, and the cars arrived at very nearly the same time.

A great delay occurred in placing the troops on the train, and it was one o'clock on Tuesday morning before the work of embarking them was accomplished. Meanwhile, the Secessionists, impatient at the delay and fearing a double game was going on, congregated within a stone's throw of the Pennsylvanians, and seemed eager to commence the fight, but Marshal KANE had influence sufficient to restrain them.

After the train left the Marylanders followed it, destroying all the bridges up to Hanover Junction, on the Pennsylvania State line, and the work was not accomplished until Tuesday night. The long bridge over Gunpowder Creek, which has been so often alluded to, was not destroyed until Tuesday. It is estimated by the President of the Northern Central Railroad that the cost of the burned bridges was between $30,000 and $40,000.

The troops reached York, Penn., about 9 o'clock on Tuesday morning, where they are now quartered. Yesterday they were joined, I understand, by five companies of regulars, comprising a portion of the force which recently returned from Texas.

During the time the Pennsylvanians were encamped at Cockeysville, several accidents occurred from the careless handling of firearms, and one of the recruits died.

Mr. KANE told Major KNIPE that a most sudden change had taken place in the sentiments of the people of Maryland since the riot of Friday, and that a Union man could not be found in the State. He avowed himself a strong Secessionist, and said that he had himself applied the torch to the railroad bridges.

A gentleman arrived here last night, who spent Tuesday in Baltimore, leaving there at seven o'clock in the evening, and traveling by carriage to York, Penn., a distance of 46 miles. He says there is no diminution of the excitement at Baltimore. Business is entirely suspended, and no notes issued by the Maryland Banks will pass current at all within the State, while the notes of almost all the Northern States are taken at a small discount. Provisions had greatly advanced in price and were scarce, in consequence of the large number of troops who were flocking to the city. The dépôt of the Northern Central Railroad had been converted into barracks for the accommodation of the recruits. Armed rowdies parade the streets, and almost every man wears a badge, with the flag of the Southern Confederacy upon it, and the motto "Southern-Rights—Don't Tread on Us." The only way in which my informant escaped from the city was by obtaining a quantity of these badges, and pretending to be engaged in distributing them, whenever the troops intercepted him.

Several pieces of heavy ordnance have been cast and large quantities of spears—the former are probably to be placed upon the heights commanding Fort McHenry, where no batteries have as yet been erected, although a rumor to that effect is current. There is no doubt that the fort was reinforced. It was accomplished while the Baltimoreans were occupied with the Pennsylvania troops.

Great preparations have been made to give the

[Continued on Eighth Page.]

TWO DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE ASIA.

The Southern Confederation in the British Parliament.

THE IMPENDING WAR IN EUROPE.

The Papal Army Routed by the United States Charge at Rome.

Illness of Garibaldi.

AFFAIRS IN WARSAW.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Royal Mail steamship *Asia*, Capt. LOTT, which sailed from Liverpool at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 13th, and from Queenstown on the evening of the 14th inst., arrived here yesterday morning.

The *Bohemian* reached Londonderry on the morning of the 12th.

THE SECESSION QUESTION IN THE BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS.

GUARANTEES UPON THE SLAVE-TRADE REQUIRED

In the House of Commons, on the 11th inst., Mr. W. FORSTER gave notice that when Mr. GREGORY's motion in favor of the recognition of the new American Confederation came up he should move the following: "That this House does not desire to express any opinion upon the subject, and the Government will not recognize such Confederation without taking security for the suppression of the Slave-trade.

Mr. LINDSAY moved resolutions against any further expenditure on wooden ships of war, and against any expenditure for adapting the national dockyards for the construction of iron vessels. The merits of the question were debated at length and finally Mr. LINDSAY withdrew his resolutions.

In the House of Commons on the following evening, Lord JOHN RUSSELL said, in reply to Mr. GREGORY, that Government had received a copy of the new American Tariff, and would lay it on the table.

BATTLE IN THE STREETS OF ROME.

THE AMERICAN MINISTER VICTORIOUS.

The correspondent of the London *Times* at Rome, in detailing the scenes at the various Easter festivities, relates the following incident which occurred at the grand annual display of fireworks on the evening of the 2d inst.:

"The only extraordinary incident of the evening was one in which the United States Minister, Mr. STOCKTON, played the most important part. Without the least fault on his part, that gentleman came into collision with the Papal dragoons, who got by no means the best of it. Mr. STOCKTON, it appears, drove down the Corso from his residence in that street to the Piazza del Popolo, where a stand had been erected for the accommodation of the Neapolitan Royal family, the Diplomatic Corps and other persons of distinction. On reaching the entrance to the Piazza he was informed he could not pass that way. He presented the ticket with which Foreign Ministers are furnished to secure them free passages on all occasions, but it did not produce the desired effect, and he was requested to go round by the Babuino-street. This he did, but with no better result; again his coachman was checked, and told he could not pass that way. I am not sure whether he did not try the only remaining avenue to the Piazza, the Via Repetta; but at last his patience was not unnaturally exhausted, and he insisted on his right to pass, and ordered his servants to drive on. Thereupon there was much excitement among the Papal Gendarmes and troops on duty, and three Pontifical dragoons pranced about his carriage, as it has been described, charged down upon it, brandishing naked swords, and displaying, as the Portuguese say, ferocious faces to the enemy. The misguided cavalry of the Fiara and Keys were unprepared for the extent of Yankee resources. The undaunted representative of the model Republic drew from his pocket a repeater (a pistol, not a watch,) and leveling it at the dragoons, pledged himself to give them its contents if they further opposed him. The sight of the six-shooter was too much for the nerves of the Pope's cavalry, who rode rapidly from the spot, leaving the Stars and Stripes triumphant along the whole line. I am happy to say that the victorious force did not abuse its success, or even pursue the routed foe, but contented itself with repairing to its allotted place, and tranquilly contemplating the blazing sanctuary on the Pincio. But upon the following day Mr. STOCKTON called upon Mons. MERODE, and insisted on his at once issuing an order to prevent the possibility of the recurrence of such misbehavior on the part of Papal soldiers to a foreign Minister. The Minister of Arms, who loves not concession, was disposed to demur, but he was told most positively that either he should give the order, or the American Minister would apply for his passport. Thus urged and threatened, DE MERODE ate the leek, the order was drawn up, a copy of it was supplied to Mr. STOCKTON, and so the matter ended. Owing to the change of the United States President, Mr. STOCKTON will, doubtless, in the ordinary course of things, shortly leave Rome, and it is rumored that the Papal Government is likely to put difficulties in the way of his being replaced. American Ministers are found to be too independent in their ways to suit the taste of the Pontifical Cabinet, and there is no real occasion for a United States representative here. There is a certain Marquis LORENZA, naturalized here, who represents several of the small South American States, and it is thought that he might also very well represent the Great Republic of the North. This opinion is not likely (unlikely?) to be shared on the other side of the Atlantic, and it would not be surprising if the United States establishment here were to dwindle down to a Consul.

GREAT BRITAN.

Lord JOHN RUSSELL, on the 12th, explained the state of affairs between Denmark and Scleswig Holstein, and stated that the Governments of France, Sweden, Russia and England, were agreed upon the question, and as they desired a peaceable solution, he had strong hopes their efforts would be successful.

Sir JOHN TRELAWNEY drew attention, on the 12th, to the state of affairs in New-Zealand and denounced the conduct of the Governor of that colony, as having, by acts of injustice, led to the prevailing trouble.

Ministers defended the Governor, and fully justified his course, but the debate was adjourned without result.

A new writ was ordered for MARYLEBONE, in the room of Mr. EDWIN JAMES, who has "accepted the Chiltern Hundreds"—*i. e.*, resigned.

In the House of Lords on the 12th, Lord WODEHOUSE made some explanations relative to the trials of the Druses in Syria, and said the papers on the subject would be published on the following day.

Lord PALMERSTON was recovering from his recent attack of gout but was still unable to give much attention to official duties.

The London *Post* denies the rumors propagated by a French journal, relative to an English expedition to Syria.

Another iron-cased frigate, *The Resistance*, had been launched in the Thames, and another ship of the same class was to be immediately commenced in the same yard.

Lord ELGIN arrived at Dover on the 11th inst., and met with a cordial reception. In a speech which he delivered, he said that his effort had been to lay the foundations of permanent peace and good understanding with the Empire of China.

The great majority of hands in the London Building Trade had accepted the terms which the masters had offered, and the strike was considered at an end.

FRANCE.

Lord CLYDE had arrived in Paris, and it was reported his mission was an official one.

The monthly returns of the Bank of France show a decrease in the cash on hand of over £18,000,000. The changes in the other departments are slight.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* writes as follows: "The most sanguine begin to think that war is not only probable, but inevitable. The news from Warsaw makes still gloomier our speculations as to the future. The irritation of Austria, the provocation of Piedmont, the unsettled state of the Syrian affairs, the difference between the French and English Governments on the Eastern question, the machinations of the revolutionary party, the vast preparations on foot everywhere, all justify the darkest forebodings."

The Prefects had addressed a series of reports to Count PERSIGNY, strongly remonstrating against the dissolution of the Legislative body.

Paris letters state that the Directors of the Lyons Railway had been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to transport from 50,000 to 60,000 men to the frontier, and they were engaged in the means for carrying out this operation.

Spain had ordered two large iron-cased ships in France.

The Emperor on the 11th reviewed the second division of the first *corps d'armée*; 8,000 men were on the ground.

Lord ELGIN, while in Paris, had an interview with the Emperor.

The London *Herald's* Paris correspondent says Prince NAPOLEON's contemplated visit to Syria is for the purpose of laying the basis of a permanent French occupation. He also says that sharp notes were almost daily exchanged between the Cabinets of Paris and London on the Syrian question.

The Paris Bourse on the 12th was heavy and lower. Rents closed at 67.55.

ITALY.

GARIBALDI continued unwell, and bulletins of his health were issued daily by his physicians. Letters from Turin say that he was confined to his bed by rheumatism, but at latest dates his health had improved.

The health of the Pope was also said to be very bad, and the Cardinals were speculating upon his death as an event not likely to be long delayed.

Gen. BIXIO, one of GARIBALDI's leading officers was in Paris, and GARIBALDI had recommended him to stay there for some time.

An order had been issued at Naples recalling all soldiers of the Ex-Neapolitan army who were absent from their communes, or who attempt to disturb public order.

Arrests continued to take place at Naples, but tranquility prevailed.

The garrison at Naples had been reinforced by ten thousand men.

Five hundred Italian volunteers are said to have disembarked and taken refuge in the mountains of Dalmatia.

The authorities of Sinigaglia had brought the Bishops before the tribunals for having instructed the Confessors to undermine the authority of King VICTOR EMANUEL.

Numerous Austrian emissaries are said to have crossed the frontier of Italy on the side of Lombardy.

AUSTRIA.

The Bohemian Diet had sent a deputation to the Emperor to request him to go to Prague and be crowned King of Bohemia.

Gen. KLAPKA was represented as opposed to any rising in Hungary at present.

In the Venetian Communes, the first elections to the General Council of the Empire had commenced.

POLAND.

It is announced that Prince GORTSCHAKOFF had been recalled from Warsaw, and that Gen. MOURAVIEFF had been appointed Governor of Poland in his place. Prince GORTSCHAKOFF in a proclamation, had stated that unless the populace maintained tranquility he would be compelled to proclaim a state of siege.

On the night of the 8th Russian troops were encamped in the squares of Warsaw. The public buildings were also occupied by military. All shops, workshops and offices were closed. Crowds of people assembled in the streets, but were forbidden to stand still. National costume and mourning were no longer to be seen. No newspapers were being published.

Among the persons killed and wounded in the recent disturbances were several women and children, and it is asserted that the killed amounted to at least thirty, while several hundreds were wounded. The bodies of the victims were buried within the fortifications.

The Municipality of Warsaw was dissolved. GORTSCHAKOFF, in one of his proclamations, charges the people with having thrown stones at the troops and thereby caused the death of two soldiers and wounding ten others.

PORTUGAL.

It is stated that the Portuguese Government had authorized the cultivation of cotton in their African possessions.

DENMARK.

The final settlement of the Holstein Estates took place on the 11th inst. The President in his speech showed that the character of the Danish proposals was such as not to be acceptable to the Estates. The Royal Commissioner refused to recognize the objections offered by the Estates against the provisorium, and expressed his regret at the result of the discussion.

TURKEY.

The conflict in the Herzegovnia still continued. Several places had proclaimed the Prince of Montenegro. Agitation was increasing on the Servian frontiers.

INDIA, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The mails, already anticipated by telegraph, had reached England, and the American portion is received per *Asia*. There is no news of moment additional to that received by telegraph.

The expedition up the Yang tse was accompanied by eight British war vessels, and by a deputation from the Shanghai Chamber of Commerce.

Trade at Melbourne continued exceedingly dull. The gold yield was well maintained. An important new gold field had been discovered.

THE LATEST BY TELEGRAPH TO QUEENSTOWN.

TURIN, Saturday, April 13, 1861.

In to-day's sitting of the Chamber of Deputies the President read a letter from GARIBALDI, in which the latter declares that in his reply to the Deputation from the Workmen's Association of Milan he had no intention of offending the King or Parliament. Also, that his devotion to the King was too well known, and that consequently his conscience would not allow him to descend to justify himself against the charge of offending His Majesty. In the same letter he said, also, that his acts in favor of the country were too notorious to allow it to be supposed that he wished to insult it. He added that the manner in which the Southern Army had been treated had filled his soul with disdain, and concluded by proposing a project of law for a vast national armament. No sign of either approbation or disapprobation marked the reading of this letter.

SUNDAY, April, 14, 1861.

The *Official Gazette* of Turin publishes a decree, ordering the formation of a Volunteer Corps, to comprise three divisions, in which the Garibaldian officers will hold rank.

DECENTRALIZATION IN FRANCE.

PARIS, Sunday, April 14.

The *Moniteur* of to-day publishes a report from M. DE PERSIGNY, Minister of the Interior, to the Emperor, which is followed by an Imperial decree, ordering an Administrative decentralisation. Henceforth the prefects and sub-prefects are to decide on certain Departal and Communal affairs, and on various other subjects which, until now, were decided by the different Ministers

LIVERPOOL, Sunday, April 14.

The *Europa*, from New-York on 30th ult., arrived here this morning.

The American Question in France.

Correspondence of the London Star.

PARIS, Tuesday, April 9, 1861.

On account of the immense number of Americans inhabiting this city, the question of the secession which has taken place in the United States is, perhaps, more the subject of conversation and better understood than in any other part of Europe. In general, those from the Southern States are more carried away by passion and prejudice than their Northern neighbors. Indeed, the latter do not exhibit any desire to preserve an unnatural union of States governed by diametrically opposite principles. They always say the South has a right to a divorce, but that she should not take the law into her own hands in effecting it. They look upon the secession of the Slave States as a good riddance, and as relieving them from the imputation of monstrous inconsistency with which they were charged by all those who did not understand the nature of the Federal Constitution, which cannot be said to bear any analogy with those of Europe. There has been, however, great consternation felt by nearly all those from the United States residing here, whether from the South or from the North, with regard to the present state of affairs there, in consequence of which an immense number of them have precipitately left for America. The impression is, however, gaining ground that war would be next to impossible; that a general convention is useless, and that a recognition of secession, as a *fait accompli*, while at the same time protesting against its legality, and refusing it as a precedent, is the course Mr. LINCOLN should and will adopt.

It is also well to tell in what point of view the French regard the secession movement. When, say they, a revolution is accomplished in seven sovereign States, containing a population of from four to five million inhabitants, it is impossible that the expression of their will should not cause some hesitation to a Government which has itself issued from a revolution. In being even forced to recognize their claims of succession, Mr. LINCOLN renders homage to the dogma of popular sovereignty. In treating with the Southern States, the Cabinet of Washington will not alienate itself from those of the centre; and it may greatly do away with the evils of separation by a commercial treaty. Separated materially, the States would not, by adopting this line of action, undergo a moral separation. If all the inhabitants of the ancient Union can no longer be fellow-citizens, they will not cease to be brothers, nor to have the same blood, the same language, and many common associations. The trial of mutual independence is perhaps the best method of making them a more united family, by taking away the possibility of domestic jars, which often cause relations to become the most bitter enemies.

Commercial Intelligence.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

The funds on the 12th opened steadily, but were subsequently depressed to the extent of ⅛@¼ ℔ cent. by disquieting—but unconfirmed rumors from Paris. The chief allegations were that 60,000 French troops had been suddenly ordered to Marseilles, and that the French Government had notified, or was about to notify its intention to protract indefinitely the occupation of Syria. Consols finally closed dull at 91⅞@¾ for money and 91⅞@¾ for account. There was increased ease in the discount market under the reduction of the Bank minimum from 6 to 5 ℔ cent. and good bills were done at 4½@4¾ ℔ cent. The demand at the Bank was moderate.

The weekly Bank returns show an increase in the bullion of £128,302.

BARING BROS. & Co., quote bar silver at 5s. 1d., dollars, 4s. 11¾d., eagles. 76s. 6d.

At a meeting of the shareholders of the Great Western, of Canada, Railroad, a resolution adopting the Directors' report, declaring a dividend at the rate of 3 ℔ cent. per annum, was, after some opposition, carried.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, April 13—A. M.

COTTON—The Brokers' Circular says: "The market opened with a good demand from the trade and speculators, and an advance of ⅛d.@¼d. ℔ ℔. was obtained on most descriptions of American. Since Tuesday the business has been on a more moderate scale, and prices barely support the full advance." The week's business has been 95,030 bales, including 18,850 taken for speculation, and 13,460 for export. There was a fair demand yesterday, (Friday,) the sales being computed at 10,000 bales, including 2 000 to speculators and exporters. The market closed steadily, at the following authorized quotations:

Fair New-Orleans	8d.	Middling Orleans	7¼d.
Fair Mobile	7⅞d.	Middling Mobile	7 5-16d
Fair Upland	7⅞d.	Middling Upland	7¼d.

The stock on hand is estimated at 884,860 bales, including 735,950 American.

TRADE AT MANCHESTER.

There was rather more inquiry yesterday, both for Yarns and Goods, and the tone of the market was stronger than on Tuesday last.

BREADSTUFFS—Messrs. WAKEFIELD, NASH & Co. report Flour in moderate request, at about last week's rates. Prices range from 28s.@30s. 6d Wheat very slow, and to effect sales 1s. 2d. ℔ cental decline would have to be submitted to. Red, 11s. 3d.@12s. 6d.; White, 12s. 6d.@14s. 9d. Corn in fair request for mixed and yellow, but 6d.@1s. cheaper for white; yellow 37s.@37s. 3d.; white, 37s. 6d @38s. ℔ quarter. RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. call Flour 6d. ℔ bbl. lower.

PROVISIONS—Beef, a large business has been done—over 3 000 tierces—but no improvement in prices. Pork, 82s. 6d. for new. Bacon very dull, and difficult to sell without making a slight concession. Lard in good demand, at 52s.@56s 6d. as in quality. Tallow quiet; Butcher's, 55s., closing flat. Butter and Cheese in fair demand for good, but inferior of both unsalable except at low prices.

PRODUCE—The *Brokers' Circular* reports: Sugars in fair demand and tending upward. Coffee firm. Rice quiet but unchanged; Carolina 22s. 3d.@23s. 6d. Ashes in moderate demand; Pots 31s.@31s. 6d.; Pearls 32s. @33s. Sales of Baltimore Bark at 6s. 6d. for sound. Clover-seed—Sales of 150 tens American red at 37s. @47s. for old and new. Fish Oils quiet but steady. Linseed Oil quiet at 28s. 6d. Resin dull and lower; sales at 4s. 8d. down to 4s. 6d. for common; medium, 5s. 9d.@6s. 9d; fine, 13s. Spirits of Turpentine unchanged; sales 600 bbls. at 30s.

LONDON MARKETS.

Messrs. BARING BROS & Co report: Wheat dull, and English Wheat 6d @1s. lower; white American, 62s @68s.; Red 58s.@62. Flour. 30s.@33s. Iron very dull, at £5@£5 2s. 6d. for bars and rails; Scotch Pigs, 47s 9d. Sugar firm at full prices. Coffee rather dearer. Rice very dull. Tallow quiet, Y. C. 57s 6d. Tea unchanged. Common Congou 1s.@1s. 1d. Spirits of Turpentine dull. with sales at 31s. Sperm Oil—Holders demand £107. Cod £37@£37 10s. Linseed Oil steady at 28s.@28s. 3d. Linseed Cakes in fair demand; best American in bags £9 15s. ex ship.

HAVRE MARKET.

For the week ending 10th April, inclusive.

COTTON firm and 50c. higher; sales of the week, 9,500 bales; stock, 269,000 New Orleans, *Tres ordinaire*, 104; *Bas*, 99f. BREADSTUFFS continued dull. ASHES inactive. COFFEE quiet but firm. OILS unchanged. RICE dull. SUGARS tending upward. TALLOW and LARD quiet but well supported.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.

BARING BROTHERS & Co, say: "State Stocks are firmly held. Railroad bonds of the best description 1@2 per cent. higher."

LATEST COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

LIVERPOOL, Sunday, April 14.

The sales of COTTON yesterday footed up 7,000 bales, of which 2,000 were taken by speculators and for export.

Messrs. HEWITT & Co. report: The market closed quiet and firm at previous quotations.

BREADSTUFFS closed dull at previous quotations.

PROVISIONS continued steady in prices, with more business doing.

The *Asia*, which sailed yesterday noon for New-York, took £7,000 in specie.

LONDON, Saturday Afternoon.

Consols closed to-day at 91⅞@91¾ for Money, and 91¾@91⅞ for account.

Illinois Central Railroad shares sold to-day at 25¼ @24¼ discount; Erie do. at 28¾@29¼.

INTERESTING FROM JAPAN.

Interesting Letter from the British Minister to the Government of Japan about the Assassination of Mr. Heusken.

We have received from our correspondent in Japan, the following interesting letter from the British Minister to the Japanese Government:

RUTHERFORD ALCOCK, ESQ., HER B. M. ENVOY EXTRAORDINARY, ETC., ETC., TO HIS EXCELLENCY, THE MINISTER FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

H. B. M. LEGATION,
YEDO, Friday, Jan. 25, 1861.

A long series of assassinations, both here and in Yokohama, in which foreigners have been the victims, preclude the possibility of the late renewed menaces of a general massacre, being regarded as a mere demonstration of ill-will. The recent murder of Mr. HEUSKEN, and the shameful conduct of the Yakunins, expressly appointed by the Japanese Government to accompany him for his defence, prove alike the reality of danger and the utter inadequacy of the means of protection.

When to these circumstances must be added the grave fact that of all the murderous cases of assassination and murderous assaults committed on foreigners during the last eighteen months, the offenders, in no one instance, having been seized or punished, it is sufficient to demonstrate that no value can be placed on the means hitherto taken by the Government to secure either the prevention of similar crimes in future, or the punishment of the guilty.

The past is over, and nothing the Japanese Government can do will bring back the dead to life, or repair the wrong done. But it is otherwise in regard to the future, and this assured immunity of crime is fatal to our own security. It is equivalent to a royal license to kill and slay, under which all who are capable for murder (and, according to the Japanese authorities, the number is large in this country) may attack and kill foreigners wherever they may find them, without fear or hesitation, so perfectly are they assured of escape without damage from the law.

This is in effect to *outlaw* every foreigner in the empire, and to place the representatives of sovereign States, no less than the rest, at the mercy of whomsoever may find pleasure or advantage in killing them. Under such a *régime* life is only held at the will and pleasure of every ruffian in the empire.

This may well seem too monstrous and too opprobrious to be possible in the least civilized States. Yet I have only stated in plain terms the exact truth—susceptible of proof which admits of no question—facts of monthly and weekly occurrence in the actual state of affairs. I need not ask the Japanese Government if this is a position which they think fitting for the Diplomatic agents of the Great Western Powers in treaty with Japan. I will not do them the injustice to assume for a moment that they can consider it possible for the Representatives to *accept* such a position.

I feel sure, on the contrary, that not only Your Excellency but the Government of the Tycoon, and I would fain hope the great body of the Daimios and governing classes in this country, regard such acts of murder and efforts to place the Ministers of Foreign Powers under a *régime* of intimidation with shame and indignation.

But granting this, as I willingly do, whence, then, comes this perfect impunity to criminals guilty of these acts—this continued perseverence in the same odious and disgraceful policy? It is for the Government to answer, for they are responsible by the law of nations. In the eyes of all the world they are responsible for the maintenance of order and that respect for the laws which protects life and property. If they fail in this, they cease to preserve the essential characters of a Government, and lose their best title to the respect of Foreign Powers—who can only treat with those who *govern de facto*, and not merely in name. This is indeed the very condition of their permanence as a Government, and they cannot forget it without peril.

The Government of Japan is menaced, therefore, in its own existence in such a state of misrule; and in their own interests I must urge the actual situation upon their most serious attention.

It is or should be unnecessary for me to recapitulate the leading facts which, during this eighteen months past, (ever since, indeed, the ports were opened by treaty,) have in continued sequence tended to the same end—namely, to render the position of a foreign representative intolerable and untenable, by continual menaces, restrictions to his free intercourse, and encroachments on his independence, by insult unrepressed and unpunished, and finally by insecurity of life and a like series of events, has marked our relations at the port—exposing the foreign residents to similar grievances, with a systematic disregard of all the rights and privileges guaranteed to them by treaty; official interference with the free sale and purchase of produce; obstructions, restrictions, exactions; in a word, all the machinery that authorities and subordinate officials, with absolute powers of control over Japanese subjects, could desire for their own profit and the injury of foreigners.

The assassination of Mr. HEUSKEN following close upon menaces of a general massacre, communicated to the Foreign Ministers by order of your Excellencies, followed up again by an intimation from the same quarter on the morning of the funeral, when the representatives of the Five Powers were all assembled to render the last honors to the murdered—that they themselves were in danger of being attacked on the way to the cemetery if they ventured to proceed, were more than sufficient to remove the last trace of doubt or hesitation in my mind, and I think in the minds of most of my colleagues, as to the necessity of instant and decided action on their part. But lest this should not have been enough, it would seem as if it had been determined to furnish even more conclusive evidence how little the Government could be relied upon for our defence and protection by leaving the whole line of road, more than a mile in length, to the cemetery, open to attack. There were no guards on the ground, or extraordinary means of precaution and protection.

I do not say to resist the attack it had sent, warning was to be feared, but to prevent the possibility of the most desperate men daring to attempt it. Here were the lives of all the foreign Ministers in Yedo, together with the whole of their representative legations, and the Consuls from Kanagawan, declared by the Government to be in imminent danger. They were all at one spot assembled, and yet it was not deemed worth while, apparently, to adopt a single measure for their defence and protection. This, indeed, was conclusive. That the Government should allow a member of one of the Foreign Legations to be murdered, while the whole Corps Diplomatic was under a menace of a similar fate, and yet consider it unnecessary, even a courtesy, to make any communications to Her Majesty's Minister at this Court, where our safety and that of the members of his legation were in question, could no longer be a subject of surprise. The two cases were perfectly consistent with each other.

Moved by these considerations, and perfectly convinced by all the experience of the past, of the hopelessness of any further effort by mere remonstrance on the spot to effect the changes which it was too plain could not be deferred without risk of the greatest complications, and it might be national calamity, if unfortunately further lives should be lost, I took immediate steps after the funeral to communicate with my colleagues and announce my resolution to avert, if possible, the danger which I foresaw in the continued supineness of the Government

I determined, with this view, to withdraw temporarily from the Legation at Yedo, and I now write to acquaint you that I have carried this resolution into effect. I shall take up my residence for the present at Kanagawa or Yokohama, where I can not only command means of protection, if required, from Her Majesty's ships, but also take such steps as may be necessary for the security of my countrymen

There I shall wait with calmness the result of further communication with the Government of the Tycoon,—free for the first time for eighteen months, if not from the menace of assassination, at least from any anxiety as to such threats being immediately carried into execution, to the peril and danger of Japan.

I trust your Excellencies and the Council of State, to whom I pray you to communicate this dispatch, will see in this decisive step an earnest desire to avoid to the utmost, and as long as possible, a cause of rupture or more serious complication, but also a firm resolution to insist upon such total change in the policy hitherto pursued towards the British subjects, in common with all other foreigners, as shall give that security to life and property, and full enjoyment of treaty rights, which they are entitled to demand. My long-continued personal relations with one of your Excellencies, and their uniformly friendly character, led me to hope that, sharing in the regret I feel for the untoward impediments to a good understanding, you will see the necessity for similar decided action with your colleagues in the Government, that this standing reproach may be removed. The faction of violent and unscrupulous advocates for a system of terrorism and assassination, who I must suppose to be the real authors of such troubles, must be controlled, whatever may be the rank or number of those concerned, or nothing but grievous consequences, from which Japan will be the first and greatest sufferer, can follow, in spite of the sacrifices and efforts I am now making to prevent such a catastrophe. The Government, in a word, must show that it has both the will and ability to enforce respect on all the disaffected or violent spirits who would seek for their own ends to disturb the good relations hitherto existing between the Treaty Powers and Japan, and which, on the part of Great Britain, the Government of Her Majesty is most anxious to maintain for the mutual advantage of both countries. They must no longer be permitted to take life with open impunity, and follow up a system of intimidation, in the vain hope of driving foreigners out of the country by intimidation and terrorism. Europe united would resist the attempt, render its success impossible, and punish the authors of such an outrage on law and the rights of nations. Could they even temporarily effect their object and murder every foreigner, Japan would be the most grievous sufferer. Were such a flagitious policy ever to be carried out, the whole country would fall under the ban of civilized nations, and be dealt with as a common enemy. I trust, for the interest of humanity, such deplorable contingencies may be rendered impossible, and that both the Government and people of Japan will be convinced that their best policy is to faithfully fulfill their engagements and to maintain friendly relations with a Power which has at its disposal ample means for obtaining in case of need full satisfaction for injuries done to its subjects.

I have only in conclusion to urge upon the Government the importance of putting a speedy end to the present exceptional state of affairs. I am anxious for a peaceable and satisfactory termination, and am ready to return to the Legation and assume my duties in Yedo whenever I can see such material guaranty for redress in respect to past grievances, and security for the future as may warrant this step. I have in the meantime left all my property undisturbed in charge of officers in my house, and for the safety of which the Government will of course be responsible. Whether my return be prompt or tardy, therefore, depends entirely upon the Japanese Government. It is certain sooner or later that the Representative of Great Britain will return to Yedo, the place of residence assigned by treaty, but if speedily there will be less time for new complications to arrise—and affairs may be more easily arranged with mutual benefit (and on a better footing than hitherto to my regret has been found possible) if no time be lost.

With respect and consideration,
RUTHERFORD ALCOCK,
Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary in Japan.

AFFAIRS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

The Pennsylvania Volunteers—Camp Curtin—Soldiers from the West.

From Our Own Correspondent.

HARRISBURGH, Penn., Wednesday, April 24, 1861.

The accustomed quiet of this dusty little capital of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has been disturbed very much during the past few days, and its population of 16,000 souls have tasted a novel and agreeable draught of excitement in consequence of its having been made the rendezvous of the State's quota of volunteers called for by the President. The recruits commenced arriving here on the 18th inst., and an encampment was made for them on the State Fair Grounds, an inclosure of considerable extent, situated about one mile from the Capitol, and christened Camp Curtin, in honor of the Governor of the State. Every day brings large accessions to the number of the troops, and they press to the rendezvous with such alacrity, that the State authorities are somewhat embarrassed in their efforts to provide them with accommodation, and the commissariat with necessary supplies.

The aggregate number which have thus far reported at headquarters is about 7 000, the majority of whom are sturdy youths from the Lebanon and Cumberland Vallies, who know almost as well how to use the weapons of war, as they do the implements of agriculture in the cultivation of their fruitful vales.

Gov. CURTIN and the officers of the State Department are exerting the utmost diligence to provide the arms and accoutrements for these patriotic lads, and eight regiments had last night been fully organized and equipped. A portion of this force, in connection with a few hundred regulars, went down the latter part of last week to Cockeysville, a small town in Maryland, fifteen miles from Baltimore, where they acted as a guard to the carpenters who have succeeded in rebuilding the bridges of the Northern Central Railroad, within the limits of Pennsylvania, which had been destroyed by the Secessionists of Maryland. The remainder of the troops have been forwarded by the Pennsylvania Railroad to Philadelphia, whence they proceed by rail to Havre de Grace, and thence by boat to Annapolis, which is garrisoned by a Massachusetts regiment.

Camp Curtin, yesterday, presented a scene of great bustle and activity. The Harrisburghians appeared to have turned out *en masse* to witness the manœuvres of the military. As soon as the troops arrive they are furnished with quarters, after which they report to Capt. SIMMONS, U. S. A., who administers the oath and musters them into service. Next they report to the Adjutant-General, who furnishes them with arms, and then they make a part and parcel of the camp.

The raw recruits are portioned off into squads and first instructed in the marching evolutions, after which they are drilled with muskets, and in a few days they are drafted for active service.

The Government, yesterday, received an invoice of 300 barrels of beef, 150 barrels of bacon, 10 tons of beans, and an immense quantity of ship-bread, all of which was transferred to the custody of the Quartermaster-General of the State for the use of the volunteers. Carloads of blankets and uniforms were also received.

VOLUNTEERS FROM OHIO.

On Sunday two full Regiments from Ohio reached here, helping to swell the host to such an extent that three of the city churches—one Lutheran and two Dutch Reformed—were appropriated to accommodate them. The Buckeye Boys retained these improvised quarters two days, and then were sent forward to Lancaster, where they are at present encamped.

AN UNFOUNDED RUMOR.

On Tuesday a report was circulated which occasioned for a time a profound alarm. It was stated that the Reservoir whence the city is supplied with water, had been poisoned by Southern spies, whom the municipal authorities have reason to suppose are in the city. Happily there proved to be no foundation for the panic, but it has been deemed prudent to place a permanent guard around the basin, and no person is permitted to approach it. Upon the call of the Mayor in the evening a meeting was held at the Court-house, and a Vigilance Committee was organized by the citizens, whose duty it will be to assist in the maintenance of the laws and in preserving the peace.

EXCITING NEWS FROM CHAMBERSBURGH.

The people of Chambersburgh, Penn., a town near the Virginia line, it is rumored, are in fear of a raid of Virginians from the neighborhood of Harper's Ferry, in retaliation for the splendid *ruse de guerre* of Lieut. JONES, who burned the Arsenal, and thus defeated the cherished designs of the Secessionists in that State. Batteries have been erected, and the citizens are organized to protect their homes. Scouts are stationed to give warning of the approach of the incursionists. Thirteen cars left Harrisburgh last evening, filled with troops, destined, it is said, for the point which is threatened.

THE TELEGRAPH IN THE HANDS OF THE STATE.

All the telegraph lines from this city, and in fact from all points in proximity to the border, are under the control of the Pennsylvania State authorities, and are used almost exclusively for the transmission of the State and Government dispatches. The operators are not permitted to send messages in any way relating to military movements, except they have been first supervised and sanctioned by Gov. CURTIN, and consequently I am unable to forward anything. Indeed, it is very difficult to obtain information with reference to affairs at Washington or Baltimore which may be relied upon. I had two interviews yesterday with Secretary of State SLIFER, and he stated that by the express request of the Federal authorities every military movement made at this point was to be kept secret. I learned from him, however, what probably by this time you already know, that communication with the Federal Capital is uninterrupted by way of Annapolis, and that it is likely to remain in that condition. The Seventh Regiment, of New-York, is stationed at the Relay House, about fifteen miles south of Baltimore, the junction of the Baltimore and Ohio and Washington Branch Railroad.

SUSPECTING THE WRONG MAN.

Ex-Mayor WEAVER, of Pittsburgh, who is here visiting, received a dispatch from that city on Monday night, asking him to stop and examine Lieut. F. A. PARKER, U. S. A., from Fortress Monroe, who would pass through Harrisburgh yesterday morning, escorting six ladies. The Lieutenant was accused of uttering secession sentiments. The Mayor was notified of the fact, and when the train arrived at 7 o'clock the Lieutenant was taken into custody. Upon a hearing, however, the officer established his innocence, and avowed himself a zealous supporter of the Union. It appeared that he had been confounded with his brother, who held a commission in the Army, which he resigned in order to accept a similar position in the forces of the Secessionists.

H. J. W.

ACCIDENT.—Yesterday morning while the steamer *Kill von Kull* was entering her slip, Pier No. 2, North River, a number of persons gathered on the bridge, causing the bridge to break down, throwing several of them in the water. A man named JOHN BAKER, employed on the dock, is missing—supposed to be drowned.

LAW REPORTS.

Calendar....This Day.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Nos. 3285, 3517, 3757, 3839, 6059 *Part II.*—Nos. 3014, 3260, 3310, 3466, 3484, 3736, 3338, 3806, 3852, 3868, 3870, 2162, 2186, 2400, 2410, 3036, 3114, 3266.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Part I.*—Nos. 1163, 889, 1579, 1053, 1177 1595, 1543, 1717, 1719, 427, 749, 1183. *Part II.*—Nos. 298, 1636, 1340, 1342, 1344, 1348, 1350, 1354, 1358, 1362.

THE LAW OF TREASON AND PIRACY.

Charge of Judge Betts to the Grand Jury—Names of the Grand Jurors.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—April 24.

Before Hon. Samuel R. Betts.

At the opening of the Court the Bench was occupied by Judge BETTS, of this District, and Hon. WM. SHIPMAN, Judge of the Connecticut District. A Grand Jury having been impanneled, the Clerk called their names, and the following named gentlemen answered:

CHARLES GOULD, Foreman.
Robert Page, John H. Browning, Andrew Dickson
Benj. H. Day, Maurice Hilger, Jas. B. Johnson,
Samuel Reeve, Saml T. Skidmore, Hubbard G. Stone,
Wm. Underhill, John Buckley, Jr., Gilbert C. Deane,
Jas. L. Daunant, Francis P. Furnald, Moses H. Hoppock
Joseph Leggett, Nathan A. Sutton, John F. Seaman,
Saml Thompson, Geo. B. Whitfield.

The Grand Jury were then addressed by Judge BETTS, as follows:

GENTLEMEN OF THE GRAND JURY: You are not called together at this time for the discharge of the ordinary routine of the duty of grand jurors. It will, therefore, be unnecessary that the Court should address you on those topics. You are convened in a solemn crisis of our national affairs as an important element of the public force, to render aid in preventing the Republic receiving harm from open enemies, or persons practising in secret against the safety and peace of the Government. Your fellow-citizens, called from all avocations of life, neighbors, kindred, brothers and sons, at the national appeal, are rapidly mustering and hastening to the battle fields, bravely and freely to peril their lives in support and vindication of the Constitution and laws of our common country, openly assailed by hostile armies. Your ministry, gentlemen, although necessarily of a calm and peaceful character, is only second in importance to military power, in checking and counteracting these heinous crimes set on foot against the peace and existence of Government and the property and lives of the people. The most atrocious of national offences are *treason* and *piracy*, (the latter involving war against all mankind, equally with hostility against the country to which the offenders owe allegiance) and concomitant to treason, the lesser but yet heinous crime of misprision of treason. The latter is only second to treason in being negative in its character, in willfully omitting to do what the duty of a faithful citizen requires he should do for the safety of his country. Our Constitution declares treason to "consist in levying war against the United States or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid or comfort." The law pronounces the penalty of death against every one convicted of the offence in any particular of its definition or description. *Piracy* consists in a forcible capture or robbery on the high seas of any vessel or her lading, by a vessel or her company, not authorized by a lawful commission from our Government, and organized and acting under the law of nations, and is punishable by death in any tribunal of all countries, where the offence is triable.

Two witnesses to overt acts of treason are necessary to convict of the high crime; or a confession by the accused in open Court. His admission of acts done by him, made in writing or verbally, are legal evidence, and become, in judgment of law, tantamount to the testimony of two witnesses. Giving aid or comfort to the enemies of the country, consists in furnishing the military supplies, food, clothing, harbor or concealment, or communicating information to them, helping their hostilities against the country and its Government.

It is most probable that complaints will be laid before you under this branch and definition of the crime. Within it will be included acts of outfitting, manning, or any way fitting out or victualling vessels to aid the hostilities of our enemies; sending provisions, arms, or other supplies to them, raising funds or obtaining credit for their service; indeed, every traitorous purpose manifested by acts, committed in this District by persons owing allegiance to the country, will be acts of treason. It is not necessary that the accused should have raised or created war by his own acts, he levies war by acting with those who have set it on foot, or by seizing or holding ports or like acts of hostile aggression. The kindred crime of misprision of treason is this: If any person owing allegiance to the Government has knowledge of acts of treason committed by others within the jurisdiction of the Court, and does not make it known to the President of the United States, or one of the Judges of the United States, or the Governor of the State, or a Judge or Magistrate thereof, he becomes guilty of misprision of treason, and subject to seven years' imprisonment and a fine of $1,000 for the offence and it is the duty of the Grand Jury to present for trial, therefore, such offender, whatever may be his individual connection or relationship with the offender.

The belief of individuals in the right of resisting government, either individually or by States on the claim of secession or otherwise from the authority of the Government, affords no justification or palliation of the crime. Secession, however effected or sanctioned, is, under our Constitution and laws, nothing other than rebellion. You perceive in this slight sketch, gentlemen of the jury, what vigorous provisions our laws have adopted for the protection of the Government and people from the perpetration of crimes of such magnitude, and how important to the well-being of society it is that your high functions in discovering and thwarting them should be fearlessly and vigorously exercised. The Court will supply you with every aid the law affords to further and facilitate the performance of your great trust, and will, you may be assured, not fail, on its part, to enforce vigorously the law against those you may present as having violated it. You are, however, aware, gentlemen, that lively distrusts and apprehensions agitate the public mind, and you will be cautious to discriminate, in the charges laid before you, between those resting on a solid foundation of facts and those which may be colored through overzeal of accusers, or rest essentially on suspicions and apprehensions only; when the community is highly exasperated and excited, men are prone to exaggerate statements and surmises against persons suspected of crimes. Whilst the citizen, whatever his personal consideration or worth may be, should be held strictly responsible for every act done in violation of the law, it is a right which should be sacredly preserved to him that he should not be exposed in life or character to the hazards of a criminal accusation and trial unless the Grand Jury are clearly satisfied there is reasonable proof of his guilt.

Hackley's Case Further Postponed.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Barnard.

In the Hackley Matter.—The motion for the discharge of the prisoner, Andrew J. Hackley, was now argued by Wm. Fullerton, Esq. The case was then adjourned until to-day, to give District-Attorney Anthon time to reply.

The Volunteers Home Fund Society.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Ingraham.

Application was made on Thursday to Justice INGRAHAM to approve and authorize, as required by law, the certificate of incorporation of the Volunteer's Home Fund Society.

The object of this Society, as stated in the certificate, is "to assist men engaging in the military or naval service of the Government, and their wives and children and dependent relations and friends."

The managers of the Society are fifty in number, and include many of the most prominent names of our City.

His Honor granted the usual indorsement of his approval.

Benjamin Vaughan Abbott for the motion.

The Case of Laura Keene and her Theatre.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice Robertson.

Theodore Ritter vs. Laura Keene.—This case was reported in the TIMES of Wednesday.

It will be remembered that the action is brought to recover the sum of $660, alleged to be due from the defendant to Miss Ada Clifton, the assigner of the plaintiff, for her services as an actress at the defendant's theatre.

The Jury were unable to agree upon a verdict, and were accordingly discharged.

Court of General Sessions.

THREE THIEVES IN SUSPENSE.

In this Court, before Recorder HOFFMAN, Mr. Garvin prosecuting for the people, the case of Meyers, Brown and Hoffman, commenced on the previous day, for larceny, was continued. The officer testified to having found the prisoners together in the house in Park-street where the stolen property was secreted. A prisoner at the Tombs also testified to having heard the prisoners at the bar, in the cell next to his, talk about the theft in a strain indicative of their connection therewith. The jury, after being out a long time, were unable to agree, and were discharged. The prisoners were remanded.

SECURE FROM WAR A YEAR.

James McLaughlin, who had pleaded guilty to an attempt at burglary in the third degree, was sent to the Penitentiary for one year.

THE COURT ON A BENDER.

John Bender pleaded guilty of an attempt at grand larceny, and was sent to State Prison for two years and six months.

A BAD MURPHY.

John Murphy pleaded guilty of petty larceny, and was sent to the Penitentiary for six months.

The Court then adjourned to this morning at 10 o'clock, when the following cases will be taken up:

CALENDAR.

For Felonious Assault—John Drake.
For False Pretences—Abram Pierce.
For Embezzlement—Thomas Cushing.
For Forgery—John W. Brown.
For Larceny—William C. Kirby, George Pissaret, Michael Keesy, Manuel Perada.

Court of Oyer and Terminer.

THE HACKLEY CONTEMPT.

In this Court, before Judge INGRAHAM, Andrew J. Hackley was arraigned on two indictments for criminal contempt of Court. He refused to plead, the contempt of refusal being excused by the Court, and in accordance with the precedent in such cases, a plea of not guilty was entered. The District-Attorney then moved on the trial. Prisoner's counsel asked for a postponement to the October term of the Court. The application was denied, and the case was set down for Monday, when it will be disposed of.

Mr. Anthon, for the people, then sued out a writ of *certiorari* in the matter of *habeas corpus*, upon which Judge BARNARD discharged Mr. Hackley from his commitment for contempt. The decision will be reviewed at the May term of the Supreme Court.

BILLY MULLIGAN REDIVIVUS.

Mr. Anthon then applied for a writ of error in the case of Mulligan, which was granted. The decision of the Supreme Court will be taken to the Court of Appeals for review.

The Court then adjourned to Monday morning at ten o'clock.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

BARNARD, J.—*Joshua J. Benson vs. Daniel Chapman.* Motion to change venue denied, with $10 costs.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—April 25.

$16,000	U.S.6s,'81, Cou.	84¼	350	N.Y. Central R...c	70½
25,000	U.S 6s,'81,Rg....	86¼	150	do..........s10	70
10,000	Trea. 12 ℔ c Nts.	100	100	do..........s30	70
1,000	Virginia State 6s	40¼	150	do..............	70¾
5,000	do.........s20	39	250	do...........s4	71
2,000	N.Carolina St. 6s	58	100	do..........s10	70¾
3,000	Mo. State 6s.....	42	450	do..............	71¼
1,000	do............	41½	100	do..............	71⅜
10,000	do.........s30	40	150	do..............	71½
30,000	do.........s10	40	400	Erie Railroad......	18½
30,000	do............	40	500	Chi. & Rk. Island R.	38
500	Cal. State 7s....	74	50	do..........b30	38¼
1,000	City 6s. 1870....	90	10	do..............	38⅛
1,000	B. C. W. L......	95	220	Harlem Railroad..	12
2,000	N. Y. C. B.,1876.	100	200	Mich. Cen. R......	42
140	Pacific M. S. Co...	62	5	Mich. So & N Ia.R	13
10	do............	61½	200	Mich S & N.I.G S.	27½
1,000	Mich. S. sk fd.bs.	76	100	do...........b7	27⅞
5,000	D. L.&W.R.1 m.b	96	50	do..............	28
3,000	Gal. & Chic.1 m.b	98	100	do..............	28½
5,000	Gal. & Chic.2 m b	97	50	Ill. Cen. R. Scrip..c	57
6,000	C.B &Q.R.8 p.c.b	92	450	do.............c	58
10	Bank of New-York.	90	50	do.............c	57½
100	Clev. & Toledo R..	23½	100	do..............	57¾
300	do............	23¼	50	do............s5	57¾
100	do............	23⅜	200	do..............	57⅞
300	do...........b3	23½	900	Galena & Chic. R..	57
30	Chic. Bur. & Q. R.	58	10	do..............	57¼

SECOND BOARD.

$16,000	U.S. 5s,'74. Cou.	76	650	Mich.So.&N.Ind.R.	13⅝
12,000	Virginia St. 6s.s4	42	25	do..............	13¾
10,000	Missouri St. 6s...	40½	400	Cleve. & Toledo R.	24
44,000	do............	40	100	do..........b 0	24
1,000	Har. 1st Mtg. Bs.	108	100	M.S.&N.I.G.S.snwk	28½
400	Erie Railroad.....	20	50	Panama Railroad..	100¼
100	do...........s4	20	42	do..............	100
50	Chi. & Rock Is. R..	37	300	Ill. Cen. R. Scrip	59
150	do............	37¼	100	do..........b30	59
125	N. Y. Cen. R.....s3	72¾	150	do..............	58½
110	do............	73	200	do..........s30	58
50	do...........s3	72⅞	150	Gal. & Chi. R......	57½
150	do............	72¾	10	do..........s10	57¼
300	Harlem Rail'd.....	12¼	20	Chi. Bur. & Quin.R	58
50	Har. R. Pref.......	29¾			

THURSDAY, April 25—P. M.

The Stock Exchange followed somewhat the course of news from the New-York Army, on the Potomac, to-day. The feeling was dull at the opening this morning, but when it became known that a large portion of the Volunteer Regiments, which left here on Friday and Sunday last, were safe in Washington, and that the Capital, for the present at least, is out of danger, prices went up 2 ℔ cent. on the Street, and held pretty firm at the Second Board, though on New-York Central the highest figure for cash stock on the Street (74 ℔ cent.,) was not maintained. The Western Railways were generally firm, especially Illinois Central, Galena and Toledo, and Erie, Hudson and Harlem, were steady, but without much business in the latter two. Erie sold at 18½ in the morning and 20 ℔ cent. at the Second Board.

The Southern State Stocks were more freely offered than yesterday, and declined in price on Virginias and Missouris, and advanced on North Carolinas. The Federal Stocks lost part of the previous firmness, registered '81's returning to 86½ ℔ cent. There was a sale of Fives of '74 at the Second Board, at 76 ℔ cent., the lowest for this issue yet made. There was little or nothing done in Railway Mortgages. Panama Shares were par, and Pacific Mail closed at 64 ℔ cent.

Late in the afternoon, the Share market was firm; New-York Central, 73 ℔ cent. The following are about the latest quotations:

Virginias	42¾	Michigan Central	43¼
Missouris	40	Michigan Guaranteed	28¾
Tennessees	47	Panama	100
Central	73	Illinois Central	58¼
Erie	20¼	Galena	57¼
Hudson	36	Toledo	23⅝
Harlem Preferred	30	Rock Island	37¼
Reading	32¾	Burlington	58

The Banks of this City held a preliminary meeting, through their executive officers, at the American Exchange Bank, yesterday, for consultation on a common league to meet any and all contingencies of a financial nature likely to occur through the civil war, growing out of the money wants of the Government, the necessities of their customers, and the convenience of each other. The good understanding thus suggested and entered upon was to be perfected at an adjourned meeting this afternoon, as something like the mutual and admirable arrangement of the 21st of November last, recently terminated most successfully and without loss by its own limitation. The official proceedings, if perfected, will be sent to the Press in the course of the evening. We have reason to believe, at the hour of writing, that no serious impediment and no prominent instance of dissent will be encountered, and that the heavy stock of Bullion now in the City will hereafter be equalized, as under the previous arrangement referred to, so that practically, through the present political troubles and for the prompt accommodation of the Government, the Associated Banks of the City of New-York will move as a single and controlling financial power. The public spirit which has dictated this league, and the assurance it affords that the Money demands of the Government will be promptly afforded *to any reasonable amount required*, without prejudice to the ordinary dealers at Bank or the facilities of trade, are equally commendable.

The Exchange market, since the sailing of the *Persia*, and the receipt of news from England of an easier market for Money, on that side, is again flat, and it is difficult to name a correct quotation for the mail of Saturday next; the range for Bank and Bankers, 105@106 ℘ cent. on London, and this irregularity in turn depresses Merchant bills, which may be called 104@105 ℘ cent. No change in the rates for Money, but we notice increased caution and discrimination in the selection of mercantile paper.

The *Asia*, at this port from England, April 14, brings advice of the further reduction of interest by the Bank of England to *five* ℘ cent., making altogether a change of 3 ℘ cent. in favor of the borrower in a few weeks. The market for Money in London is reported easy, and loans made on the Stock Exchange at 3@4 ℘ cent. ℘ annum. The Cotton market at Liverpool was firm at the extreme prices previously quoted, and at the close of the week trade at Manchester, which had been partially depressed, was looking steady again. Breadstuffs generally dull, without material alteration in prices. Provisions steady. The English Funds are about the same as before the reduction of the Bank rate of interest, this influence being qualified by a somewhat uneasy political feeling; the War signs from the Continent being deemed threatening. In American Stocks the quotations improved; State Securities held firmly, according to BARING'S Circular, and Railway Bonds advanced 1@2 ℘ cent. Erie and Illinois Central shares are quoted higher, and we learn that orders came to this market by the present mail for both Stocks at easy limits compared with the present currency here. Of course they were readily filled to-day. The following are the latest London figures for American Stocks, April 13:

American Railways, &c.	Closing prices.	Business.
Maryland 5 ℘ cent.	86 @ 90	
United States 5 ℘ cent. red. 1874	83 @ 85	
Virginia State, 5 ℘ cent.	72 @ 76	
Do. 6 ℘ cent.	68 @ 72	
Illinois Cen. 6 ℘ cent., red. 1875	85 @ 90	
Do. 7 ℘ cent. ......do....1875	89 @ 90	89½ ¾
Do. $100 shares, $80 paid dis.	25½ @ 24½	dis25½dis.
Do. do. all paid	73 @ 75	
Mich. Cen. 8s, con., 1869	87 @ 89	
Do. (s. f'd) 8s, '82	88 @ 90	
Do. $100 shares	50 @ 55	
Michigan S. & North. Indiana 7 ℘ cent. (sinking fund) 1885	70 @ 72	
Do. $100 shares	12 @ 15	
New-York Central 6 ℘ cent. (sinking-fund) 1883	87 @ 89	
Do. do. 7 ℘ cent. 1864	92 @ 94	
Do. do. 7 ℘ cent. (s. f.) 1876	93 @ 95	
Do. do. 7 ℘ c. con. bs. 1876	93 @ 95	
Do. $100 shares	71 @ 73	
New-York & Erie 1st m., 7 ℘ c. '67	92 @ 94	
Do. 2d mort., 7 ℘ cent., 1859	89 @ 91	
Do. 3d mort. 7 ℘ c., '83, assent.	83 @ 85	84
Do. [illegible], 7 ℘ c., '62, '71, '75, do.	58 @ 60	
Do. shares, assented	20½ @ 20½	
Panama Railroad 1st mort. 7 ℘ cent. 1865	100 @ 102	
Do. 2d mort. 7 ℘ cent. 1872	88 @ 90	
Pennsylvania Central Bonds, 1st mt., 6 ℘ cent., convert.	89 @ 91	
Do. 2d mort., 6 ℘ cent., ster.	87 @ 89	
Do. $50 shares	36 @ 38	
Philadelphia and Reading Rs., 6 ℘ cent., 1870	75 @ 80	
Do. $50 shares	18 @ 20	

The return from the Bank of England for the week ending the 10th of April gives the following results when compared with the previous week:

Rest	£3,167,563	Decrease £601,840
Public deposits	4,902,867	Decrease 2,921,142
Other deposits	13,201,791	Increase 1,566,311
Government securities	10,229,938	Decrease 285,066
Other securities	18,816,665	Decrease 1,402,657
Notes unemployed	6,090,360	Decrease 154,133

The amount of notes in circulation is £20,158,340, being an increase of £234,370, and the stock of bullion in both departments is £13,122,439, showing an increase of £122,302 when compared with the preceding term.

The following is a list of the Directors of the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad Company, elected at Toledo on the 24th inst.: E. M. Gilbert, of Utica, N. Y.; M. L. Sykes, of Chicago, Ill.; John S. Barry, of Constantine, Mich.; Philo Morehous, of Elkhart, Ind.; Stillman Witt, of Cleveland, Ohio; Wm. Williams, of Buffalo, N. Y.; Wm. Keep, of Lockport, N. Y.; Hamilton White, of Syracuse, N. Y.; Nelson Beardsley, of Auburn, N. Y.; Milton Cartwright, of New-York; Albert Havemeyer, of New-York; Henry Keep, of New-York; Allan Campbell, of New-York. All of the last year's Board, except Wm. Keep, who fills a vacancy. All the last year's officers were reëlected.

The following are the latest mail quotations for exchange on New-York received by Mr. J. T. VAN VLECK, No. 4 Broad-street:

		Premium.
April 24	Philadelphia	par.
April 24	Boston	par.
April 18	New Orleans	¾@ 1
April 18	Mobile	1½@ 2
April 22	Chicago	15 @16
April 22	Milwaukee	10 @13
April 22	Cleveland	1½@ 2
April 20	St. Louis	10 @11
April 21	Louisville	3 @ 4
April 22	Detroit	1½@ 1½
April 22	Cincinnati	3 @ 3½
April 23	Pittsburgh	5 @ 6
April 19	Memphis	4 @ 5
April 14	Quincey	13 @14
April 22	Indianapolis	3 @ 4
April 20	Miles, Mich.	10 @12
April 23	Canada	⅜@ ¾
April 20	St. Paul, Min.	10 @11
April 22	Aurora, Ill.	12 @13
April 22	Circleville, Ohio	3 @ 4

Important Bank Meeting.

At the request of a number of Bank officers, a meeting of Bank officers, members of the Clearing-house Association, was called at the American Exchange Bank, on Wednesday, the 24th inst., at which the following forty-one Banks were represented, viz.: Bank of New-York, Manhattan Company, Merchants' Bank, Mechanics' Bank, Union Bank, Bank of America, Phenix Bank, City Bank, Tradesmen's Bank, Fulton Bank, Merchants' Exchange Bank, National Bank, Butchers' and Drovers' Bank, Greenwich Bank, Seventh Ward Bank, Bank of the State of New-York, American Exchange Bank, Bank of Commerce, Broadway Bank, Ocean Bank, Mercantile Bank, Bank of the Republic, People's Bank, Bank of North America, Hanover Bank, Irving Bank, Metropolitan Bank, Market Bank, St. Nicholas Bank, Corn Exchange Bank, Continental Bank, Bank of the Commonwealth, Marine Bank, Atlantic Bank, Importers' and Traders' Bank, Park Bank, Mechanics' Banking Association, Grocers' Bank, North River Bank, East River Bank, and Manufacturers' and Merchants' Bank.

On motion of MOSES TAYLOR, Esq., JOHN A. STEVENS, Esq., was called to the Chair, and GEORGE S. COE was chosen Secretary.

On motion of GEORGE S. COE, seconded by JAMES GALLATIN, the following preamble and resolutions were then adopted:

Whereas, The agreement between the Banks, entered into on the 21st of November last, was productive of very beneficial results, in enabling them to extend needed facilities to the community, and to aid the credit of the Government at a critical moment and whereas, in the present unsettled political condition of the country, exigencies may arise which will require our united efforts; therefore,

Resolved, That any Bank in the Clearing-House Association may, at its option, deposit with a Committee of five persons, appointed for that purpose, an amount of its Bills Receivable, United States Stocks, Treasury Notes, or Stocks of the State and City of New-York, to be approved by said Committee, who shall be authorized to issue thereupon to said depositing Bank, certificates of deposit, bearing interest at the rate of 7 ℘ cent. per annum, in denominations of $5,000 and $10,000 each, as may be desired, to an amount equal to 75 ℘ cent. of such deposit. These certificates may be used in settlement of balances at the Clearing-House for a period of 60 days from the date hereof, and they shall be received by Creditor Banks during that period daily, in the same proportion as they bear to the aggregate amount of the debtor balances paid at the Clearing-House. The interest which may accrue upon these certificates shall, at the expiration of 30 days, be apportioned among the Banks which shall have held them during that time.

The securities deposited with said Loan Committee shall be held by them in trust as a special deposit, pledged for the redemption of the certificates issued thereupon.

The Committee shall be authorized to exchange any portion of said securities for an equal amount of others, to be approved by them, at the request of the depositing Bank, and shall have power to demand additional security either by an exchange or an increased amount, at their discretion.

The amount of certificates which this Committee may issue as above, shall not exceed ten million dollars.

Resolved, That in order to accomplish the purposes set forth in this agreement, the Loan Committee shall have power to apportion the specie belonging to the Associated Banks, so far as may be necessary to provide for each of them an amount of specie, equal to one-fourth of its net liabilities, not including circulation, and that for this purpose statements shall be made to the Committee, of the condition of each Bank, on the morning of every day before the commencement of business, which shall be sent with the exchanges to the Manager of the Clearing House, specifying the following items, viz.:

1. Loans and Discounts.
2. Deposits.
3. Loan Certificates.
4. Specie.

Resolved, That any loss caused by the non-payment of Loan Certificates be assessed upon all the Banks, in the ratio of capital.

Resolved, That the expenses incurred by the Association be assessed upon the Banks in equal proportion to their respective capital.

Resolved, That the late Loan Committee, consisting of the following gentlemen, viz: Messrs. Moses Taylor, James Punnett, R. W. Howes, A. S. Frazer and C. P. Leverich, be earnestly and respectfully requested to resume the duties of this Committee.

Resolved, That this agreement shall take effect immediately, and the necessary notice be given to all the Banks composing the Clearing-house Association.

Resolved, That a Committee be appointed to wait upon the Banks not represented at this meeting, and request them to unite with us.

The Chairman appointed Messrs. D. H. ARNOLD, THOMAS TILESTON and SHEPHERD KNAPP as such Committee.

On motion, adjourned to meet at the American Exchange Bank, at 3 o'clock to-morrow, 25th inst.

GEORGE S. COE, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, April 24, 1861.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, April 25.

Stock heavy. Pennsylvania State Fives, 80; Reading Railroad, 15¾; Morris Canal, 45; Long Island Railroad, 9; Pennsylvania Railroad, 36. Sight Exchange on New-York unchanged.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, April 25, 1861—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 24 bbls. Ashes, 10,554 bbls. Flour, 16,434 bushels Wheat, 31,353 bushels Corn, 1,498 bushels Malt, 250 bushels Oats, 1,287 pkgs. Provisions, and 1,361 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Have been in moderate request, at $5 62½ for Pearls and Pots, ℘ 100 lbs.

COTTON—Is in less demand, but is very stiffly held, including Middling Upland at 13¾c.@14c., and other grades at proportionate rates ℘ lb.

COFFEE—Sales 100 bags Laguayra, at 14¼c.@14¾c.; 150 bags Maracaibo part at 14c., and 1,500 bags Rio (skimmings), at 11c.@11¼c. ℘ lb., usual terms.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour continues in lively request for home use and for shipment, at rising prices. We have heard of sales of 19,200 bbls, including superfine State at $5 05@$5 15; ordinary to choice Extra State at $5 20@$5 35, mainly at $5 20@$5 25; Superfine Western at $5@$5 15; Extra Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois at $5 20@$6 10; Extra Indiana and Michigan at $5 25@$5 20; inferior Extra Ohio at $5 35@$5 45; round hoop Extra Ohio, shipping brands, $5 45@$5 60 ℘ bbl.

Superfine State	$5 05	@ $5 15
Extra State	5 20	@ 5 35
Superfine Western	5 00	@ 5 15
Extra Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois	5 20	@ 6 10
Extra Indiana and Michigan	5 25	@ 6 25
Inferior Extra Ohio	5 35	@ 5 45
Extra Ohio, round hoop, shipping bds.	5 45	@ 5 60
Extra Ohio, trade brands	5 65	@ 7 25
Fancy Genesee	5 40	@ 5 50
Extra Genesee	5 60	@ 7 25
Inferior to Choice Extra Missouri	5 60	@ 7 25

Southern Flour is advancing, being in good demand. The reported sales add up 2,900 bbls, at $5 85@$6 25 for very poor to good superfine Alexandria, Baltimore, &c., and $6 40@$8 25 for fancy to choice extra brands, ℘ bbl. Canadian Flour is doing better, including inferior to very choice extra at $5 25@$7 50 ℘ bbl.; sales 1,100 bbls. Rye Flour is inactive, at $3 20@$4 00 for fine and superfine, ℘ bbl. Corn Meal is selling, in lots, at $2 85 for Jersey, and $3 15@$3 20 for Brandywine, ℘ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in brisk request, at firmer and rising prices. We have heard of sales of 132,600 bushels, including White Canada, at $1 46; Canada Club, at $1 26; White Western at $1 40@$1 55; Red Western, at $1 30@$1 33; Milwaukee Club, at $1 25@$1 33, the latter rate for choice; Chicago Spring, at $1 20@$1 25; and choice White Kentucky, at $1 65 ℘ bushel. Corn is active and firm; sales have been reported of 65,000 bushels, at 63c.@64c. for new mixed Western; 67c.@68c. for old do.; 63c. for new round Yellow; 67c.@68c. for Yellow Southern, and 74c. for White Southern, ℘ bushel. Rye is in request, at 67c.@68c. ℘ bushel. Barley continues unaltered. Oats are inquired for, including Canada, at 35c.@35½c.; Western at 34½c.@35¼c.; and State at 35¼c.@36c. ℘ bushel.

HAY—Sales 500 bales North River, at 70c.@75c. ℘ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Are in limited demand, yet are reported steady, including new at 16c.@24c., according to quantity, ℘ lb.

IRON—Small lots of Scotch Pig changed hands at $20 50@$21 25 ℘ ton, usual terms.

LEAD—No sales transpired to-day; prices nominal.

OILS—Have been lightly dealt in at previous quotations.

PROVISIONS—Pork was purchased to the extent of 1,600 bbls., including Mess at $18 50@$18 75, mainly within the range; and prime in part, at $13 25@$13 50 per bbl. Cut Meats have been in slack demand at 8¼@8¾ for Hams, and 6¾@7c. for Shoulders, ℘ lb. Lard is declining. Sales 900 tcs. and bbls. at 9½@10¼c. ℘ lb. Beef has been in fair demand, at rising prices. Sales 2,600 bbls, at $11@$12 for extra Mess, $9 50@$10 50 for repacked Western Mess and $5 87@$6 25 for Country Mess, ℘ bbl. Beef Hams, $13@$15 50 ℘ bbl. Butter is quiet at 10c.@15c. for Western, and 15c.@20c. for State, ℘ lb. Cheese is salable and steady at 7c.@10c. ℘ lb.

RICE—Sales 600 trcs. in lots, at $4 87@$5 75 ℘ 100 lb.

SUGARS—Have been depressed, sales having been reported, since our last, of 900 hhds., chiefly at 4c.@5¼c., mainly within the range ℘ lb.

TALLOW—Sales 15,000 lbs. prime, at 9c.@10c., ℘ lb.

WHISKY—The reported sales amount to 1,100 bbls., at 18¾c.@19c., ℘ gallon, indicating an improvement in prices.

FREIGHTS—The engagements have been rather more extensive, but at low rates. We quote: For Liverpool—Flour, 2½s.@2s. 3d. ℘ bbl.; Wheat, in bulk and bags, 7d.@7½d. Corn, 7d. @ ℘ bushel; Cotton, ¼d.@5-32d. ℘ lb.; Resin, 3s. ℘ 310 lbs.; Cheese, Lard and Bacon, 25s.@27s. 6d.; Tallow 22s. 6d. ℘ ton. For Glasgow, Flour 2s. 9d.@3s. ℘ bbl.; Grain 8½d.@10d. ℘ bushel; Resin, 3s. 3d.@3s. 6d. ℘ bbl.; Bacon and Lard, 30s. ℘ ton. For London—Flour, 2s. 9d.@3s. ℘ bbl.; Grain, 8@9½d. ℘ bushel; Resin, 3s. 6d. Pork, 3s. 9d. ℘ bbl.; Bacon and Lard 32s. 6d.@35s.; Cheese, 35s.; Tallow, 27s. 6d.@30s. ℘ ton.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FROM EUROPE.

	Leaves.	For.	
Kedar	Liverpool	New-York	April 3
Columbia	Galway	Boston	April 9
United States	Glasgow	New-York	April 13
Vigo	Liverpool	New-York	April 17
Bremen	Southampton	New-York	April 17
Hammonia	Southampton	New-York	April 17
Arabia	Liverpool	Boston	April 20
Adriatic	Galway	New-York	April 23
Africa	Liverpool	New-York	April 27
Arago	Southampton	New-York	May 1
Great Eastern	Milford Haven	New-York	May 1
Saxonia	Southampton	New-York	May 4
Hibernia	Galway	Boston	May 7
Teutonia	Southampton	New-York	May 15
New-York	Southampton	New-York	May 15

FROM THE UNITED STATES.

Persia	New-York	Liverpool	April 24
Fulton	New-York	Southampton	April 27
Glasgow	New-York	Liverpool	April 27
Karnak	New-York	Nassau	April 27
Columbia	New-York	Galway	April 30
Niagara	Boston	Liverpool	May 1
Asia	New-York	Liverpool	May 8
Arabia	New-York	Liverpool	May 15
Africa	New-York	Liverpool	May 22
Great Eastern	New-York	Liverpool	May 25
Karnak	New-York	Nassau	May 28

Mails Close at the Post-Office.

Overland Mail leaves St. Louis City every Monday and Thursday, at 8 A. M. [Letters for California, if intended for the Overland Route, should be marked "Overland."]

North mails close at.......5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
South mails close at.......5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
Eastern mails close at...5 A. M. 2 P. M. and 9:30 P. M.
On Sunday all mails close at 1:30 P. M.

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SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED BY A RESPECTABLE young woman a situation as chambermaid. Can be seen at her late employer's, No. 55 Lexington-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a young woman in a private family to do chamberwork and assist with the washing, or as regular laundress; will be found willing and obliging, and can be seen from 9 to 11 o'clock on Friday and Saturday, at her present employer's, No. 7 East 18th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—BY A NATIVE, TIDY Protestant girl, with good references. Can be seen, until May 1, at her present employer's, No. 31 Clermont-av., near Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A young woman, a situation as chambermaid and to do fine washing, or chamber work and plain sewing; the best of City reference given. Call at No. 42 9th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND LAUNDRESS.—A young Protestant girl wants a situation as chambermaid and laundress; has lived in the best of places, and can give good City reference. Apply at No. 214 Washington-st., Brooklyn.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND LAUNDRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a Protestant young woman as chambermaid and laundress; the best of City reference can be given. Inquire at No. 64 West Washington-place, 3d floor.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Situation wanted by an experienced and capable girl, as chambermaid and seamstress, or with nurse; is a first-class seamstress; understands cutting and fitting dresses, &c., will be found honest, competent, and obliging person, and very highly recommended from her last place. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A respectable girl desires a situation in a private family to do chamberwork and waiting, and would assist with washing and ironing, if required, or would do general housework in a small family; is willing and obliging; will make herself useful; has the best of City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 246 31st-st., between 9th and 10th avs., first floor, back room.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A respectable girl, who is thoroughly competent for her duties, desires a situation in city or country in the above capacity; will assist in washing, and be found first-class help; willing and obliging; has excellent references. Apply at No. 378 6th av., between 23d and 24th sts. Wages moderate.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a respectable young girl as chambermaid and waitress; she is willing and obliging; is capable of her business, and has the best of City reference. Apply at No. 191 7th av., between 19th and 20th sts.; call for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A respectable Protestant girl wishes a situation as chambermaid and waitress. Call at No. 24 West 19th-st.

AS COOK.—A PROTESTANT WOMAN, WITH the best of City reference wishes a situation as cook, understands all kinds of meats, soups, gravies game and poultry in every style, is also a good pastry cook gets up side dishes and desserts in good style. Is willing to assist in the washing. Can be seen at No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation in a private family to cook, wash and iron; she is a first-rate baker and good laundress; can get the best of City references; can be seen for two days at her present situation, No. 22 Garden-st., Brooklyn; she is willing to assist with housework.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman as first-class cook; understands cooking in all its branches, is an excellent baker; would assist with the coarse washing; has unexceptionable City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at 166 East 19th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., third floor.

AS COOK.—SITUATION WANTED BY A WOMAN, who understands all kinds of cooking thoroughly, soups, meats, poultry and game, pastry and deserts; can give the best City reference. Apply at No. 166 23d-st., corner of 2d-av., for two days.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A young woman as cook; thoroughly understands her business; no objection to assist in the washing; is willing to go in the country. Call at her present employer's, No. 81 West 13th st.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED, AS FIRST-CLASS cook, by a respectable woman, with the best of City reference; no objection to going a short distance in the country. Can be seen on the corner of 53d-st. and 7th-av., third floor, front.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT woman, a situation as cook; can be well recommended by her present employer. Apply at No. 111 West 14th st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman as good plain cook; is a good washer and ironer; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 124 West 22d st.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable young woman to cook, wash and iron, or to do housework in a small family; no objection to go a short distance in the country; can give the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 248 West 17th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable young woman, as good plain cook and excellent washer and ironer; is a good baker; has no objection to Brooklyn; best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 128 33d st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS cook, washer and ironer, laundress, or chambermaid and laundress by a Protestant woman, who is a most excellent cook, and a first rate washer and ironer; has the best City references, and has no objection to the country. Apply at No. 7 11th st., near Broadway.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED BY A YOUNG woman, a place to cook or would do general housework in a small family; is a good cook, washer and ironer. Has good City reference. Call at No. 178 E st. 36th st., first floor, back room. Can be seen for two days.

AS COOK, &c.—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Wanted, situations by two respectable girls; one to cook wash and iron, the other as chambermaid and waitress. Both can be seen at the residence of their present employer, No. 116 Lexington-av., for two days.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE girl a situation as good plain cook washer and ironer, and baker, or would do light housework. Has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 196 7th-av., between 23d and 24th sts., for two days.

AS COOK, &c.—A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE-AGED woman wants a situation as cook, or cook, washer and ironer; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 27 Prince-st.

AS COOK—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, by two sisters, situations; one as an experienced cook, who would assist in washing and ironing; the other as chambermaid and waiter, or would be willing to do the work of a small family; no objection to go a short distance to the country; the best of City reference can be given for several years. Can be seen for two days at No. 362 2d-av., near 23d-st., Room No. 13.

AS COOK—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—SITUATIONS wanted, by two young women sisters; one as a good cook and excellent washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid and waitress, or to take care of children and do plain sewing; no objections to go to the country. Good City reference. Can be seen at No. 62 West 21st-st., corner of 6th av.

AS COOK—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, situations for two respectable girls; one, an American as cook; the other, a German, as chambermaid and waitress. Can be seen for three days, at their present employer's, No. 5 Pierrepont-st., Brooklyn, where they have lived nearly three years.

AS COOK, CHAMBERMAID, &c.—SITUATIONS wanted by two respectable girls; one as cook, washer and ironer; the other to do chamberwork and waiting, or to assist with the washing and ironing. Can be seen for this week at their present employer's, No. 171 East 14th st.

AS COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—A RESPECTABLE young woman, with undoubted references, desires a situation in City or country, as first-class cook—meats, game, fish and pastry in good style, suitable for any gentleman's table; will assist in washing if required. Apply at No. 378 6th-av., between 23d and 24th sts.

AS COOK, LAUNDRESS AND WAITRESS.—A lady, breaking up housekeeping, wishes to procure situations for her cook, laundress and waitress; each one understands her business thoroughly, and can bring the best of City reference. Call at No. 383 6th-av., where they can be seen at any time for two days.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, a situation by a very efficient and respectable woman as cook, washer and ironer in a gentleman's family; is a thorough and competent meat and pastry cook and can wash and iron to please the most particular; will go in the country; highly recommended by Brooklyn families. Inquire for Ann, at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—SITUATION wanted by a very neat and respectable Scotch Protestant girl, to do the cooking, washing and ironing, or will do the general housework of a small family; will be found a person of pleasant disposition and fully competent as a servant in either of the above places. Good references. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, a situation by a young woman as plain cook, washer and ironer, or general housework in a small family in this City or Brooklyn; the best of City reference. Address E. M., No. 24 Rose-st.

AS COOK AND TO ASSIST IN WASHING and ironing, or as laundress, a situation is wanted by a young woman. Good City references. Apply at No. 29 West 11th-st., for two days.

AS DRESSMAKER.—A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER who perfectly understands her business wishes an engagement with a family going in the country; would not object to travel; none but ladies of distinction need answer; satisfactory reference given. A note addressed to M., station G, Broadway Post-office, will be promptly attended to.

AS GENERAL HOUSEMAID.—A RESPECTABLE girl wishes a situation in a small private family to do general housework; is an excellent washer and ironer, and can do plain cooking. Can be seen, for two days at No. 140 West 36th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., second floor, back room. Good City reference given.

AS HOUSEKEEPER.—A PRACTICAL HOUSEKEEPER from New England, capable of filling any situation of responsibility, would take the entire charge of a household, either private family or public institution. Can be seen for a few days at No. 1,145 Broadway, near 26th st.

AS HOUSEKEEPER.—A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN desires a situation as housekeeper. Can be seen at No. 174 West 17th-st., for two or three days. Wages not so much an object as a home in a Christian family; no objections to the country.

AS HOUSEMAID.—SITUATION WANTED BY A respectable Protestant young woman, to do the general housework of a small private family; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; can do chamberwork; is willing and obliging to her employer; can give reference. Call at No. 111 26th-st., first floor, back room, for two days.

AS HOUSEMAID AND COOK.—WANTED, BY a neat, tidy, English servant, a situation as housemaid, and to do plain cooking; will do the washing and ironing [illegible]

[illegible]

AS LADY'S COMPANION OR GOVERNESS.—A Swiss lady, conversant with the English, French, German and Italian languages, wishes to obtain a position either as a lady's companion or as a governess and nurse, to teach the elementary branches of the above named languages; she also plays the piano; no objection to go South. Can be seen at No. 424 Broadway, up stairs.

AS LAUNDRESS OR CHAMBERMAID.—Situation wanted by a young woman as laundress, or to do chamberwork and fine washing; the best of City reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 66 10th st., corner of Waverley-place.

AS NURSE, &c.—LAUNDRESS, &c.—Wanted, by two competent, tidy girls with excellent City references, situations in the City or country—one as nurse and seamstress or chambermaid and waitress and take charge of the silver and dining room; wages $6; the other as regular laundress; does up linen in style: wages $7. Call at No. 2-6 East 18th st.

AS NURSE, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS nurse and seamstress, chambermaid and waitress, chambermaid and laundress, seamstress, or waitress only, by a Protestant young woman, with the best of City references; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 71 11th st., near Broadway.

AS NURSE, &c.—A YOUNG WOMAN WISHES a situation as nurse, and is a good sewer; or would do some chamberwork; has good City reference from her last place; no objection to go to the country. Call, for two days, at No. 18 7th-av., near 19th-st., over the tea store, third floor, back room.

AS NURSE, &c.—A LADY BREAKING UP housekeeping wishes a nice situation for a very superior girl, who is fully capable as either nurse and chambermaid, or waitress; will go to the country. Apply to-day, at No. 12 West 39th-st.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A YOUNG respectable American girl is desirous of obtaining a situation in a private family; is a good plain sewer, understands dressmaking, can do embroidery and would mind one or two children, and instruct a child in the first branches of education; would have no objection to go with a lady in the country during the Summer months; can give good reference. Call for two days, at No. 266 31st-st., between 9th and 10th avs., first floor, back room.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, by a respectable Protestant girl, a situation as nurse; can bring up a baby from its birth, with the bottle; and to assist at washing; or chamberwork and sewing; can do all kinds of embroidery; no objection to the country; best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 303 East 12th-st.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—A SEAMSTRESS WITH her own machine, wants to engage by the month; is used to tailoring, dressmaking and shirt-making; is willing to assist with children or chamberwork; can operate on five different machines; will go to operate on others; terms very low. Call till Tuesday at No. 49 Downing-st., near Bleecker and Varick sts.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A FIRST-class English seamstress, to engage with a few private families to go out by the day or week, to cut and baste for a sewing machine; will fit up 300 yards of tucks a day for the machine. Address No. 87 West 20th st., near 6th-av. No objection to the country.

AS SEAMSTRESS, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE girl, a situation as first-class seamstress; can do all kinds of family sewing and embroidery; is a good shirt maker; would have no objection to the care of growing children, or assist in light chamberwork; has the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 86 West 20th st.

AS SEAMSTRESS, &c.—A SITUATION WANTED, by a respectable middle-aged Protestant woman, as seamstress or nurse; understands all kinds of family sewing; can cut and fit ladies' and children's dresses; has no objections to go to the country for the Summer; would be willing to assist in light chamberwork. Call at No. 24 West 24th st., second floor, back room. The best of City references given.

AS WAITRESS.—A TRUSTWORTHY GIRL who is fully competent for her duties, desires a situation in City or country; understands setting table in the best style, cleaning silver, and takes a pride in keeping the dining-room in good order; has excellent testimonials. Apply at No. 378 6th-av.

AS WAITRESS.—A SITUATION WANTED BY a competent waitress; excellent City reference from last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 36 East 18th st., between Broadway and 4th av.

AS WAITRESS AND CHAMBERMAID.—A lady would like a good situation for a nurse for waitress and chamberwork, who has lived with her two years and a half. To be seen at No. 162 East 18th st.

AS WASHER AND IRONER—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Wanted, by two respectable young women sisters, situations; one as good plain washer and ironer; the other as chambermaid and waitress; no objections to the country. Can be seen at No. 26 East 41st-st. till Monday.

MALES.

AS BAR-KEEPER, GROCERY CLERK OR Light Porter in a jobbing house or some such place, a young man that is a competent bar keeper, having had entire charge of a hotel, also understands grocery and provision business, and is willing to devote all his time to the interests of his employer; is sober, honest and industrious, and can produce testimonials to that effect. Address for two days, F. U. R., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A single man who is a most competent groom and steady driver; is not afraid of hard work; perfectly understands the care and treatment of horses; has had long experience in Europe and America, has the best of City reference. Call or address No. 79 Bleecker st., or address a note to E. M., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman, by a Protestant single man, who has lived with some of the most respectable families in this City for twelve years. Can refer to them for recommendation. Apply at No. 306 4th-av., near 23d-st., or at No. 1 Broadway, corner of 24th st.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman, in a private family, by a steady, active man, who understands his business in all its branches; has the best of City reference; no objection to town or country. Apply or address, at his present employer's, No. 182 5th-av.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman and groom by one who understands the care of coaches and horses; would have no objection to take charge of a vegetable garden if required, the best City reference given. Apply at No. 11 Irving-place, N.Y.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman, by a man who thoroughly understands his business; he has lived in some of the best families in Europe, as well as in New-York; can give the best City reference. Address C. B., Box No. 197 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG man wants a situation as coachman in a private family, has lived four years with his last employer; has got the best of recommendations. Apply at No. 53 King st.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, BY A COLORED man a place as coachman who is well acquainted with the City, and can give good City reference from his last place. Call at No. 122 West 24th st., rear house.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED A SITUATION BY a young man as coachman; no objection to the country for the Summer; City reference. Address H., Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND COOK—BY A MAN and wife, without incumbrance, the man can produce the best of reference from his last and former employer, and the other is a good plain cook; both have no objection to the country, or the man would take a single man's place. Apply or address for two days, J. W., at Kessley & Co.'s, Nos. 8 and 10 East 31st-st.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—A SITUATION as coachman and gardener wanted by a respectable single young man; understands his business perfectly in both branches; understands the raising of all kinds of vegetables and flowers, and everything connected with the care and management of a gentleman's place; can come well recommended from his last place. Address P. R., Box No. 199 *Times* Office for two days.

AS FARMER.—SITUATION WANTED BY A RESPECTABLE man as farmer, who thoroughly understands farming in all its branches; is a good gardener; can get first-class reference from his last employers as to ability and integrity. Address H. D., Box No. 203 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS GARDENER.—SITUATION WANTED, AS gardener, by a single man who understands the care of green house vegetables, flowers and grapes, and everything appertaining to the work of a gentleman's place; understands horses; is a good driver; can show highly recommended by three different gentlemen has lived five years in his last place. Address B., Box No. 208 *Times* Office, till Saturday.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED A SITUATION AS gardener, by a single man, who understands raising all kinds of vegetables, and keeping a place in order; can take care of all kinds of stock; is not afraid of work; is willing to make himself generally useful; has good reference as to honesty and sobriety. Address P. B., Box No. 197 *Times* Office for two days.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED A SITUATION AS gardener by a capable, industrious and sober man; has been in his last employ 7 years and can come well recommended; understands every branch of gardening and farming. Address L. R., Box No. 219 *Times* Office.

AS GROOM, &c.—COOK, &c.—WANTED, situations together by an Englishman and wife; Protestants without incumbrance, the man as a first class groom and coachman, understands the care and management of horses thoroughly; the woman as experienced cook, understands all kinds of meats, pastry, &c., is an excellent bread and biscuit baker; also understands the care of butter and milk; would be willing to assist with the washing and ironing; no objection to city or country; has got the best of reference from their late employers. Address W. P., Box No. 197 *Times* Office, for three days.

AS USEFUL MAN.—WANTED BY A MIDDLE-aged man a situation; is used to hard labor and will endeavor to make himself useful in anything he can find to do. Address E. D., Box 3,133 Post office.

AS WAITER—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—SITUATION wanted as waiter, by a young English man and by his wife as chambermaid, or assist in any part of the house; have the best of city reference, and can be seen for two days at No. 70 East 13th st. Address C. C.

AS WAITER—COOK, &c.—WANTED, SITUATIONS as waiter and cook or chambermaid, by an English man and woman; can produce first-rate recommendations in this City or the country; just leaving their present situations. Address T. W., Station G, New-York Post-office.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, BY AN INTELLIGENT Protestant young man, a situation as waiter; understands his business well, and has the best of testimonials as to character and capability. Address F. R., Hegeman's drug store, corner Broadway and 8th-st.

AS WAITER.—WANTED A SITUATION AS waiter in a private family; can be highly recommended from his last place; has no objection to the country. Can be seen, for two days, at Mr. Wabot's upholstery store, No. 30 East 18th st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED MAN, OF 10 years' experience in the mercantile business, a situation either in an office or as salesman; would be willing to work for a moderate salary [illegible]

MAJOR ANDERSON AND THE WAR. [illegible]

DRY GOODS.

RED, WHITE AND BLUE

MOUSLAINE DE LAINES,

FOR FLAGS,

FOR SALE BY

BOOTH & TUTTLE,

Corner Chambers, Church and Warren sts.

MANTILLAS AND SHAWLS.

We invite the attention of wholesale buyers to our Spring Styles of

MANTELS, GARIBALDIS, PALETOTS, &c., in cloth, silk and lace goods, which are entirely new in shapes and patterns. Also new and desirable

SPRING SHAWLS,

from auction, at extremely low prices.

E. S. MILLS & CO.,
Nos. 343 and 344 Broadway, New-York.

BANNER SILKS,
RED, WHITE AND BLUE,
IN
40, 45, 60 AND 72 INCHES WIDE,
for sale by
A. T. STEWART & CO.

AT MACY'S.

LADIES VISITING NEW-YORK WILL FIND AT
R. H. MACY'S,
6th-av. and 14th-st.,

A COMPLETE STOCK OF LADIES' UNDER LINEN, made in the best manner, 25 PER CENT. LESS THAN BROADWAY PRICES. A full assorted stock of Ladies', Gent's and Children's GERMAN and ENGLISH HOSIERY and UNDER WEAR, 20 PER CENT. LESS THAN BROADWAY PRICES.

A magnificent stock of RIBBONS, (latest styles,) FINE FRENCH FLOWERS RUCHES, TABS, HEAD DRESSES, &c., full 30 PER CENT. LESS THAN BROADWAY PRICES.

A complete stock of REAL and IMITATION LACES, MANTILLA LACES, MANTILLA CENTRES, LACE MANTILLAS and SHAWLS, EMBROIDERIES of every description and price.

PARASOLS, &c. MUCH BELOW THE COST OF IMPORTATION.

A desirable stock of LACE CURTAINS, VESTIBULE LACES, DRAPERY MUSLINS, &c., LINEN GOODS, LINEN HANDK'FS, HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, &c., CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE CITY.

A full stock of NOTIONS, TAPES, BRAIDS, &c., complete.

Always a full assortment of our
LADIES' CELEBRATED PARIS KID GLOVES,
63 CENTS A PAIR,
NONE BETTER IN THE CITY AT ANY PRICE.
R. H. MACY, Nos. 204 and 206 Sixth-av.

FOUNTAIN'S INDIA STORE, No. 653 BROADWAY.

PINE APPLE DRESS GOODS, Plaid, Checked, Striped. SUMMER Wash Silks, Plaid and Checked, Wide. SEERSUCKERS, Nankeens, Pongees, Hdkfs. Grapes. PINE APPLE for Summer Bonnets, all colors. PLAIN and PLAID Black Pineapple, for Dresses, &c. ALSO, GOODS not to be procured elsewhere, French and China FANS, American Indian Curiosities.

SALE OF HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS TO CLOSE THE BUSINESS.

We offer from this day forward until sold, our entire stock for cash, at less than cost, in small or large lots, to suit purchasers. The attention of City and country buyers respectfully invited.

BORSEY, FARRELL & CO., No. 43 Chambers-st.

T. CUMMINGS'S—6TH-AV., CORNER 20TH-ST.—Just received an invoice of New Ribbons, Paris Flowers, Ruches, Dress Laces, Embroideries, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Parasols, Sun Umbrellas, Linen Goods, Linen Hdkf's, all kinds White Goods, bleached and brown Muslins, Dress Linings, Fancy Bonnets and Linings, Collars, Ladies' ready-made under Linen, all kinds small Wares, Gents' Furnishing Goods. We [illegible]

TEACHERS.

AS GOVERNESS.—A SITUATION IS DESIRED by a lady who has had many years experience as governess in Scotland and America, where she taught English in all its branches, the rudiments of Latin, French vocal and instrumental music, drawing, plain and fancy needlework and embroidery. Address A. M., No. 281 Pearl-st., Brooklyn, N. Y. Reference may be made to Rev. H. J. Van Dyke, D. D., No. 11 Monroe-place, Brooklyn N.Y.

AS RESIDENT GOVERNESS.—NO SALARY REQUIRED.—A young lady, fully capable of instructing in English, French and music, is desirous of procuring the situation of resident governess in some family residing in New-York or Brooklyn, or in the vicinity; a comfortable home will be received as entire compensation for her services; references exchanged. Address M., Station D, Post-office, New-York.

AS TEACHER.—A NEW-ENGLAND LADY, EXPERIENCED in tuition, desires a reëngagement as teacher in a school or family; her attainments comprise music, French, (which she speaks,) Latin, Italian and the various branches of English; unexceptionable references exchanged. Address, stating duties and proposed salary, TUITION, Box No. 1,504 New-York Post-office.

A FEMALE TEACHER IS WANTED IMMEDIATELY to take charge of a select private boarding and day school, a few hours' ride from the City; must be thoroughly competent to teach all English branches, (drawing and painting desirable.) Prompt attention will be given to communications. Address PROPRIETOR, Box No. 132 *Times* Office.

A TEACHER.—A RESIDENT (FEMALE) TEACHER of music, for a class of pupils not far advanced in the science, is required in a young ladies' boarding school, not far from the City of New-York, who can also teach effectively mathematics, Latin and English grammar. Address R. N., Post-office, Box No. 138, Yonkers, N. Y. Services to commence May 1.

AS TEACHER.—A YOUNG LADY THOROUGHLY competent to teach the French and Spanish languages with the English branches, wishes a situation as teacher in a Seminary in or near some large town. Address SAVERELL, Skaneateles, New-York.

AS TEACHER.—A LADY WHO HAS HAD much experience in the instruction of children, wishes a situation as teacher in a family residing in the country; references exchanged. Address soon, D. E. M., Box No. 628 Newark Post-office.

AS GOVERNESS.—A LADY ACCUSTOMED TO teaching desires a situation as resident governess, to teach young children and assist in sewing; references exchanged. Address ELLA, stating particulars, Brooklyn Post-office.

HELP WANTED.

A CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A GIRL to do chamberwork and assist in taking care of two children in a private family. Apply at No. 116 East 3—st., between 8 and 10 A. M.

A COOK, &c.—WANTED, A YOUNG WOMAN WHO is active and cleanly, understands plain cooking, is a good washer and ironer. Such a one bringing City references will find a good home. Apply at No. 106 Sullivan-st., for two days.

A COOK, LAUNDRESS, &c.—WANTED, TO go to Newport on the 1st of May, a first-class cook, (Protestant,) understanding baking and pastry in all their branches. Also, a laundress and chambermaid, (Protestant,) who can do fine washing and fluting. None without City references need apply, at No. 56 East 23d-st., on Saturday, April 27, before 12 o'clock. Enter by the basement.

AN ENGINEER.—WANTED, AN ENGINEER that is a blacksmith and can shoe horses, to go in the country, about 30 miles from the City. Apply to GEO. UNDERHILL & CO., No. 83 Warren-st., up stairs.

A HOSTLER AND GARDENER.—WANTED, a man as hostler and gardener, to go one mile from Hoboken; a Scotchman preferred. Apply at No. 7 Chatham-square.

MORE AGENTS WANTED.—ADDRESS, INclosing stamp, E. L. BARTLETT, No. 208 Broadway, Room No. 2½, New-York.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

VETERANS OF THE WAR OF 1812.—YOU are respectfully invited to attend Divine Service at the Reformed Dutch Church, in Washington-square, in a body, on SUNDAY NEXT April 28, at 3 o'clock P. M. Sermon by Rev. Dr. HUTTON. Let every Veteran attend, and meet at the corner of Washington-square and 4th-st. Let us all attend.

H. RAYMOND, Brigadier-General.
ABRAHAM DALLY, Col.

THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE NEW-YORK Young Men's Christian Association will be held on SUNDAY EVENING NEXT, 28th inst., at the Broadway Tabernacle Church, corner 34th-st. and 6th-av., at 7½ o'clock. Reports of the President and Treasurer will be read and a sermon to young men will be preached by the Pastor Rev. J. P. THOMPSON, D. D. The public are cordially invited to attend.

SPECIAL PRAYER MEETING—SUNDAY EVENING, to commence at 7½ o'clock, in the Attorney-st. M. P. Church, the object of which is to pray for the Government and those engaged and about to engage in defending it. All are invited to take a part. Preaching morning and afternoon by the Pastor, Rev. W. HAMMOND.

FREE CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION, in East 14th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. In consequence of the unavoidable presence of the Bishop in Albany the right of Confirmation will be administered on SUNDAY EVENING 28th inst., at 7½ o'clock; and not on FRIDAY EVENING, as announced.

REV. N. C. LOCKE, D. D., WILL PREACH in the Northeast Presbyterian Church, on SUNDAY, April 28, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$1,000 FOR SALE—AT A GREAT BARGAIN, a very profitable manufacturing business; $1,000 will purchase the will, machinery and stock of a first-rate business, where $5,000 to $6,000 per annum net, can be made with the usual attention to business; steam-power now in the factory. A note addressed S. W. P., Box No. 170 *Times* Office, stating where an interview can be had, will receive attention.

$500.—ANY RESPECTABLE PERSON having this amount to loan his employer, on good security, can procure a salary of $16 per week permanently. Apply at FARN & CO.'S, No. 117 Nassau-st., Room No. 13.

$100 PER MONTH MADE BY ANY ONE with stencil tools. For circular explaining the business, address JOHN MILLIKEN, Lawrence, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL PACKAGES OF stationery and jewelry, at prices one-third less than can be purchased elsewhere. Call on or address (inclosing stamp) J. L. BAILEY, 194 Court-st., Boston, Mass.

COAL.

COAL—[illegible]

INSTRUCTION.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The Forty-second Semi-Annual Session will commence on WEDNESDAY, May 1st. Circulars may be obtained of Jas. Y. Vanbeck, rooms of A. B. & D. Sands, No. 100 Fulton-st., or by addressing the Principal. D. S. ROWE, M. A.

BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
NORWALK CONN.
C. M. SELLECK, Principal.
The Summer session of this school will commence on WEDNESDAY, 1st of May next.

FLUSHING INSTITUTE,
A school for boys, at Flushing, L. I.
For circulars, &c., address E. A. FAIRCHILD.

TO PARENTS.—THE ADVERTISER, RESIDING with her family, at a pleasant and healthy country house and farm, near the Hudson, opposite Hyde Park, having two daughters to educate in English branches and music, is desirous of receiving eight or ten young girls, between the ages of eight and twelve years; the strictest attention will be paid to their morals and manners, and they will receive a mother's care in every respect; no pains will be spared to make them happy, healthy and intelligent. Address, for further particulars, Mrs. C., Box No. 149 *Times* Office.

FAMILY SCHOOL AT BRATTLEBORO, VT.—Rev. A. P. Morris, M. A., of Worcester College, Oxford, England, Rector of St. Michael's Church, Brattleboro, receives a few boys into his family. He refers by permission to Mr. Morris refers among others to Rev. Morgan Dix, Rev. W. E. Eigenbrodt, D.D., Hon. George Folsom, Robert B. Minturn, Esq., Prof. H. Drisler, of Columbia College; and to his brother, Charles D. Morris, M. A., Rector of Trinity School, N. Y. (No. 161 West 14th-st.,) from whom circulars may be obtained.

ELM PARK ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS, LITCHFIELD, CONN.—Dr. JAMES RICHARDS, Principal. Healthiest location in the Union. Thorough mental, moral, and physical training. Accommodations superior. Fine bowling-alley and play-room for exercise. Summer session begins May 7. For circulars, &c., apply at No. 135 5th-av., corner of 20th st., office of J. Howland Birt, Esq., where a teacher can be seen daily from 4 to 5 P. M.

THE SUBSCRIBER, LATE PRINCIPAL OF MONSON ACADEMY, will receive into his family, to prepare for College or for business, not over six or eight private pupils. Parents who wish for their sons a safe and genial Christian home, in a pleasant village, where they will receive the daily care and instruction of an experienced teacher, may address, for reference and further particulars, Rev. JAMES TUFTS, Monson, Mass.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 212 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington-square. Twelve professors and 200 pupils of all ages. Full classical and commercial course. Students for West Point, Harvard, Columbia and other Colleges are admitted at any time to the classes for which they are prepared. Fourth term begins April 11, 1861. CLARKE & FANNING, Proprietors.

SUNNY SIDE COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, IRVINGTON, N. Y., in a location of unsurpassed beauty and salubrity, one hour's ride from the City, commences its Spring Term April 6, 1861. Number of boarding pupils limited to twenty. A. STEBBINS and J. FOWLER, Principals. Circulars at Ivison & Phinney's, No. 48 Walker-st.; Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway; Crowen's, No. 699 Broadway.

THE THOROUGH EDUCATION OF A daughter, in high-toned principles, refined manners and elegant accomplishments under strictly family influence, is secured at Ravenswood Institute, L. I., the most delightful and healthy position near the City. Circulars at Mr. BROWN'S, No. 519 Broadway.

PARENTS MAY FIND A PLEASANT AND safe retreat in a Christian boarding school for their children. Circulars and reference had of A. A. Gould, No. 197 Bowery; Speiman Gibbs, No. 161 Grand-st.; Henry Coe, No. 3 Stone-st.; Chas. V. Clark, No. 5 Coenties-slip, house No. 191 Union-st., Brooklyn.

A LIMITED NUMBER OF PUPILS, BOYS or Girls, will be received in a private family, where they can be instructed in all the branches of a polished English and classic education. Situation retired and convenient to City. For terms and particulars inquire of H. T. WINTER, No. 494 6th-av.

WHITE PLAINS INSTITUTE—A FAMILY Boarding-school for Boys, reopens May 1; number limited, thorough instruction, liberal treatment. For an interview with the Principal, or Circulars, with particulars and references, address A. WATSON, A. M.

MOUNT VERNON BOARDING SCHOOL.—The summer term of this Institution will commence on the first Monday in May. For circulars, address the Principal, JOHN OAKLEY, Mount Vernon, Westchester County, N. Y.

WEST HARLEM SELECT SCHOOL FOR young ladies and children is about to be removed from 125th-st., to south side of 129th-st., first house east of 6th-av., and will commence its summer term Wednesday, May 1. Miss WELLSTOOD, Principal.

FARM BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—At Little Ferry, Bergen Co., N. J., 11 miles from Jersey City by Northern Railroad. Terms from $50 to $60 per quarter. For Circulars address A. B. WINANT.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH BOARDING School for boys, at Stamford, Conn. Summer term commences May 1. For circulars address Z. B. HICKOK, Principal.

MILITARY ACADEMY, WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.
Gen. M. I. LOCKWOOD, Principal.

MODERN STYLE OF SCHOOL FURNITURE, manufactured by H. JOHNSON, 490 Hudson-st. Illustrated circulars forwarded on application.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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AT NO. 166 SOUTH-ST.
TERRY & DELLA TORRY.

ATTENTION TO NEWS DEALERS.

Another News Agency in the field. F. L. HOPE having just opened the old-established News Agency, formerly kept by Samuel Yates, No. 109 Nassau st., is now prepared to fill all country orders at the shortest notice. Having been for many years with the leading firms in New-York, it enables me to have a thorough knowledge of the business in all its branches. Terms cash accompanying all orders, which will be forwarded at the shortest notice.

F. L. HOPE, No. 109 Nassau-st., New-York.

STEAMBOAT "JOHN HART," ALIAS CONFIDENCE."

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Hull 160 feet long, 23 feet beam, 8½ feet hold; engine 36 inch cylinder 9 feet stroke in good condition, and now running. Apply to CHAS. W. COPELAND, No. 122 Broadway, New-York.

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Made, at a few hours' notice, complete and ready for use.
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BUNTING.

250 Pieces ENGLISH BUNTING for sale by
STURGIS, SHAW & CO.,
Nos. 74 and 76 Murray-st.

TO ARCHITECTS.—THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS of Kings County, having resolved to build a Court-house for said County, the undersigned, by authority and on behalf of said Board, hereby invite architects who desire to compete for prizes to submit plans on or before 12 o'clock noon, on or before the 3d day of June next, to be deposited with A. H. OSBORN, Clerk of said Board, at his office, No. 385 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

The prizes will be $500 for the first, $225 for the second, $75 for the third, and $50 for the fourth, to be adjudged by the Board of Supervisors, they reserving the right to reject all, or to adopt portions of all those to whom premiums may be awarded.

Circulars giving the location and a diagram of the ground, the required accommodations to be provided in said building, together with the rules to be observed by those presenting plans for competition, may be procured of said Clerk, or of either of the undersigned.

STEPHEN CROWELL, No. 345 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, or No. 62 Wall-st., New-York,
WILLIAM COIT, No. 9 Court-st., Brooklyn,
JOHN GARRISON, corner Bushwick-av. and Cook-st.,
WILLIAM J. CROPSEY, Fort Hamilton,
SAMUEL BOOTH, No. 64 Myrtle-av., Committee.

BOOKS FOR SUBSCRIPTIONS, TO AID in the equipment &c. of the First Regiment of "The New-York Legion," are open at the following places:
John W. Haywood's, corner Delancey and Chrystie sts.
Andrew Hood's, No. 4 William-st.
J. B. Bond & Co.'s, No. 59 Beaver-st.
To all who feel patriotic and benevolent, the above is a sufficient notice.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR FIFTEEN Trustees of the New-York Society Library, will be held at the Library Building in University-place, on TUESDAY, April 30, 1861, between the hours of 3 and 10½ o'clock P. M.; and the annual meeting of the Shareholders will be held on the same day and at the same place, at 7 o'clock P. M. W. J. HOPPIN, Sec'y.

ENGLISH SOLES AND ENGLISH MUTTON for dinner to-day. For sale English Sprats, Mutton Bacon, Ham, Finnan Haddock, Lochfine Herring, Pickled Salmon, 25 cents per pound, Filberts, &c. Dunlop's Ale, in fine condition, on draught.

T. RICHARDSON, Agent, No. 66 Maiden-lane, corner of William st.

WOOD'S FIELD SEDAN OR AMBULANCE has met with general approval. Manufactured by WADE & FORD, Surgical Instrument makers, No. 85 Fulton st., New-York.

JEWELER'S ROLLS.—HAND AND POWER screw press; lot of ingot molds; crucibles, &c.; been but little used; for sale cheap. Apply to GEO. KNAPP, No. 30 Rose-st.

PETROLEUM.—CRUDE PETROLEUM FROM Titusville Oil Wells, for sale by EMPIRE OIL CO., No. 126 Maiden-lane.

WM. HARRISON, UNDERTAKER, NO. 26 CHRISTIE-ST.—Coffins, shrouds, caps, &c., constantly on hand.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—GOING FROM FORTIETH-STREET AND 5th-av., and through 42d st. to 4th av., a memorandum book of no value but to the owner, and by returning it to 313 West 40th-st. the finder will have 50 and thanks of the owner. THOS AULD, 313 West 40th-st.

LOST—ON WEDNESDAY, IN 5TH AV., OR BROADWAY, between 4th-st. and Tiffany's, a worked CARD CASE containing cards. The finder will be liberally rewarded on restoring it to No. 41 5th-av.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

WAGONS, [illegible]

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, APRIL 26, 1861.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

Published in the Times Building, fronting the City Hall Park, on Park-row, Spruce and Nassau sts.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Daily) is published every morning and evening—Price Two Cents; mailed at Six Dollars a year.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Semi-Weekly)—Three Dollars a year; two copies to one address for Five Dollars. *Any person who will send us a Club of FIVE subscribers may receive an extra copy for himself, or retain Two Dollars and a Half as his commission.*

THE NEW-YORK TIMES (Weekly)—Two Dollars a year; two copies Three Dollars; five copies Five Dollars. *Any person who will send as a Club of TEN subscribers at $1 each, shall receive an extra copy for himself—or may retain One Dollar as his compensation.* The *Semi-Weekly* and *Weekly* sent to Clergymen at the lowest club rates. Specimen numbers forwarded on application.

THE TIMES FOR CALIFORNIA is published on the departure of every Mail steamer. Price, in wrappers, five cents for single copies.

Terms—Cash invariably in advance.

All letters to be addressed to H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Proprietors of the New-York Times, New-York City.

Amusements this Evening.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—Metamora.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—The Seven Sisters.

WINTER GARDEN—Merchant of Venice—Katherine and Petruchio.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—The Heir at Law.

NEW-BOWERY THEATRE—Harold Hawke—Charles the Second—The Two Highwaymen.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Afternoon—Don Cæsar de Bazan. Evening—Capitola. Curiosities at all Hours.

GOUPIL'S, No. 792 Broadway—Church's Painting, "The North"—for the benefit of the Italian Fund.

CHURCH'S PAINTING—"The Heart of the Andes"—at Low's Building, corner Court and Joralemon streets, Brooklyn.

To Advertisers.

Unless advertisements for the Times are handed in before 7½ o'clock P. M., it will be utterly impossible to insert them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

There seems now to be no longer any necessity for fearing for the safety of Washington. From information furnished to us from apparently authentic sources, we have no doubt that the Sixth, Seventh, Twelfth and Seventy-first New-York Regiments are now there, and prepared, with the troops from other States which have also reached there, to oppose successfully any demonstration which the Secessionists may see fit to make against the place. It is reported that the latter are rapidly concentrating at some point in the vicinity; but the report that Jeff. Davis has already arrived in Richmond is now positively denied. It is also denied that Gen. Beauregard is there, or anywhere else in Virginia. It is a fact, however, that Alex. H. Stephens, the Secessionist Vice-President, is there, and we publish, this morning, a report of a speech made there by him only two nights ago.

The latest accounts from Baltimore represent matters there as comparatively quiet. The business of the place is entirely ruined, the wholesale houses all being closed, and the clerks ordered to enlist. There was no distinction made between men of Northern and those of Southern birth, but all were required to take up arms alike, in consequence of which great numbers of the former were making their escape from the city. Five car loads of flying families arrived at Chambersburgh, Penn., yesterday morning. The idea of a demonstration against Fort McHenry seems to have been abandoned.

Gov. Morgan has issued a Proclamation, calling for twenty-one regiments of volunteers, of 780 men each, in addition to seventeen regiments previously called for—thirty-eight regiments in all. The number of companies enrolled at Albany, up to yesterday morning, was one hundred and sixty. The Board of State Officers have passed several important resolutions relative to the manner of organizing the volunteers, which we publish elswhere.

The excitement at Norfolk, consequent upon the destruction of the Navy-yard there, ran very high at last accounts. All the vessels which were set on fire, it appears, were not entirely destroyed, but so nearly so that probably but one of them could be made available for some time to come, even if it were possible to take them out under the guns of Fort Monroe. Capt. John Rogers, of the Navy, and Capt White, of the Topographical Engineers, both of whom were accidentally left behind when the United States forces evacuated the yard, are held as prisoners at Norfolk.

The ominous silence of the Southerners relative to their threatened attack upon Fort Pickens, is perhaps the best proof which could be adduced that the attack has already been made, and that it has proved unsuccessful. The Cincinnati *Gazette*, of Wednesday, states, on the authority of a letter received by the drum-major at Newport Barracks, from his son, who is stationed at Fort Pickens, that on the 17th inst. the Fort was unsuccessfully attacked by the Secession forces, who were driven back with the loss of thirty-three men, while not a person in the garrison was injured. It is impossible of course, in these days of exaggerated and false reports, to know exactly how much faith to put in this story.

The large light-draft steamer *Kill Von Kull*, of the Elizabethport Ferry Company, has been chartered for the purpose of conveying provisions to Annapolis, and was yesterday loaded with a large and miscellaneous assortment for that purpose. She also took an immense quantity of timber, railroad spikes, &c., and a number of laborers to effect the repairs of the bridges and railroads in the vicinity of Annapolis.

The Rhode Island Regiment, 548 strong, in command of Col. Jas. W. Pitman, arrived here yesterday, in the steamer *Empire State*, and were transferred to the *Bienville*, which was chartered to convey them South. They are perfectly equipped, have 12 horses, and have provisions for 30 days. They will join the detachment now supposed to be in Washington, making about 1,200 men, all under Gov. Sprague's command.

An additional subscription of $73,000, by merchants and others, for the use of the Regiments leaving the City for the war, is announced to-day. Mr. Wm. B. Astor's subscription is $15,000.

We publish this morning a confirmation of the report of the seizure of Fort Smith in Arkansas. Solon Borland led the Arkansas State troops. They met with no opposition—as the United States troops had been withdrawn.

An important Committee meeting of the Board of Aldermen was held yesterday afternoon, on the subject of the equipment of New-York regiments of volunteers. Alderman Boole stated that he had had an interview with the Union Defence Committee, but could obtain nothing satisfactory from them as to their purposes in the matter. He wished it to be remembered that there were no arms of consequence to be procured either in the City or the State. He thought it imperative that an officer should be immediately dispatched to England to purchase 250,000 stand of arms, which could be brought here within a month. Alderman Froment thought the Union Committee and not the Common Council should do this. He opposed any more appropriations. Hon. Daniel E. Sickles, who was present, made some remarks, and said that it had been suggested that at least 5,000 stand of arms might be immediately purchased in Canada. A resolution was agreed upon, to be presented to the Board of Aldermen in the evening.

The Board of Alderman met last night. Hon. James E. Kerrigan, member of Congress elect of the Fourth District, sent in a communication stating that he was recruiting a regiment, that he had used every effort towards supporting his recruits, and applying for quarters and means of equipping them. He had applied to the Union Defence Committee, but their reply was unsatisfactory. Alderman Boole offered a resolution calling on the Union Defence Committee to communicate what provision they were making, if any, out of the $1,000,000 voted them by the Common Council for recruiting, organizing, uniforming and equipping the several regiments of volunteers now being formed and to be formed in the City, and when the uniforms, arms, and equipments would be ready. A letter was received from the Defence Committee, acknowledging the appropriation of $1,000,000, and promising that it should be faithfully and economically appropriated. Kerrigan's application was laid over till 5 P. M. this day. In the Board of Councilmen a resolution was adopted directing the Croton Board to cease for the present advertising for proposals to lay down Belgian pavement, where the same is payable from the Belgian pavement appropriation. The Union Safety Committee acknowledge the receipt of a copy of the ordinance placing the appropriation of $1,000,000 for military purposes, at their disposal. The vacant chair of Councilman Ottinell, absent as Captain of Company D, Twelfth Regiment, was draped with the Stars and Stripes.

A special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday afternoon, Pelatiah Perit, Esq., in the Chair. After some ordinary business, Mr. Dehon, Treasurer of the Committee appointed to raise subscriptions to uphold the Government, stated that he was authorized by the Committee to say that they had procured large subscriptions, the details and disbursements of which they would submit at the next meeting. The amount subscribed was over $100.000. On motion, the Committee of the Chamber of Commerce was merged into the Citizens' Committee. On motion of Mr. Conkling, the Committee were authorized to pay over the balance in their hands to the Citizens' Committee.

The arrival of the *Asia* at New-York supplies Liverpool dates to the 13th and Queenstown dispatches to the 14th inst. The news is of interest. Mr. Gregory had recalled the attention of the House of Commons to the propriety of recognizing at once the Southern Confederacy; and Mr. Forster had introduced a resolution declaring that should that measure be determined upon, it must be preceded by the most explicit engagements on the part of the South against the reopening of the Slave-trade. An incident which occurred at Rome, during the Easter festivities, was exciting much attention in Paris and London. Mr. John F. Stockton, the *Chargé* at the Imperial City, was interrupted rudely in his passage to a place reserved for diplomatic personages to witness the usual exhibition of fireworks, by the Papal dragoons; and when they urged their resistance to the point of preparing to charge his carriage, sabre in hand, Mr. Stockton presented his revolver, and by his determination put his assailants to flight. Having carried his point, and witnessed the display, the victorious diplomatist next day constrained the reluctant authorities to rebuke and admonish the soldiery. The news from the Continent is extremely warlike. Not only are preparations for a conflict in Italy proceeding with always increasing haste, but a serious misunderstanding exists between the French and English Governments in reference to the Syrian question. The former is said to have determined upon making its occupation of Syria perpetual, to which England not only objects, but proposes to send an expedition of its own to prevent such act of annexation. In the meantime, the Imperial Government had been making contracts for transporting large bodies of troops to the Italian frontier. Garibaldi had been seriously ill, but his health was improving. The spirit of insubordination had become so daring at Warsaw, that the City had been fully occupied by Russian troops, and martial law proclaimed. Prince Gortschakoff had been superseded as Governor of Poland by Gen. Mouravieff.

At Chambers of the Supreme Court, before Justice Barnard, Hackley's case was partially argued, and further postponed. In the same Court, before Justice Ingraham, the ordinary indorsement by the Court was given to a certificate for the incorportion of the "Volunteer's Home Fund Society." In the General Sessions there was one trial for larceny, in which the jury disagreed. There were also some petty pleas and light sentences. In the Oyer and Terminer a writ of error was allowed in the Mulligan case, to take the decision of the Supreme Court to the Court of Appeals. The decision of Judge Barnard in the *habeas corpus* case of Hackley was also *certiorari*ed to the Supreme Court for review. On the indictment for contempt Hackley refused to plead, and a plea of not guilty was, therefore, entered, by order of the Court.

The Stock Market advanced 2 ⅌ cent. yesterday on the Share list, but was lower on most of the Southern State Stocks. New-York Central, 73; Missouris, 40 ⅌ cent. The Associated Banks of this City have renewed the common league entered into on 21st November last, with the purpose to be ready, through the present troubles, to accommodate the Government, and at the same time meet the ordinary demands of trade. Exchange on London is easier again and unsettled for Saturday's mail, 105 to 106 ⅌ cent.

The transactions in Cotton were moderate; prices favored sellers decidedly. Breadstuffs were more sought after; Flour and Wheat advanced a shade; Corn was firm. A fair business was reported in Provisions; while the movements in Groceries, Hay, Hops, Naval Stores, Oils, Fish, Hides, Leather, Seeds and Tobacco were restricted. Whisky was in more demand and was dearer. The freight engagements were somewhat heavier.

The Steel and Gunpowder.

The Administration have not yet begun to comprehend that the conspiracy with which they are dealing is one of more than ten years' growth, and that the leaders in it are men of great experience, boldness and capacity, animated by a fanatical hatred of the North, and the non-slaveholding portions of the Union. So far from being a consequence of Lincoln's election, this armed outbreak would have taken place on the admission of California as a State, had it not been that the simultaneous passage of the measures of compromise, and the admitted prudence, forbearance and firmness of President Fillmore furnished a ground for the conservatives of the Southern States to rally upon, and drive back the hordes of secession. The Browns, Thompsons, Quitmans and Davises, of Mississippi, were ready at that time to proclaim, with the Convention of the Southern Rights Associations of South Carolina, that, "with or without coöperation, they were for a dissolution of the Union." At the Nashville Convention of 1850, the States of Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, South Carolina and Virginia were all in favor of a Congress of Slaveholding States to expedite and accomplish this dissolution. The treason was staggered by the defection of Tennessee, and soon afterwards the adoption of resolutions of acquiescence in the Compromise measures in the Convention of Georgia, by the overwhelming vote of 237 to 19, arrested the current of rebellion, and brought back all the malcontent States, except South Carolina, to a seeming, but delusive loyalty.

Ten years of secret but active and energetic preparation have matured and consolidated the conspiracy of the six States, that were so deeply implicated in the embryo treason of Nashville, and have brought others into the vortex. During this period its leaders have been engaged in demoralizing the political and personal sentiment of the South, still more deeply sapping its loyalty and allegiance, tampering with the honor of the Army and Navy, and using the high places and powers of the Government to effect its overthrow. From the Potomac to the Rio Grande, the people are paralyzed, or are hostile to the Union. Through the whole of this region Jefferson Davis may levy his recruits and march his armies without fear of the slightest opposition; and *down to the Potomac, the same liberty must be secured to the States still loyal to the Government, at the expense of any amount of treasure, and the loss of any number of lives.*

Nothing in the history of recent Governmental disasters has fallen with such a knell on the public mind of the North as the parley of the Administration with the Mayor of Baltimore, and the order for the retrograde movement of the Pennsylvania troops from Cockeysville. Peace we must have in Maryland, if it can be secured only by making the State a solitude. Communication must be opened and kept open between the Capital and the loyal States, in spite not only of Baltimore mobs, but in spite of the adverse legislation of Maryland, in spite of her organized and official remonstrances and protests, and in spite of her whole population, in arms to resist the transit of United States troops. The Provisional Government at Montgomery intend at all hazards and under any circumstances to obtain possession of Washington, and make it the Capital of their Slaveholding Confederacy. This intention we have seen exposed in a private letter dated from the "Department of Justice," at Montgomery, and written by the Israelite of Egyptian principles who figures as the Attorney-General of the new Government. The same intention was proclaimed on the fall of Fort Sumter, by the Head of the War Department, coupled by the modest intimation that it would be followed, at a reasonable interval, by running up the flag of the Confederacy over Faneuil Hall. These men speak, of course, only as they are inspired by the master-spirit of this great treason. There is no doubt that Jefferson Davis proposes to establish his head-quarters in Washington City, and with Virginia and Maryland in his interest, he will sooner or later succeed in doing so, unless the Administration are fully roused to a sense of their condition, and respond earnestly and instantaneously to the overwhelming ardor and determination of the Northern States.

The man they are to meet is to the last degree unscrupulous and remorseless. He is consumed by a lust of military glory. The peaceful assumption of a Southern sceptre would never have satisfied his guilty ambition. He is the most superb egotist this country ever saw. Even the domineering insolence of Toombs quails before the august arrogance of Davis. If he could have seen his way clear to the Presidency of the United States, he might have been the most loyal and devoted of patriots. Knowing that to be impossible, the next greatest prize for his ambition was the chieftainship of a Conspiracy, with the prospect of becoming the ruler of a mutilated empire. But he does not mean to appear on the page of history as a Cataline—and he will at any cost legitimatize his conspiracy if he can, and give it the semblance of an honorable revolution, by securing the governmental *habitat* of the old Republic, as the seat of the military despotism which he means shall succeed it.

It is for a man of this temper, and for a policy such as a man of this temper will pursue, that our peace-loving Administration at Washington must prepare. Robbery, arson, piracy, murder—such are the weapons this repudiator, conspirator and traitor will wield in the best manner he knows how. And if our friends in the Administration imagine that he is to be successfully bound with fetters of red tape, they had better appeal to the mob of Baltimore for permission to make, while they may, a peaceful escape from the "steel and gunpowder" with which Jefferson Davis has menaced them.

Machinists Volunteering.

Does the Secretary of the Navy see the point? In twenty days, when the Government may perhaps have waked up to the fact that it wants gun-boats by the dozen, and wonders why the great shops cannot turn them out like sewing machines or cockades, *there will be but a half or a quarter of the usual complement of artisans to build them.* We were yesterday informed at the large shops in this City, that the men generally preferred leaving regular work for the excitement of military service, and that large numbers declared their willingness to sacrifice regular pay to serve the Government *gratis.* Some of the managers, knowing the Government's necessity for ships, boilers and engines, are making an effort to keep their men within reach, hoping for orders by every courier. In a week it will be too late to act with maximum effect.

Where are the six war-steamers ordered by the last session of Congress, all of which by this time might have been one-third completed? Have proposals been sent out? Have the leading builders been consulted? Have orders been given? Up to yesterday, the Morgan and the Novelty Works, the leading establishments of this country, had not heard a syllable directly or indirectly about them. Who are to build them, when the machinists and boiler makers are all in the army? A thousand ton frigate cannot be had by return telegram. These two establishments, with their united force, could not turn out the first one inside of four months. Is the blockade to be commenced four months from date, and if so, what date?

We do not accuse the Government of absolute inertness. We are informed that eleven good merchant steamers have been purchased or secured, and that a large force is now strengthening their decks, razeeing them, arming them, and fitting them for immediate service. So far good, but this is but a fraction of the force necessary to make an effective blockade, an efficient ocean police, and a short and decisive war. The Government very well understands that an ocean police will be required long after hostilities may have ceased; that a shortened navy will never do, after this, even for a peace establishment, since—it is plain enough *now*—there may be at any time a demand for an immense force at short notice; the men can be raised in a week, but the ships must be on hand. If, then, we require a formidable navy, is it not wise to construct it, when the artisans who must remain, and can just as well remain at home, have nothing else to do? Could the public heart be better sustained than by instantly setting ten thousand skillful men at work, and creating business among all classes in these loyal cities? The Government may not have *time*, it is true, to devote to such outside matters as ships and arms, and we will grant that an intelligible specification would be beyond its capacity; but it need not wait for specifications; let it order *ships*—our engineers can make what is wanted.

From Virginia.

We have late and reliable information from Norfolk and Richmond, which we publish in another column. Our correspondent gives a graphic description of the destruction of Government property at the Navy Yard, together with interesting information concerning political affairs in Virginia.

He thinks the North is needlessly alarmed about an attack upon Washington *from that direction.* In his opinion the Secessionists of the State had no purpose of seizing the Capital until the demonstration in Baltimore led them to believe that they could make a successful attempt upon it, with the aid of Maryland, from the rear. Jefferson Davis is still at Montgomery, nor has Beauregard been in Richmond. Our correspondent is of opinion that Davis will not attack Washington, nor make any hostile military demonstration towards the North, until after Virginia shall have *joined the Southern Confederacy.* Her secession from the Union does not answer his purpose.

Stephens has been sent to Virginia for the purpose of inducing her to join the South. He has been making speeches all the way,—and made one on Monday at Richmond, of which we publish a sketch in another column. His mission is *political*,—and its specific object is to persuade Virginia to unite her fate with the Gulf States.

We trust the Government at Washington will at once accumulate such a force within striking distance of Richmond, as will have a very decided effect on the sentiment and action of the State. In our extremity there is no argument half so persuasive as heavy batteries and plenty of them.

Rushing to Ruin.

The Union men in Kentucky and Tennessee insist on remaining *neutral* in the contest between the Government, and the rebels who would destroy it. Mr. Crittenden made a speech in Lexington, on the 19th, in which he said:

> "That he saw no *safety* to the State, but in a position of neutrality—saying to both that, while she should hold herself in readiness at all times to act as a mediator between the parties, in order to restore peace, neither should cross her limits for hostile purposes, and that she was ready *to defend herself against all who might attack her, or endeavor to thwart her purposes of peace.*"

Hon. John Bell, N. S. Brown and Andrew Ewing and others in Tennessee, urge a similar course for that State. The Secessionists, on the other hand, with Breckinridge at their head, are zealous and energetic in urging a union with the South. The Louisville *Journal* says that Gov. Magoffin and Mr. Breckinridge telegraphed to Toombs recently that 7,000 men were under arms and ready to move to their assistance. The rebels recruit largely in Kentucky,—men and arms are furnished them in abundance there,—the Government of the State throws its influence into that scale,—and all the Union men propose to do is to stand still. They insist upon remaining neutral.

Such neutrality as this will not answer. It is all on one side. It strengthens the rebels and weakens the Government. It is a treacherous, hollow, false neutrality. It will never be accepted by the people as a discharge of the duty which Kentucky or Tennessee owe the Union. They will not be permitted to give aid and comfort to the rebels, and yet escape all the burdens and evils of the war. They will be compelled to fight on one side or the other. There can be no such thing as neutrality in a contest for the existence of the Government. *The Union men must fight for the Union or for South Carolina.* They have the power of choosing, but not of evading a choice.

The blindness of the Border States in this controversy surpasses the ordinary bounds of human stupidity. They had it in their power to prevent this war, and dictate terms to the General Government. If they had acted for themselves, instead of submitting to the dictation of South Carolina—if they had consulted their own interests, instead of pandering to the passions and mad ambition of the Slave-trade conspirators—if they had stood by the Union, and proclaimed their determination to resist any attempt to overthrow it,—not a soldier could have marched across their soil to capture Washington, and not one would have traversed it to invade the Gulf States. Whatever war the Government might have waged would have been a war at sea. Not a single Border State would have had its peace disturbed. Slavery would have remained untouched,—because half the Slave States would have remained in the Union, and could claim a potential voice in deciding its policy. In the Union and with the Union, the Border States would have preserved peace, protected their honor, augmented their influence, built up their prosperity, and fortified their domestic institutions against violence.

Providence has decreed otherwise. With a blindness that seems judicial, and in a mood which seems the madness that precedes and portends destruction, these States have rushed headlong into the burning hell that yawns before them. They have taken a position which will inevitably bring down upon them the fierce and swarming herdes of the multitudinous North. Their soil will be the battle-ground of the coming conflict. Their harvests will be blasted,—their people will be scourged,—their ruin sealed, by the whirlwind of war that will sweep over them. They will defend themselves,—they will fight bravely,—they will perish rather than yield—but all to no purpose. Providence, numbers, wealth, everything that gives strength and decides the fate of nations, is against them.

For whatever woes may come upon them, the civilized world and the voice of impartial history will hold themselves responsible.

Volunteers.

We would not for the world throw any cold water on the glowing enthusiasm which is driving the whole mass of our people into arms. It is well and noble that workman and master, mechanic and scholar should come forward in this crisis of the country, and offer to do battle for her independence. This will be a war not of classes, but of the nation.

Still, it by no means follows, because the whole population offers for the war, therefore they should all be accepted.

Our recruiting officers and the formers of the new regiments are by far too enthusiastic in the matter. We have ourselves known of men who have been drafted into some of the companies that will not be able march five miles. Men are accepted who are just recovering from sickness, who are lame, or near-sighted, or defective in various ways.

The truth is, there ought to be a close examination, by a medical man, of every volunteer. None should be taken with half-healed sores, or with diseases on them, which will soon render them unfit for active duty. For it should be remembered that the loss, after the campaign is begun, is not merely that of the one sick or disabled soldier, but of half a dozen others, who must take care of him. When there are so many sound and vigorous men, willing and glad to serve, it is a shame to be enlisting cripples and hospital patients.

We trust these hints to the recruiting officers will produce more caution.

And there is another matter, on which we would like to speak more plainly than we think it expedient at present to do. We know that a large proportion of a certain class of recruits are mere "food for powder." And it may be that some of the officers feel they are doing the public a service, in sending some of their recruits to the wars, and well ridding us of them. Yet to the many respectable and patriotic citizens who are pledging lives and honor in this sacred cause, it is at least due that they should not be compelled to fight side by side with ragamuffins and jail-birds. Among some few of the new companies there are men serving who will do no honor to any cause, and who will have to be very strictly watched in Washington by both police and the guard. An army recruiting officer is allowed much latitude in taking his men, so that they be able-bodied, because it is presumed that the strict rules of the regular line can hold in check bad passions and habits, but in a volunteer corps there must of necessity be much less discipline, and accordingly the general character of the soldiers should be more closely considered. At least no man ought to be accepted who has been under public sentence for crime.

Let our regiments be like our cause—sound, noble and pure.

Clear the Track!

George Law only speaks the universal sentiment of the whole community, without reference to party or to class, when he tells President Lincoln that the Government must clear the path to Washington, *or the people will do it for them.* There is a perfect unanimity among the people on this subject.

If any man of position, as a military leader, or as a strong, resolute commander,—would offer to lead a force through Baltimore, with or without orders, he could have 50,000 followers, as soon as they could rush to his standard. We believe George Law himself could raise, in three days, volunteers enough to clear the track, even if it should leave Baltimore an ash-heap.

This is not a spirit to be ignored or thwarted. It must be represented and directed.

Stocks of Seceding States.

Secession in such a State as Virginia is certain repudiation. She has seceded, and will of necessity repudiate; yet Virginia can to-day raise a million in Wall-street, (but nowhere else,) by the sale of her already depreciated bonds. These are as current, at a price, as are New-York securities. It is no matter at what price the State gets off a security it never intends to *pay.* It would be a crowning triumph for the people of Virginia to take a million dollars out of New-York, in exchange for worthless bonds, to be expended in arming and equipping themselves to attack our own citizens. Yet this can be done without the least difficulty. We see no other mode by which Virginia can raise money. She can sell bonds in no other market but our own. We know that the operation described has already suggested itself to the astute compatriots of Floyd, who took more than a million of clean money out of the North for similar objects, by his fraudulent acceptances, and he is one of the honored men of the State, and quite recently its Governor.

Another mode by which a great fraud could be committed upon the North, is the issue of immense quantities of bills of their Banks, which neither possess or pretend to pay *specie.* The North may be flooded with these bills, which are now purchased by our brokers at a discount of from 25 to 30 per cent. These bills may be issued to the extent of our *continental* money, without any present means of detecting the fact. Suppose the Banks of Charleston wanted to raise $500,000 in *specie*, to pay their levy to the Confederated States. All they have to do is to send a million of their bills North, and sell them for what they will bring. It is the plainest dictate of safety, as well as duty, for our brokers to strike from their list the bonds of every *Seceding State.* Such an act would be one of the severest blows that could be dealt. It would completely cripple their finances, and protect the public against the danger of a great fraud, which will certainly be perpetrated if the door to it be left open. All our bank-note brokers should at once throw out the bills of the non-specie-paying Banks of the Seceding States. This would instantly drive their bills back upon them, and destroy their credit, even in the Seceding States. Wall-street has shown itself not behind the most zealous in the present crisis. Let it put this crowning work upon their patriotism, and it will have exerted a power in the contest equal to that of twenty thousand men under arms.

A Revolving Patriot.

Mr. Samuel Colt has, within a few days, published a card declaring himself in favor of the Union, and promising to manufacture revolvers for the Government. As he has been for a long time making them for the rebels, it is time he did something for the United States. The following letter, which he yesterday telegraphed to his agents and commission houses here, shows on what terms he proposes to do it:

> Hartford, April 24.
>
> Hereafter all arms and cartridges will be invoiced to your house at the list prices, *without discount or commission*, you to sell for what price you please. Telegraph and write us at once how many arms you want on these terms. SAML. COLT, President.

Mr. Colt has sold hundreds of thousands of his weapons to the South *with* a large discount. To the friends of the Government he is less liberal. In other words, he sells to the rebels *cheaper* than to the authorities of the Republic. If he could devise any safe way of more effectually aiding the rebellion, Mr. Colt would probably embrace it.

A Good Example.—At the great demonstration at Union-square for the defence of the Union, a Committee was appointed, which has been sub-divided into other Committees, and among them a Committee to obtain subscriptions in aid of the fund to be provided. Mr. A. T. Stewart, who is one of the latter, has headed his own subscription list with the sum of *Ten Thousand Dollars!*

Care for the Sick.—The preparation of lint and bandages and similar articles has been organized on a large scale and is carried forward efficiently. But there may be quite as much suffering from sickness as from wounds. Many of the members of our regiments are unused to a hard and irregular life; all of them undergo a change of habit, climate and diet, which would be trying to any constitution. It is important, therefore, that the requisite garments and other articles of hospital use, should be provided, in addition to those of lint and bandage which are now being so liberally supplied. In order to meet these wants some ladies in the upper part of the City have secured the large social parlors of the Broadway Tabernacle, corner or Thirty-fourth-street, which the trustees of the building have gladly given use of, and invite a meeting this afternoon at 3 o'clock, to organize for the purpose.

Honor Still Due to Baltimore Merchants.—One of our leading mercantile houses held the note of a Baltimore firm, due on Monday; it was not paid. Yesterday the holders received a check on New-York, which the Baltimore firm sent forward forty miles by a messenger on horseback to be mailed. They state the impossibility of attending to this, or to any business in the last two days of last week, and add, "We pray you not to judge harshly of all of us who live in the midst of the unhappy scenes of the present moment. Give us your kind wishes and sympathies, and suspend your judgment upon our unfortunate position."

A New Adjutant-General.—Gov. Morgan has appointed Major Patrick to the office of Adjutant-General. He is a man of experience and great energy; has served in the Florida and Mexican wars, and possesses ample qualifications for the post. He has occupied for several years the post of President of the Agricultural College at Ovid, but gladly vacates it to take part in the war.—*Evening Post.*

We have Major Patrick's authority for saying that this is entirely unfounded. He has received no such appointment, and has no intention of leaving his present position. The present Adjutant-General has the assistance of one of the ablest and best military men in the State, and probably there will be no change in the office.

IMPORTANT FROM VIRGINIA.

Full Details of the Destruction of the Navy-Yard.

NO PREPARATION FOR ATTACKING WASHINGTON

Stephens on a Political Mission—His Speech at Richmond.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Portsmouth, Va., Sunday Morning, April 21, 1861.

The *Pawnee*, with the Commodore's flag at her peak, and about six hundred trusty men aboard, cast off from the dock of Fort Monroe, about 7 o'clock on Saturday evening. The crowded parapets of the Fort sent a loud and hearty cheer to the departing ship, which was answered with an exulting huzza from her populous deck. The night was bright and still, and the moon, at half-full, shed abundant light on land and sea. The *Pawnee* steamed up the Roads toward Norfolk, easily passing between the sunken vessels with which the channel was intended to be blocked, and about 8½ entered the Gosport Harbor. Her coming was not unexpected, and as she glided to her place at the dock, the men on the *Pennsylvania* and the *Cumberland*, several hundred in number, greeted her with a volley of cheers that echoed and reëchoed, till all of Norfolk and Portsmouth must have heard the hail. The men of the *Pennsylvania* fairly outdid themselves, in their enthusiasm on this occasion. They clambered into the shrouds, and not only answered to the "three cheers," but volunteered "three times three," and gave them with a hurricane of heartiness. This intense feeling on their part is easily explicable. They have been a long time almost imprisoned on shipboard, on a ship imbedded in the river, motionless and helpless, and subject to *promises* from the Secessionists of speedy demolition. In the advent of the *Pawnee* they saw deliverance from such durance, and they exulted with tremendous empassis.

All Portsmouth and Norfolk were thoroughly aroused by the arrival of the *Pawnee.* They did not expect her and were not prepared for her. They were seized with trepidation, thinking, perhaps, she had come, and along with the *Cumberland* and *Pennsylvania*, meant to bombard the towns for having obstructed the channel, and for having, the night before, rifled the United States magazine, just below Norfolk, of about 4,000 kegs of powder. Being utterly defenseless and quite terrified, the Secessionists made no protest against the *Pawnee's* presence, nor did they venture too near the Navy-yard.

The *Pawnee* made fast to the dock, and Col. Wardrop marched out his regiment, and stationed them at the several gates of the Navy-yard to oppose the entrance of any forces from without, in case any attempt to enter should be made. Having adopted this precaution, the Commodore set the marines on the *Pennsylvania*, the *Cumberland*, the *Pawnee*, and in the Yard, to work. All the books and papers, the archives of the establishment, were tranferred to the *Pawnee.* Everything of interest to the Government to preserve on the *Pennsylvania*, was transferred to the *Cumberland.* On this latter, it was also said, a large amount of gold from the Custom-house at Norfolk, had been in good time placed. Having made safe everything that was to be brought away, the marines were next set to work to destroy everything on the *Pennsylvania*, on the *Cumberland* and in the yard, that might be of immediate use in waging war upon the Government. Many thousand stands of arms were destroyed. Carbines had their stocks broken by a blow from the barrels, and were thrown overboard. A large lot of revolvers shared the like fate. Shot and shell by thousands went with hurried plunge to the bottom. Most of the cannon had been spiked the day and night before. There were at least 1,500 pieces in the yard—some elegant Dahlgren guns, and Columbiads of all sizes.

It is impossible to describe the scene of destruction that was exhibited. Unweariedly it was continued from 9 o'clock until about 12, during which time the moon gave light to direct the operations. But when the moon sank behind the western horizon, the barracks near the centre of the yard were set on fire, that by its illumination the work might be continued. The crackling flames and the glare of light inspired with new energies the destroying marines, and havoc was carried everywhere, within the limits of orders. But time was not left to complete the work. Four o'clock of Sunday morning came, and the *Pawnee* was passing down from Gosport harbor with the *Cumberland*, the coveted prize of the Secessionists, in tow—every soul from the other ships and the yard being aboard of them save two. Just as they left their moorings, a rocket was sent up from the deck of the *Pawnee.* It sped high in air, paused a second, and burst in shivers of many-colored lights. And as it did so, the well-set trains at the ship-houses, and on decks of the fated vessels left behind, went off as if lit simultaneously by the rocket. One of the ship-houses contained the old *New-York*, a ship thirty years on the stocks, and yet unfinished. The other was vacant; but both houses and the old *New-York* burnt like tinder. The vessels fired were the *Pennsylvania*, the *Merrimac*, the *Germantown*, the *Plymouth*, the *Raritan*, the *Columbia*, the *Dolphin.* The old *Delaware* and *Columbus*, worn out and dismantled seventy-fours, were scuttled and sunk at the upper docks on Friday.

I need not try to picture the scene of the grand conflagration that now burst, like the day of judgment, on the startled citizens of Norfolk, Portsmouth, and all the surrounding country. Any one who has seen a ship burn, and knows how like a fiery serpent the flame leaps from pitchy deck to smoking shrouds, and writhes to their very top, around the masts that stand like martyrs doomed, can form some idea of the wonderful display that followed. It was not 30 minutes from the time the trains were fired till the conflagration roared like a hurricane, and the flames from land and water swayed, and met, and mingled together, and darted high and fell, and leaped up again, and by their very motion showed their sympathy with the crackling, crashing roar of destruction beneath. But in all this magnificent scene, the old ship *Pennsylvania* was the centre-piece. She was a very giant in death, as she had been in life. She was a sea of flame, and when "the iron had entered into her soul," and her bowels were consuming, then did she spout from every port-hole of every deck, torrents and cataracts of fire that to the mind of Milton would have represented her a frigate of hell pouring out unremitting broadsides of infernal fire. Several of her guns were left loaded, but not shotted, and as the fire reached them, they sent out on the startled and morning air minute guns of fearful peal, that added greatly to the alarm that the light of the conflagration had spread through the surrounding country. The *Pennsylvania* burnt like a volcano for five hours and a half before her mainmast fell. I stood watching the proud, but perishing old leviathan as this sign of her manhood was about to come down. At precisely 9½ o'clock, by my watch, the tall tree that stood in her centre tottered and fell, and crushed deep into her burning sides, whilst a storm of sparks flooded the sky.

As soon as the *Pawnee* and *Cumberland* had fairly left the waters, and were known to be gone, the gathering crowds of Portsmouth and Norfolk burst open the gates of the navy yard and rushed in. They could do nothing, however, but gaze upon the ruin wrought. The Commodore's residence, left locked but unharmed, was burst open, and a pillage commenced, which was summarily stopped. As early as six o'clock, a Volunteer Company had taken formal possession in the name of Virginia, and run up her flag from the flag staff. In another hour, several companies were on hand, and men were at work unspiking cannon, and by 9 o'clock they were moving them to the deck, whence they were begun to be transferred, on keels, to points below, where sand batteries were to be built. Notwithstanding the effort to keep out persons from the yard, hundreds found their way in, and spent hours in wandering over its spacious area, and inspecting its yet stupendous works, and comparing the value of that saved with that lost.

There was general surprise expressed, that so much that was valuable was spared. The Secessionists forgot that it was only the *immediate agencies* of war that it was worth while to destroy. Long before the workshops and armories, the foundries, and shipwood left unharmed, can bring forth new weapons of offence, this war will be ended. And may be, as of yore, the Stars and Stripes will float over Gosport Navy-yard. All that is now spared will then be so much gained!

The Secessionists are excessively chagrined by this movement. The vessels were sunk in the entrance of the harbor expressly to catch the *Cumberland* and other valuable ships of war. The act was done by Gov. Letcher's order; and the dispatch to Richmond, announcing the execution of the scheme, exultingly proclaimed: "Thus have we secured for Virginia three of the best ships of the Navy"—alluding to the *Cumberland*, *Merrimac* and *Pennsylvania.*

But they have lost all, and ten millions of dollars' worth of property besides. The *Cumberland* has been piloted successfully between the seven sunken vessels, and now floats proudly in front of Fort Monroe, with her great war guns thrust far out of her sides, as if hungering and hunting for prey. It will be a hard thing for Norfolk and Portsmouth to fill their harbors with ships while she lies here in the gateway.

As usual when a set of people are foiled, the officer in command gets heaps of censure. It is so in this case. Gen. TALIAFERRO, who was put in command at Norfolk by Gov. LETCHER, is riddled by sarcasm and ridicule. He is charged with being imbecile and a drunkard. It is said that he was dead asleep (or dead drunk) at 6 o'clock on Sunday morning, and with difficulty was aroused at that hour to be told that the Navy yard was sacked and on fire! Gen. T. will be superseded immediately, or the Virginians here will revolt.

I will send you, in this letter, as there is no mail leaving here this evening, such accounts as the Norfolk papers of the morning may contain of this burning. It only remains to say that by 8 o'clock Sunday morning the *Pawnee* lay off comfortably near Fort Monroe, where towards night she was joined by the *Cumberland*, who took more time to get out. Your correspondent waited to see the dying embers of Gosport Navy-yard.

Much excitement has prevailed in Norfolk and Portsmouth all day for the following cause: two officers from the *Pawnee*—one a son of Com. ROGERS and the other a Capt. WRIGHT of the Massachusetts volunteers—were left in the Navy-yard, and were to come to the ship in a small boat. From the quickness and fierceness of the fire they were cut off and bewildered, and made to the Norfolk shore. It was broad daylight when they landed, and being in uniform they were instantly arrested as prisoners. It was with difficulty their lives were saved from the populace. It was stated during the day that Com. PAULDING had sent up word if they were not released he would come up and blow the towns to pieces. This appalled the timid, and many fled to the woods; but the mass remained and went bravely to work planting cannon below the towns to oppose the ships. The prisoners are not surrendered.

Gov. WISE is in Norfolk, and six or seven hundred troops from the interior are ordered hither.

YORK.

PORTSMOUTH, Va., Monday Evening, April 22, 1861.

The Baltimore papers of this morning bring me most startling and incredible intelligence. I learn from them that Gov. WISE, at the head of a formidable army, is hovering over the City of Washington and just about to pounce on it. I know that a few hours since I crossed over the ferry from Norfolk to Portsmouth, in company with Gov. WISE, and that he had no army—not so much as an aid-de-camp—with him, so far as I could see. About an hour later, as I strolled around the Navy-yard, I again met the same gentleman, with only two or three companions, coming out of the Yard. And a short time afterwards he proceeded down to Hospital Point, a half mile below Portsmouth, where the Secessionists are throwing up a sand battery and planting cannon taken from the Navy yard. You may rely upon it that Gov. WISE has not yet taken the field as a military leader. Nor will he.

It is amazing how the people of the North and South allow themselves to be mutually frightened by the terrible tales told of each other. While Washington is in dread of Gov. WISE and his army invading that city, the people of Norfolk and Portsmouth are working hundreds of men, night and day, with Gov. WISE in their midst, to fortify themselves against an expected invasion of these points by the forces of the North. Norfolk and Portsmouth are, if anything, in greater dread of invasion than Washington; and both Petersburgh and Richmond, and several counties adjacent, are sending volunteers to protect Norfolk and Portsmouth—the very points that are supposed to be furnishing men to invade Washington.

The truth is, the idea of taking Washington, while long cherished by the Secessionists, has been sprung upon them as a practicable achievement much before they were ready for it. The proclamation of Mr. LINCOLN was unexpected. The sudden rebellion and rioting in Maryland were unlooked for; and it was only when the action of Maryland, taken last Friday, became known in the South, that the thought of an immediate descent upon Washington seized the popular mind. JEFF. DAVIS was at that time at Montgomery, and not a soldier was enlisted for such a service, nor rations provided anywhere between Montgomery and Alexandria, for five hundred men; nor one piece of siege cannon nearer to Washington than Richmond. All through the South the mails are deranged. The telegraph only runs through the populous towns. The bulk of the army to be gathered and brought to Washington would be distant from that city an average of not less than two hundred miles. With these data, what is the probability that within one, two, or three weeks even, an army could be gathered near Washington sufficient to force a way across the Potomac, by extemporized rafts, and seize the Capital, with even five thousand men to defend it, in the hands of such a chieftain as Gen. SCOTT? Let military men determine.

Washington must be defended. But it was in no immediate danger till the mob took control of Baltimore and then of Maryland. And now, with *Maryland quelled*, Washington is in no danger whatever. Gen. SCOTT with only ten thousand men could hold it sixty days against any force that can be gathered, transported, armed and fed by JEFF. DAVIS. The present danger to Washington *does not lie south of the Potomac, but north of it.* It is in Maryland. The United States Government must manacle Maryland and do it instantly, hand and foot, and then the Capital will be safe against the most extensive and the most desperate assault that JEFF. DAVIS may make. I speak what I do know, that it is only through Maryland's defection that DAVIS and BEAUREGARD would be tempted to make an early attack on Washington City. And when you overrun and silence the rebels in the rear, the Potomac will not soon be crossed by forces from the South.

Troops continue to pass by these waters to Washington. The *De Soto* and another vessel passed up yesterday. We have just got news of the change of the military route to Washington, so as to make Annapolis the point of concentration. This plan takes the Secessionists here very much aback, but they have hopes that the Marylanders will oppose the progress of the troops from Annapolis to Washington as earnestly as they did their passage through Baltimore. They are already talking of sending up volunteers from Virginia to help harass and defeat the march of the troops through any part of Maryland. You have no idea of the enthusiasm with which the Baltimore boat was received at Norfolk and Portsmouth—the first one that came down after the riots in Baltimore. Hundreds came out on the docks and cheered her—cheered Maryland, the Confederate States and JEFF. DAVIS.

We have here reports every day of the most extravagant and fabulous character. One is that Col. LEE has possession of Arlington Heights, and is bombarding Washington. Another is that Fort Pickens is taken, with a loss of 2,500 lives. Another, that JEFF DAVIS and BEAUREGARD are both in Richmond, and both expected at Norfolk. Up to this date neither of these Southern leaders have touched Virginia soil, *and neither will do so till Virginia has formally joined the Confederate States.* Virginia has not won the gratitude nor confidence of JEFF DAVIS' Government, and until her Convention formally abjures the idea of a Border State Confederacy and adheres to JEFF DAVIS, he will not stake his name and military prowess in her defence. Mark the prediction.

Go on protecting your Capitol, promptly, deliberately and securely; but not in a panicky and frightened manner demoralizing your men with absurd fears. You will see nothing of JEFFERSON DAVIS near Washington, or anywhere in Virginia, till Virginia has definitely and forever cast her lot with the Confederate States.

YORK.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE—MR. STEPHENS IN RICHMOND.

PORTSMOUTH, Va., Tuesday afternoon, April 23.

This is the evening of the 23d, and I find from the Baltimore papers (the New-York papers no longer come here) that "JEFF. DAVIS is in Virginia." I tell you it is not so. In my previous letter, I predicted that he would not come to Virginia, nor would BEAUREGARD, nor any other Southern military leader, *until Virginia has openly submitted her neck to the yoke of the Southern Confederacy.* JEFF. DAVIS will not waste his powder in behalf of *foreign States*.

But ALEX. H. STEPHENS is in Virginia. He is now in Richmond, was serenaded there last night, and made a speech. I send you a full report of his speech, taken from the *Dispatch*. Now, STEPHENS is no warrior, but a *diplomatist*. JEFF. DAVIS does not come, but sends his most skillful and able negotiator. This is my prediction fulfilled. And what is most significant and conclusive, the Richmond *Dispatch*, which announces Mr. STEPHENS' arrival and reports his speech, contains a leading editorial, the object of which is to persuade, beg, bully and drive Virginia into *immediate annexation to the Confederate States.* I send you the entire editorial. You can publish all or part, as you choose.

You need not hurry about Washington, until Virginia joins the Confederates. *Then* look out for JEFF. DAVIS. But look out *now* for Maryland! *Put her in a straight jacket*—she is mad enough for one—for Virginia alone will feel competent to take Washington, if Maryland is allowed to stand in an attitude of dangerous mutiny in the rear.

You have time (after Maryland is silenced) to do your work well. Do it decisively, promptly and effectively, but not with any such precipitation as may embarrass *the unity and momentum of the blow.*

Messrs. ROGERS and WRIGHT, the two officers who were taken prisoners at Norfolk, have been sent to Richmond. The Secessionists feared an attempt at rescue, or revenge by burning Norfolk if they were kept here.

The ship *Argo*, that was seized near Petersburgh, was ordered by Gov. LETCHER to be released. Her captain (BARNARD, not OWEN as at first given,) went to Richmond, and on his representations Gov. LETCHER gave him a permit to resume the command of his vessel and clear from Virginia. But when he presented his paper, the authorities of Petersburgh declined to obey it, saying that they thought Gov. LETCHER was in error and ought to reconsider the matter! But I believe the Governor finally prevailed over the mob.

We had a terrible excitement here to-day. It was reported that the commander of Fort Monroe (Col. DIMICK) had seized certain Virginia citizens and had them in the Fort in irons! Everybody believed it—they believe anything and everything that can be started—and immediately Gen. GWYN, the new officer in charge here, sent a deputation down to Fort Monroe on the little steamer *West Point*, with a white flag at her peak, to demand on what grounds these Virginians were incarcerated. The deputation was kindly received, taken into the Fort and satisfied that the whole story was false. It was thought afterwards, by shrewd men, that the whole mission was a *ruse*, to ascertain whether Monroe was fully manned or not, as there are now fully fifteen hundred men under arms at Norfolk and Portsmouth, (not more,) and in the absence of other work they might conceive the Quixotic enterprise of storming Fort Monroe. It is generally thought here that Col. DIMICK treats these Norfolk and Portsmouth people with too much courtesy. They assuredly show none to him or his Government.

They are, and have been for two days, daily, and almost hourly arresting citizens of the United States, treating them with great indignity, merely because they are strangers passing through here. I have not been interfered with, but mainly, I think, because I am a Southern man, and go about busily with a paper in my hand, as if I was one of them and clothed with authority. By this simple process, I gain admittance everywhere, and see all that is going on.

YORK.

SPEECH OF A. H. STEPHENS AT RICHMOND.

From the Richmond Dispatch, of Tuesday.

Last night, at the hour of 9 o'clock, a large number of citizens congregated in front of the Exchange Hotel, with the First Regiment Band, and serenaded Hon. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS, Vice-President of the Confederate States of America. The distinguished gentleman was introduced to the throng by Mayor MAYO, and received with hearty cheers. In response Mr. STEPHENS returned his acknowledgments for the warmth of the personal greeting, and his most profound thanks for it as the representative of the Confederate States. He spoke of the rejoicing the secession of Virginia had caused among her Southern sisters. Her people would feel justified if they could hear it as he had. He would not speak of the States who were out, but those who were in. North Carolina was out, and did not know exactly how she got out. The fires that were blazing here he had seen all along his track from Montgomery to Richmond. At Wilmington, N. C., he had counted, on one street, twenty flags of the Confederate States.

The news from Tennessee was equally cheering—there the mountains were on fire. Some of the States still hesitated, but soon all would be in. Tennessee was no longer in the late Union. She was out by resolutions of her popular assemblies, in Memphis and other cities. Kentucky would soon be out. Her people were moving. Missouri—who could doubt the stand she would take, when her Governor, in reply to LINCOLN's insolent proclamation, had said, "You shall have no troops for the furtherance of your illegal unchristian and diabolical schemes?" Missouri will soon add another star to the Southern galaxy. *Where Maryland is, you all know. The first Southern blood had been shed on her soil, and Virginia would never stand idly by and see her citizens shot down. The cause of Baltimore was the cause of the whole South.* He said the cause we were engaged in was that which attached people to the old Constitution of the late United States—it was the cause of civil, religious and constitutional liberty. Many of us looked at that Constitution as the anchor of safety. In Georgia, the people had been attached to the previous Union, but the Constitution which governed it was framed by Southern talent and understanding. Assaults had been made on it ever since it was established—lately a latitudinous construction had been made by the North, while we of the South sought to interpret it as it was—advocating strict construction, State rights, the right of the people to rule, &c. He spoke of all the fifteen Southern States as advocating this construction. To violate the principles of the Constitution was to initiate revolution—and the Northern States had done this.

The Constitution framed at Montgomery discarded the obsolete ideas of the old Constitution, but had preserved its better portion, with some modifications, suggested by the experience of the past, and it had been adopted by the Confederated States, who would stand to it. The old Constitution had been made an engine of power to crush out liberty; that of the Confederated States, to preserve it. The old Constitution was improved in our hands, and those living under it had, like the Phoenix, risen from the ashes. The revolution lately begun did not affect alone property, but liberty. He alluded to LINCOLN's call for 75,000 volunteers, and said he could find no authority in the old Constitution for such a flagrant abuse of power. His second proclamation had stigmatized as pirates all who sailed in letters of marque; *this was also in violation of the Constitution, which alone gave Congress that power.* What had the friends of liberty to hope for? Beginning in usurpation, where would he end? You were, however, said he, no longer under the rule of this tyrant. With strong arms and stout hearts, you have now resolved to stand in defence of liberty. The Confederate States had but asserted their rights. They believed that their rulers derived their just powers from the consent of the governed. No one had a right to deny the existence of the sovereign right of secession. Our people did not want to meddle with the Northern States—only wanted the latter to let them alone. When did Virginia ever ask the assistance of the General Government?

If there is sin in our institutions, we bear the blame—*and will stand acquitted by natural law, and the higher law of the Creator.* We stand upon the law of God and Nature. The Southern States did not wish a resort to arms after secession. Mr. STEPHENS alluded to the negotiations between Major ANDERSON and the authorities of the Confederate States, to demonstrate the proposition. History, he said, if rightly written, would acquit us of a desire to shed our brothers' blood.

The law of necessity and of right compelled us to act as we did. *He had reason to believe that the Creator smiled on it.* The Federal flag was taken down without the loss of a single life. He believed that Providence would be with us and bless us to the end. *We had appealed to the God of Battles for the justness of our cause.* Madness and folly ruled at Washington. Had it not have been so, several of the States would have been in the old Union for a year to come. The gods first made mad those they would destroy. Maryland would join us, and may be, ere long, the principles that WASHINGTON fought for might be again administered in the city that bore his name. Every son of the South, from the Potomac to the Rio Grande, should rally to the support of Maryland. *If Lincoln quits Washington as ignominiously as he entered it, God's will will have been accomplished.* The argument was now exhausted. Be prepared; stand to your arms; defend your wives and firesides. He alluded to the momentous consequences of the issue involved. Rather than be conquered, let every second man rally to drive back the invader. The conflict may be terrible, but the victory will be ours. Virginians, said he, you fight for the preservation of your sacred rights—the land of PATRICK HENRY—to keep from desecration the tomb of WASHINGTON, the graves of MADISON, JEFFERSON, and all you hold most dear.

Three cheers were given for Mr. STEPHENS, and three for JEFFERSON DAVIS. The citizens repaired to the Spotswood House to serenade Col. LEE. Mayor MAYO appeared, and regretted that gentleman's absence; but having been appointed General of all the land forces of Virginia, he was then consulting with the Executive as to the proper measures to be pursued.

PROCLAMATION OF THE GOVERNOR OF VIRGINIA.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
RICHMOND, April 20, 1861.

In obedience to a resolution of the Convention, the injunction of secrecy having been removed, the following section of an Ordinance passed by the Convention, is published for the information of the public:

"*Be it ordained*, That the Governor of this Commonwealth be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to call into the service of the State as many volunteers as may be necessary to repel invasion and protect the citizens of the State in the present emergency, which volunteers he will receive in companies and organize into regiments, brigades and divisions, according to the force required, and the Governor shall appoint and commission the General, field and staff officers of said volunteers, and proceed to have them organized and instructed. And that he shall immediately invite all efficient and worthy Virginians, and residents of Virginia, in the Army and Navy of the United States, to retire therefrom and to enter the service of Virginia, assigning to them such rank as will not reverse the relative rank held by them in the United States service, and will at least be equivalent thereto." By order of the Governor,

GEORGE W. MUNFORD,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

THE WAY THEY TALK OF GEN. SCOTT.

From the Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 20.

On Friday, a Virginian here, in company with ROBERT OULD, the District Attorney, called on Gen. SCOTT. The Virginian said:

"General, I have here in my hand the evidence of Virginia's secession, do you intend to support your State?"

Gen. SCOTT, looking up, very petulantly replied: "No, Sir; I intend to support the Stars and Stripes of my country."

D.

SECOND DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 20—P. M.

Gen. SCOTT, it is said, is not on friendly terms, or even holds verbal communication, with three members of the Cabinet, viz: SEWARD, CHASE and CAMERON.

No Cause for Wonder.—It is not marvelous that ESPENSCHEID'S Silk Dress and Soft Felt Hats have become proverbial for fineness, beauty, excellence and cheapness. He is a manufacturer of many years' standing. He sees to every department of his business personally. He is more careful about the quality of his hats than the splendor of his fixtures, and his circle of custom is constantly expanding. No hat store in the City "draws" better than No. 118 Nassau-st.

D. S. Barnes'
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEDICINE DEPOT
Has removed from Park-row to
No. 202 Broadway.
Between Fulton and John sts.
Attention invited to the retail department.

The Stereoscopic Emporium, Wholesale and Retail.—E. ANTHONY, No. 501 Broadway. Catalogues sent on receipt of stamp. Photographic materials for amateurs and the trade. DEPOT OF PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS, CARD PHOTOGRAPHS OF CELEBRITIES. List sent on receipt of stamp.

Volunteers! Volunteers!! Volunteers!!! Shirts, Traveling Shirts and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, of every description, sold to all VOLUNTEERS FOR THE UNION, AT COST, at the TROY SHIRT DEPOT, No. 106 CHATHAM-ST., corner of Pearl.

Dr. Gifford's Homœopathic Catarrh Pills, No. 19.
DR. GIFFORD'S HOMŒOPATHIC CATARRH PILLS, No. 19.
DR. GIFFORD'S HOMŒOPATHIC CATARRH PILLS, No 19.

DIRECTIONS FOR USING.

CATARRH is readily detected by discharge from the nose and throat, headache, nose bleed, irritation about the throat, elongation of the palate, and other symptoms of a similar character.

For CATARRH, ACUTE or CHRONIC, in whatever form it may appear, a sure and pleasant remedy is found in GIFFORD'S CATARRH PILLS. In most cases this disease has become chronic, and in many aggravated by improper treatment, hence the necessity of thorough and uniform medication. To do this take two pills night and morning without omission, until a marked impression is made on the disease after which two pills each night will soon complete the cure.

Twenty-five cents per box, or five boxes for $1, with book sent by mail, free of charge. Address
PHILIP LEE, No. 336 William st., New-York.

Sold at RUSHTON'S, No. 10 Astor House Nos. 417 and 489 Broadway, and by JOHN MEAKIM, No. 679 Broadway; also, in Brooklyn, by Mrs. HAYES, No. 175 Fulton-st., and MILNE, No. 217 Fulton st., and by Druggists and dealers generally.

Trusses.—RADICAL CURE OF HERNIA OR RUPTURE.—Dr. S. N. MARSH, of the well known house of MARSH & CO., No. 2 Vesey-st. Astor House, opposite St. Paul's Church, devotes special attention to the surgical adaptation of his Radical Cure Truss. Also a large assortment of silk and Lisle thread elastic Stockings, for varicose veins; Female supporters Shoulder-braces, improved Suspensory Bandages, and instruments for physical deformities. A lady in attendance.

Tiffany & Co., No. 550 Broadway,
Introduce to-day the new jewel.
The order of THE "STARS AND STRIPES,"
A pin or badge for the scarf or lappel, beautifully enameled in fine gold. Price $5.

Batchelor's Hair Dye produces a perfectly natural black or brown; no staining the skin or injury to the hair; the ill-effects of bad dyes removed; the hair invigorated for life by using this dye. Factory, No. 81 Barclay-st. Sold and privately applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond-st.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines—At reduced prices, with Glass Cloth-Presser, improved Loop-Check, new style Hemmer, Binder, Corder, &c.
Office No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Finkle & Lyon's Sewing Machine Company.—Prices reduced, with new patent hemmer, new patent tucker and marker, new patent bosom gauge, binder, &c. Agents wanted at No. 538 Broadway.

Humphrey's Homœopathic Specifics,
DEPOT NO. 562 BROADWAY.
The only true and genuine article. Beware of imposition.

Dr. J. R. Newton, late of Boston, will locate in New-York, May 1, at No. 32 East 18th-st., near Broadway.

Moldavia Cream forces the Hair and Whiskers to grow luxuriantly. Sold at W. A. BATCHELOR'S new invented Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond-st.

Batchelor's new invented Wigs and Toupees are truly wonderful specimens of art. Call and see them at No. 16 Bond-st., or send for a measure card.

MARRIED.

WAINWRIGHT—STUYVESANT.—In this City, on Thursday, April 25, at St. George's Church, by Rev. Dr. Tyng, J. HOWARD WAINWRIGHT to MARGARET LIVINGSTON, daughter of N. W. Stuyvesant.

MUDGE—KISSAM.—In this City, on Thursday, April 25, at the Memorial Church, by Rev. Edwin R. T. Cook, D. BICKFORD MUDGE to Mrs. LUCY A. KISSAM.

SPENCE—MORSE.—In this City, on Wednesday, April 24, at Calvary Church, by Rev. Francis L. Hawks, D. D., CHARLES JAMES SPENCE, of this City late of Manchester, England, to ABBIE R., daughter of Clarendon Morse, Esq., of Geneva, N. Y.

WOOLLEY—WHITEHEAD.—In this City, on Tuesday, April 23, by Rev. Mr. Lowery, Mr. GEO. W. WOOLLEY to Miss SARAH WHITEHEAD, all of of this City.

BUTLER—FARDON.—On Thursday, April 25, by Rev. Thomas Vermilyea, HENRY W. BUTLER, of New-Haven, to PHEBE J. FARDON of this City.

MARSHALL—RUSSELL.—On Wednesday evening, April 24, by Rev. R. G. Dickson, JOHN W. MARSHALL to AGNES JANE RUSSELL, all of this City.

MURRAY—HILL.—On Thursday April 25, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. W. F. Morgan, D. D., WILLIAM S. MURRAY to ANNIE F., daughter of the late Capt. Alfred Hill.

☞ Boston, Portsmouth, N. H., and British Province papers please copy.

DIED.

TILLOTSON.—In this City, on Wednesday morning, April 24, after a short and severe illness, JACOB M., youngest son of Cornelia W. and Jacob N. Tillotson, aged 9 years, 1 month and 21 days.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday afternoon, at 1 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, No. 176 Mott-st., without further invitation. His remains will be taken to Greenwood.

Farewell, dear loved one, words cannot tell.
But the heart does feel for one we loved so well.

ADAMS.—In this City, on Wednesday, April 24, J. FLAVIUS ADAMS, M. D., aged 36 years.

The friends and relatives of the family, and the Masonic Fraternity generally, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, this day, (Friday,) at 2 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 4 Abingdon-square, west side. The funeral arrangements will be under the supervision of Concord and Naval Lodges, F. A. M. Ceremonies by M. W. G. M. John W. Simons.

FAIRCHILD.—In this City, on Wednesday April 24, after a lingering illness, CELESTINA R. FAIRCHILD.

Her friends, and those of the family, are invited to attend the funeral services, at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, in Broadway, this day, (Friday,) 26th inst., at 2½ P. M.

WHITMAN.—In this City, on Thursday, April 25, after a lingering illness, DIANA, wife of Thomas C. Whitman, Sr., in the 5th year of her age.

Funeral services will be held at the residence of James Pyle, No. 67 North Moore-st., this (Friday) morning at 11½ o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend, without further notice.

ATKIN.—In this City, on Thursday, April 25, WILLIAM ROBERT, eldest son of Samuel W. and Elizabeth Atkin, aged 4 years, 3 months and 17 days.

The funeral will take place this (Friday) afternoon, at 1½ o'clock, from the residence of his parents, No. 145 Eldridge st. His remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery.

☞ Irish papers please copy.

CHILDS.—In this City, on Thursday morning, CLARA AUGUSTA, twin daughter of Chas. W. and Augusta Childs, aged 5 months and 16 days.

The funeral will take place this day, (Friday,) 26th inst., at 2 o'clock, from No. 14 West 20th st.

KOHLER.—In this City, on Thursday, April 25, SARAH W., wife of Fred D. Kohler, in the 57th year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from No. 166 West 20th st., this (Friday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

☞ San Francisco papers please copy.

WHITLOCK.—In Harlem, on Saturday morning, April 20, LESTER, son of James A. and the late Kate A. Whitlock, aged 4 years, 8 months and 20 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this day, (Friday,) April 26, from the residence of his grandfather, James C. Whitlock, corner of 120th-st. and Avenue A, at 2 o'clock P. M.

HEGEMAN.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, April 25, ADRIAN HEGEMAN, in the 73d year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the Church on the Heights, on Saturday, 27th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., without further invitation.

DAVIS.—At Greenpoint, on Saturday April 25, SARAH REBECCA, wife of Edward Davis, in the 27th year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, at the residence of her father in law, No. 14 Noble-st., Greenpoint, on Friday, 26th inst., without further notice.

THORNLEY.—In Morristown, N. J., on Monday, April 29, MAY, wife of Dr John Thornley, U. S. N., and daughter of Nathaniel Pearce, of this City, aged 27 years.

WILLIAMS.—In New-London, on Sunday morning, April 21, Miss ELLEN PERKINS WILLIAMS, daughter of Hon. Thomas W. Williams, of that City.

BROWN.—At Clarinda, Iowa, on Friday, April 12, Mrs. AGNES, widow of James Brown, formerly of this City, aged 79 years.

WOOD, EDDY & CO., MANAGERS
OF THE
KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES

The subscribers, Commissioners appointed to superintend the drawing of a Lottery, having this day attended the drawing of the Kentucky State Lotteries, do hereby certify that the following are the numbers which were this day drawn from the wheel:

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS No. 247—April 25, 1861.
10, 37, 68, 41, 5, 40, 30, 33, 8, 74, 22, 19.
KENTUCKY, CLASS No. 248—April 25, 1861.
25, 46, 9, 65, 43, 57, 52, 61, 63, 58, 67, 35, 19.

Witness our hands at Covington, Ky., this Thursday, April 25, 1861.

Commissioners, J. P. NOONAN.
JACKSON SPARROW.
THOMAS BIRD.

Circulars containing schemes for the month, will be mailed free of charge, by sending to
WOOD, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

A CARD.
SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING.

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MEN AND BOYS
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The public are invited to call and examine the novelties.

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USEFUL AND ECONOMICAL.—HEGEMAN & CO.'S Benzine for the instant removal of grease spots, paints, &c., &c., and for cleaning gloves, silks, ribbons, &c., equal to new, without injury to color or fabric. Sold by druggists; only 25 cents per bottle. See that you get the genuine article.

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Fine engraving, on steel, India proofs, large paper, $1.
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Cartes de Visite, bust, 25 cents.
Cartes de Visite, full length, 25 cents.
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Wholesale orders should be sent in immediately.
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THE BOLD SOLDIER BOY,
THE BOLD SOLDIER BOY,
AND
UNION VOLUNTEER.
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THE BOLD SOLDIER BOY
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will be devoted to the interest of those gallant citizens who, fired with patriotic ardor, are flocking to the standard of their country in her hour of trial—determined to sustain the Stars and Stripes at ever hazard.

It will furnish the latest and most reliable news of the fast gathering sons of Freedom from every point, and will keep the anxious families of the Volunteers advised of every movement made in the ranks of the loved ones at home and abroad.

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OPPOSED TO SECESSION,
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and
THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAWS.

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REBELLION AND ANARCHY,
Special pains will be taken to furnish the news from all parts of the country,
CAREFULLY DIGESTED
AND
SYSTEMATICALLY
ARRANGED,
And thoroughly sifted from the mass of flying and contradictory reports by which our citizens are kept in constant agitation and uncertainty. It will thus furnish its readers, weekly, with not only full but reliable details of actual occurrences, rendering unnecessary, to its country readers especially, any other vehicle for the news.

The number for the present week contains a touching account, from our correspondent in Baltimore, of the interment of the two soldiers of Massachusetts, killed in the late encounter in that city.

Correspondents will communicate regularly from Baltimore and Washington, the latest intelligence of the condition of affairs in those cities.

Meantime all the other departments of the paper will continue to receive the same careful attention, which has already secured for it so high a reputation.

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SUNDAY NEWSPAPER EXPRESS TRAIN.

For the better accommodation of the people living on the line of the HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD, the undersigned has made an arrangement to run a SPECIAL TRAIN, which will leave the 30th-st. station at 7:25 A. M., carrying one PASSENGER COACH, which will make the following stops for passengers and the DELIVERY OF NEWSPAPERS: Peekskill, Fishkill, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Barrytown, Tivoli, Hudson, Albany and Troy; and at all Stations where the train does not stop, newspapers will be delivered from the platform of the rear car, so that all may be accommodated. All the papers published on Sunday, including the DAILY TIMES, which will continue to publish a Sunday edition during the war excitement, will be carried on this train.

News Dealers and others who wish papers by this train, will please address their orders, either *personally* or through their *Agents* in this City, to
L. N. SHEAR,
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Wholesale price of papers by this train, 5 cents.

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Medallion and Velvets from 9s to 14s. per yard.
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The treatment laid down in this book on Nervous, Seminal and Consumptive Diseases, is new, entirely original, and perfectly reliable in competent hands.
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Any organized company wishing to join this regiment must report itself through its Captain to Col. O. W. Wight, at Rye, before Monday evening next, (the 29th.)

The uniform is dark pantaloons, red flannel shirt, felt hat with feather.

The Government will supply arms, uniform and accoutrements. Every man must supply himself with a good revolver and strong Bowie-knife. Those unable to procure such side-arms will receive assistance.

Every man must be strong and healthy and accustomed to invigorating exercise.

A multitude have applied for the post of Surgeon. One is still needed who is *accustomed to extracting balls and to dressing gun-shot wounds.*

A post on the Staff is open to one of American or European military education, who has seen service in war, and is familiar with the details of camp police.

A small company of experienced aeronauts, with abundance of cordage and other materiel, is solicited.

A full company of artillery will be joyfully received. Those who have had experience in France preferred.

Every man will be required to take an oath of allegiance to the Government before being admitted into the regiment.

Donations of Sharp's rifles, good revolvers and bowie knives, or of money, may be sent to Hon. JARED PECK, office of the Port Wardens, No. 109 Wall-st.; to CHARLES SCRIBNER & CO., No. 124 Grand st.; to H. W. DERBY, No. 625 Broadway; to JAMES G. GREGORY, No. 46 Walker-st.; to Messrs. SHELDON & CO., No. 115 Nassau-st., or to Col. WIGHT, at Rye, or at his head-quarters, at No. 46 Walker-st., New-York.

CERRO GORDO LEGION,
Under the auspices of Col. E. D. BAKER, United States Senator from Oregon.
VOLUNTEERS WANTED
FOR THE
CERRO GORDO LEGION.
Head-quarters No. 117 Prince-st., between Wooster and Greene sts.

This regiment will be officered by able and competent men—officers who served in the Mexican War.

Volunteers who wish to serve under experienced officers will please call and enroll their names.

The motto of the CERRO GORDO LEGION is, "The Stars and Stripes on every Flag-staff from Maine to Texas."

Boys not enlisted.

JAMES DECATUR POTTER,
Colonel Commanding.

EIGHTH AND NINTH WARDS.
CERRO GORDO LEGION.

Recruits wanted for the above Regiment, at No. 69 Bank-st., near Bleecker-st.

Our motto is "The Stars and Stripes on every flag-staff from Maine to Texas."

JAMES DECATUR POTTER, Colonel Commanding.
EUGENE McGRATH, Captain.

ARMY AND NAVAL MEDICINE CHESTS.

Dr. THOMAS RITTER, No. 104 Cherry-st., for twenty years has made it his special business to furnish medicine chests and surgical instruments. During this period he has supplied more than twenty thousand chests. He keeps a large stock on hand, and is, therefore, able to furnish everything in his line at the shortest notice. His *Medical Manual*, of 150 pages, which accompanies the medicine chests, is the most popular book in the English language—more than twenty-one thousand having been sold.

Dr. RITTER, within a few days, furnished Gov. Sprague's Rhode Island Regiment, the steamers *Harriet Lane, Atlantic* and *Baltic.*

KNICKERBOCKERS,
ATTENTION.
HOME GUARD.

There will be an adjourned meeting of the above Corps at the Eldorado, No. 6 Centre-st., on FRIDAY EVENING, April 26, 1861, at 7½ o'clock P. M. By order
JOHN CARLAND, Chairman.
WM. BLAIR, Secretary.

WAR! WAR!!

A large assortment of Bed-Comforters on hand, suitable for Army use. Contracts made for Camp Mattresses.
N. Y. Carpet Lining Co.,
No. 440 Pearl st., N. Y.
J. R. HARRINGTON, Agent.

ATTENTION.

CAMP UTENSILS—Made expressly for the army from a design of an officer of the army. Cup, plate, dish, spoon, knife and fork, in sets, furnished at the shortest notice and at wholesale prices.
BALDWIN & JOHNSTON, No. 63 Maiden-lane.

NOTICE.

The Head-quarters of the First New-York Legion, Col. JAMES CURTIS, will, for the present, be fixed at the Drill-room of the Sixth Regiment, over Centre Market, corner Grand and Centre sts.

COMPANY, HALT!!
BOWYER'S SPIKENARD OINTMENT.

Invaluable for cuts, bruises and blistered feet. No recruit should go to the war without it. For sale at No. 612 Broadway, and at the druggists generally.

FELLOW-CITIZENS—THE UNDERSIGNED being about organizing a Regiment to serve in the coming contest, to be composed exclusively of naturalized citizens, would respectfully inform those now engaged in forming companies, or who now wish to join this patriotic move in behalf of our common country, and hold commissions in said Regiment, that it is fully determined that no volunteer shall be accepted who is not sufficiently strong in frame, inured to toil and hardships, thereby capable of bearing the fatigues incident to a campaign. Therefore, with the view of securing the services of suitable men for this Regiment, a liberal bounty will be paid each volunteer, besides the donations or contributions of the City of New-York or Brooklyn. Parties wishing information may address the undersigned, at the Brooklyn City Post Office, or call at the Globe Hotel, Fulton-st., at four o'clock, P. M., during the coming week. ANGUS McDONALD.

TO THE EXEMPT MEMBERS OF THE OLD NINTH REGIMENT N. Y. S. M.—The undersigned would invite the exempt members of the old Ninth Regiment to meet them on FRIDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at No. 543 Broadway, for the purpose of organizing a Municipal Guard for our City.
Ex-Col. H. U. SLIPPER.
Ex-Col. J. L. CURTIS.
Ex-Capt. W. P. WOODCOCK.
Ex-Capt. HELMS.
Ex-Capt. J. S. HALSTED.
Ex-Capt. J. S. HAYWARD.
Ex-Capt. A. THOMPSON.

NEW-YORK VOLUNTEER MILITIA.—NEW-YORK LEGION.—The first Regiment of this Legion is preparing to leave for Washington immediately! If 185 volunteers offer immediately they will be accepted. Volunteers for this Regiment will be enlisted at the following recruiting offices: No. 1,360 Broadway, between 32d and 33d sts., Capt. Buckingham and Capt. Nothidge; No. 481 Washington-st., and No. 94 Chatham-st., Capt. Kelly; junction of Broadway and 43d-st., Lieut. Wilkes; Head-quarters at Regimental Armory, Centre Market.
JAMES LANGDON CURTIS, Colonel.

ATTENTION ZOUAVES!
JUST THE BOOK.
REMINISCENCES OF AN OFFICER OF THE ZOUAVES.
Translated from the French.
One vol. 12 mo. $1.

This book is written by Gen. Cler, who commanded the Zouaves in the Crimea. It is full of interest for those who are enlisting for the companies now forming in various parts of the country.
D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
Nos. 443 and 445 Broadway.
Sent free by mail on receipt of price.

THE UNION MUST AND SHALL BE PRESERVED.
JACKSON LIGHT INFANTRY.

This Regiment is now recruiting at head-quarters, No. 113 Grand-st. Companies forming who wish to join the regiment must apply there immediately. The regiment will wear the United States uniform and be armed with Minnie rifles.
GEO. B. HALL.
Brevet-Major First Regiment N. Y. Volunteers.
E. R. ROBINSON, Acting-Adjutant.

REGIMENTAL ORDER.—The drill of the BRITISH VOLUNTEERS will be continued daily till further notice, from 12 M. to 6 P. M., at the Astor Riding School, No. 398 Bowery. Recruiting offices, No. 17 Broadway; "Bugle," No. 109 Grand-st.

NATIONAL GUARD RESERVE.—THE EX-members of First Company, N. G., will meet at the Armory FRIDAY EVENING, April 26, at 8 o'clock, to perfect the organization of the Reserve Corps.
JAMES M. PARKER,
Commandant First Company, N. G. R.

ADVANCE GUARD.—FIRST REGIMENT, COL. A. DURYEE.—Letters and packages for officers or members of above Regiment may be left at Recruiting Quarters, No. 632 Broadway.
J. HOWARD WELLS, Quartermaster.

MILITARY.

MILITARY CLOTHING
OF ALL
DESCRIPTIONS.
Large orders executed at the shortest notice, and at the
Lowest prices, by
DEVLIN, HUDSON & CO.,
Broadway and Grand st.
Broadway and Warren sts.

VOLUNTEERS,
ATTENTION.
THE
NATIONAL POLICE GAZETTE
CONTAINS
THE DRILL OF THE RECRUIT,
Revised, corrected and adapted to the present mode of discipline by an
ACTIVE OFFICER.

Every VOLUNTEER and every citizen throughout the land should possess a COPY of this most important work, as it will enable them to make themselves masters of the drill for offence and defence, and if called into active service they will be able in a few days, by practice, to perfect themselves for duty. In such times as these, the importance of this work cannot be over-estimated, and every one should possess themselves of a
COPY
WITHOUT DELAY.
Sold at 4 cents, at
ALL NEWS DEPOTS.

NATIONAL GUARD RESERVE.
EIGHTH COMPANY—NO. 1.
NEW-YORK, April 24, 1861.

This Company is ordered to assemble for drill at the Armory, Tompkins Market, on FRIDAY EVENING, the 26th inst., at 8 o'clock. By order of
W. A. DARLING, Captain.
F. W. HERRING, Orderly Sergeant.

ORDER No. 2, HEAD-QUARTERS, No. 600 BROADWAY.
NEW-YORK LIGHT INFANTRY.

Commandants of Companies will make a return of all men recruited, and report at the corner of Broadway and 9th-street, THIS EVENING, at (9) nine o'clock.
By order, J. McLEOD MURPHY, Colonel.
WALTER L. CASSIN, Adjutant.

ORDER NO. 1.
NEW-YORK LIGHT INFANTRY, to be used as Sappers and Miners,
COMPANY G.

Every man enrolled in the above Company will report THIS DAY at Head-quarters, No. 600 Broadway.
JOHN LALOR, Commandant.

HEAD-QUARTERS OF THE "MONTEZUMA REGIMENT,"
PALACE GARDEN, NEW-YORK, April 25, 1861.

THIS REGIMENT WILL SPEEDILY complete its enrollment preparatory to being mustered into service. Captains are directed to report to the Colonel the condition of their companies on or before SATURDAY, the 27th, at 10 A. M., and prepare for inspection. By order of
WM. H. BROWNE, Col. Commanding.
O. S. STEWART, Adjutant.

HEAD-QUARTERS FIRST REGIMENT
NEW-YORK CAVALRY, PALACE GARDEN, 14TH-ST.,
April 26, 1861.

THE MEMBERS OF THIS REGIMENT will meet for the purpose of drilling every morning, afternoon and evening. By order,
G. W. RICHARDSON, Chairman.

THE EMPIRE CITY REGIMENT WILL hold their second meeting at the general Head-quarters of the Regiment, No. 15 West Houston-st. (near Mercer,) at 8 o'clock THIS (Friday) EVENING.
By order, ANDREW SHEEHAN,
Acting Colonel.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!! MOTHERS!!!
Don't fail to procure
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.
IT HAS NO EQUAL ON EARTH.
IT HAS NO EQUAL ON EARTH.
IT HAS NO EQUAL ON EARTH.
IT HAS NO EQUAL ON EARTH.
IT HAS NO EQUAL ON EARTH.

No mother who has ever tried Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children will ever consent to let her child pass through the distressing and critical period of teething without the aid of this invaluable preparation. If life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well-tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New-York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO MOTHERS.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the only thing that you can rely upon to GIVE REST TO YOURSELF, AND RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANT.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been the means of restoring the drooping spirits of many mothers.

THIS IS THE SEASON OF THE YEAR
THIS IS THE SEASON OF THE YEAR
THIS IS THE SEASON OF THE YEAR
THIS IS THE SEASON OF THE YEAR
THIS IS THE SEASON OF THE YEAR
THIS IS THE SEASON OF THE YEAR
TO USE
TO USE
TO USE
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.
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MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

To every mother who has children suffering from any of the complaints incident to the period of teething, we say do not let your own prejudices, or the prejudices of others, stand in the way of the relief that will be sure—yes, absolutely sure—to follow the use of

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

Druggists everywhere now keep MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething. No medicine in the United States sells like it.
IT IS A STANDARD MEDICINE.
IT IS A STANDARD MEDICINE.
IT IS A STANDARD MEDICINE.
IT IS A STANDARD MEDICINE.
IT IS A STANDARD MEDICINE.
IT IS A STANDARD MEDICINE.
IT IS A STANDARD MEDICINE.
IT IS A STANDARD MEDICINE.
ITS FAME IS WORLD WIDE.
ITS FAME IS WORLD WIDE.
ITS FAME IS WORLD WIDE.
ITS FAME IS WORLD WIDE.
ITS FAME IS WORLD WIDE.
ITS FAME IS WORLD WIDE.
ITS FAME IS WORLD WIDE.
ITS FAME IS WORLD WIDE.

Physicians order and use it wherever its magical effects have been witnessed.

During the thirty years of unprecedented and increasing popularity of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, innumerable "CORDIALS" and other nostrums, prepared by pretended M. D.'s, have sprung up and lived but a mushroom existence, while the SOOTHING SYRUP has been constantly increasing in popularity and become a household word, and thousands of mothers thank Mrs. WINSLOW for the health of their children by the use of her invaluable article.

When the present race of "Cordials" shall have followed in the footsteps of their "illustrious predecessors," Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP will continue to be a popular favorite and a blessing to every mother.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

PRICE ONLY TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER BOTTLE.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, NO. 13 CEDAR-STREET, NEW-YORK.

$100,000
IN
FURNITURE,
AT A GREAT SACRIFICE,
BY
DEGRAAF & TAYLOR.

Owing to the great decline in our Southern wholesale trade, leaving us an immense surplus stock on hand, we have concluded to offer the whole
AT RETAIL, AT COST,
FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.
At either of our three stores: No. 87 Bowery, at wholesale and retail; No. 163 Chatham-st., at retail; No. 161 Bowery, at retail.

THE
MAJOR ANDERSON HAT,

We are now prepared to offer to the trade this entirely new style of Spring and Summer Hat, possessing all the advantages, as to lightness of the straw, together with a degree of elasticity and durability never before introduced in any Summer Hat.

For sale by the case, by
W. J. ANDERSON & CO.,
No. 63 Broadway.

RUSHTON'S TROCHES,
For Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Hoarseness,
CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS, &c.
No. 10 Astor House, and No. 417 Broadway.
For sale also at RUSHTON'S NEW STORE,
No. 489 Broadway, corner Broome-st.

FLAGS. FLAGS. FLAGS.
In store, a large stock, at low prices
TO THE TRADE.
P. A. DAILEY & CO.,
No. 92 Duane-st., in the basement.

CHEMICAL AND COAL OIL WORKS,
STAMFORD, CONN.
THEODORE LADD
Offers to the City and country trade, a superior article of Coal and Petroleum Oils for illuminating, at reduced prices.
Depôt, No. 173 Pearl-st.

TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET IN THE TIMES BUILDING.—Apply at the Times Office, to GEORGE JONES, or at Room No. 5, to JAMES M. SMITH.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE NEW AND ELEGANT five-story, marble-front store on the northeast corner of Broadway and Greene sts. 30 feet front on Broome-st. by 100 on Greene-st., with vaults on both streets, and basement 28 feet high. Can be divided into two stores if required.
Also, the first floor and basement of the adjoining store on Broome-st., 25x86 feet; both stores are built in the most substantial manner, and the vaults covered with granite flagging.
Also, a five-story, marble-front store, 25x75 feet, on the north side of Howard-st., 100 feet west of Broadway. The above stores will be ready for occupation by the middle of April, or before.
Apply to ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO., between 12 and 1 o'clock, or to GRIFFITH THOMAS, Architect, No. 323 Broadway, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

TO LET—THE FOLLOWING DESIRABLE houses:
No. 137 East 15th-st., near Stuyvesant-square; rent $1,100.
House and store, No. 64 Catherine-st.; rent $1,600.
No. 161 East 14th st.; rent $1,100.
No. 120 West 40th-st.; rent $600.
No. 31 Stuyvesant-st.; rent $750.
Apply to DANIEL T. MACFARLAN, No. 180 10th-st., near 3d-av.

TO LET—THE FOLLOWING DESIRABLE houses:
Nos. 144, 146 and 148 East 13th-st., rent each...... $1,100
Nos. 194½ and 210 East 20th-st., rent each...... 550
No. 209 Second-av., rent...... 900
No. 210 Second-av., rent...... 900
No. 163 East 13th-st., rent...... 1,200
No. 192 East 16th-st., rent...... 700
Apply to THOMAS MACFARLAN, No. 180 Tenth-st., near 3d av.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE OLD ESTABLISHED Eating-house, No. 90 Chatham-st., formerly occupied by Crooks, with boiler, ranges, &c., all ready to commence business immediately. This is a favorable opportunity for any person to commence the business; would be let reasonable to a good tenant. For further particulars, apply to GEO. JANEWAY, Bergen Point, N. J., or J. CROTHERS, No. 90 Chatham-st.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—A FIRST-CLASS three story and basement, high-stoop, brown-stone house, in complete order; modern improvements, and gas fixtures, corner Court-st. and 2d-place; large lot, 25x125 feet. A very cheerful house and excellent neighborhood. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Inquire of GEO. W. BLACKWALL, No. 50 William-st., New-York.

TO LET—TO A GENTEEL FAMILY, A SUITE of five rooms, well ventilated front and rear, with every convenience, on the second floor, in the brown-stone front house No. 158 9th-av. Also, a suite of five rooms, well ventilated front and rear, with every convenience, on the third floor, No. 160 9th-av. Inquire on the premises. Rent low to good tenants.

TO LET—THE MODERN FOUR-STORY BROWN-stone front house, with gas chandeliers, &c., No. 66 East 27th-st. Rent $800. Also the three-story brick house, with all the modern improvements, No. 110 East 33d-st.—rent $500; and the three-story house, No. 384 Elizabeth-st., will be let very cheap, in floors or apartments. Apply to P. McCAFFERTY, No. 110 East 33d-st.

TO LET—THE FIRST-CLASS FIVE-STORY English basement house, No. 1,348 Broadway, between 31st and 32d sts., suitable for a large private family or boarding-house, containing 24 rooms. Also, in same neighborhood several suites of genteel apartments. Apply to DINGEE & HOLDEN, No. 1,344 Broadway, or to GORMAN & HENRY, No. 68 William-st.

TO LET—THE UPPER PART OF A 30 FOOT front house, consisting of seven large rooms and two rooms in the attic, with Croton water and gas; none but an American family need apply. Inquire at No. 50 Washington Market, or No. 704 6th-av., of W. H. VALENTINE. Rent, $350.

TO LET—A PART OF A HOUSE IN AN EXCELLENT neighborhood in the XVIIth Ward, consisting of back basement, with hot and cold water and gas, front and back parlors on first floor, and three rooms on third floor; privilege in bath-room and cellar; large yard. Apply at Hardware Store No. 253 Bowery.

TO LET OR LEASE—ELEGANT FOUR-STORY brown stone house in 28th-st., near Broadway, 24x60, with every convenience; newly painted and frescoed throughout, and in perfect order. The carpets and mirrors on principal story will be sold, if desired. WM. S. DUKE, Auctioneer, No. 85 Cedar-st.

TO LET—AT MOTT HAVEN, THREE MINUTES walk from Third-avenue Railroad and steamboat at Harlem Bridge—Rent $200 a year—A cottage house containing 7 rooms, with an extra large lot filled with flowers and fruits. Apply between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., to W. H. DE LANCEY, JR., Nos 8 and 10 Pine-st., N. Y.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BROWN STONE house No. 161 Henry-st., Brooklyn; has every convenience, and is a first-class neighborhood. To a good tenant will be let to suit the times. Apply to CHARLES JENKINS No. 28 Monroe-place, Brooklyn, or at the East River Bank, New-York.

TO LET—HOUSES WITH ALL THE MODERN improvements, and in good order, in Ludlow-place, (Houston-st., between Sullivan and Macdougal,) and in Macdougal-st., near Houston-st. Rent, $700.
F. S. TALLMADGE, No. 81 Macdougal-st., or No. 50 Wall-st.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS CORNER HOUSE, brown-stone front size 27 feet 6 inches by 63, handsomely frescoed; has rosewood parlor doors, two stair cases; situate corner of 4th-st. and Washington-square, late residence of F A. Palmer, Esq. Inquire of T. A. EMMET, 73 East 20th-st., or A. J. MIXSELL, No. 306 4th-st.

TO LET—A LARGE BASEMENT, 24x84, SUITED to upholstery or manufacturing purposes, cheap. Also large second floor. Rent $240. A large cheap basement. Also lower part of house in first-class location. Apply No 342 3d-av.

TO LET—NO. 167 10TH-AV., CORNER OF 21ST-st., a first class house with gas fixtures and all modern improvements, three-story, high-stoop, with fountain in yard. Rent $550. Apply to DANIEL THOMPSON No. 1,430 Broadway, near 42d-st.

TO LET—NOS. 327 AND 329 WEST 35TH-ST., near 8th-av., a four-story brick, English basement house, in good order, with all modern improvements. Rent $600. Apply to DANIEL THOMPSON, No. 1,430 Broadway, near 42d-st.

TO LET—THE LOWER PART OF HOUSE, NO. 75 Charlton-st., consisting of two parlors, two basements, with two or three bedrooms; all large, and in good order. The upper part occupied by a small family, no children; rent low to a good tenant.

TO RENT, UNUSUALLY LOW TERMS, the two handsome brown stone front houses, Nos. 324 and 326 Henry-st., between Degraw and Harrison sts., Brooklyn. Inquire of JAMES CAIN, No. 129 Fulton-st., New-York, or on the premises.

TO LET—THE CONVENIENT THREE-STORY and basement brick house No 60 East 28th st., with modern improvements, in good order, and location very desirable. Gas fixtures, carpets, oil-cloths, &c., for sale cheap if desired. Apply as above.

TO LET LOW—FOR BUSINESS, STORAGE OR manufacturing, in parts to suit tenants, the five-story extra strong store No 13 Thames st., corner of Trinity place. Dimensions 32 by 67 feet, and has fine light. Apply to H. J. OVERMANN, No. 15 Broad st.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—TWO NEW TWO story and basement brick houses in De Kalb-av., adjoining Skillman-st., with all the modern improvements. Apply to BADEAU, LOCKWOOD & CO., No. 237 Washington-st., New-York.

TO LET—THE TWO-STORY HOUSE NO. 116 Franklin-st.; first floor suitable for any light business; store and basement, No. 58 John st.; offices in house No. 113 Nassau-st.; workshops in rear of building No. 100 William st.

TO LET—TO A FAMILY OF NOT MORE THAN two adults of quiet habits, the second floor of the house No. 26 Hubert-st., near St. John's Park. Good neighborhood; rent moderate. Address H. W., Box No. 178 Times Office.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY BROWN stone front house, high stoop, replete with the modern improvements, situated at No. 10 East 34th-st., near Lexington-av. Inquire of JAMES OWENS, builder, No. 162 East 34th st.

TO LET—BROWN STONE ENGLISH BASEMENT house No. 68 East 38th-st., near Fourth-av., and nearly on the summit of Murray Hill. For further particulars inquire on the premises. The house will be put in good repair. Rent cheap.

TO LET—A THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT house, with all modern improvements, and in first rate order. Gas fixtures let with house. No. 190 East 33d-st. Rent low. Inquire of E. L. & B. S. BURNHAM, No. 611 Hudson-st.

TO LET—THE LOWER PART OF AN ENGLISH basement house, No. 96 East 32d-st.; 6 rooms, pantries, bath-room, &c.; rent $300. Inquire on the premises, or at No. 329 Bowery.

TO LET—TWO DESIRABLE ROOMS (NOS. 5 AND 6) on the second floor of No. 609 Broadway, corner of Houston st; rent low. Apply in Dolbear's Bookkeeping Academy.

TO LET—RENT TAKEN IN BOARD, IF DESIRED, with the privilege of receiving other boarders—the dwelling part of house No. 68 West 34th-st, corner of Broadway, opposite the Broadway Tabernacle.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK STORE, No. 245 Front-st., near Peck-slip, from 1st May next; rent low to a good tenant. Apply to W. W. DeFOREST, No. 82 South st.

A SUITE OF OFFICES TO LET—NO. 5 TIMES Building. Two parties will retain desk-rooms if agreeable, paying nearly one-half the rent. Offices are carpeted. Inquire at the Times counting-room.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, No. 160 Lexington-av., in good order; rent $800. Inquire of DINGEE & HOLDEN, No. 8 Pine-st., and No. 1,344 Broadway.

TO LET—THE THREE STORY HIGH-STOOP house No. 263 West 34th-st., with all the modern improvements; will be rented low to a good tenant. Apply at No. 243 West 34th-st.

TO LET—THE COMFORTABLE FOUR STORY dwelling-house, No. 123 West 22d-st., between 6th and 7th avs. Rent $1,000 per annum. Apply to R. S. EMMET, or W. C. DORNEY, Agent, No. 45 William-st.

TO LET—PART OF A SMALL HOUSE NO. 172 1st-av., between 11th and 12th sts., either first or second floors; neighborhood good; rent moderate. E. LAWRENCE & CO, No. 62 East 14th-st.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE THREE-STORY brick house and store on Bedford-av., adjoining the [illegible]. Rent $350. Apply at BADEAU, LOCKWOOD & CO., No. 237 Washington-st., New-York.

TO LET—THE HANDSOME THREE STORY AND basement house No. 239 West 19th-st., replete with every convenience, gas fixtures, &c. Rent $650. Immediate possession given. Apply at 237 West 19th-st.

A LARGE ROOM, WITH SEVERAL SMALL ones attached, suitable for manufacturing or similar purposes, to let in Brooklyn, excellently located. Apply to FOSTER & LOPER, No. 4 Sands-st., Brooklyn.

STEAM POWER TO LET AT THE NOVELTY Works, foot of East 12th-st.; rooms 45x200.
SAMUEL LEGGETT, Superintendent.

STEAM POWER AND LIGHT ROOMS—Large and small. Possession immediately. Apply to J. & C. H. WALKER, Nos. 148 and 150 Centre-st.

TO LET—"EXCELSIOR COAL YARD," DEGraw-st., Brooklyn, in perfect order, and the most convenient yard in the City. Inquire on the premises.

TO LET—PART OF HOUSE NO. 297 4TH-AV., near 22d-st.; hot and cold water, bath, gas, &c. Apply to J. HOPKINS.

TO LET.

STEADY POWER AND LIGHT ROOMS at LOW RATES, by JOHN GAUDU, No. 168 Walker-st.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE THREE story attic basement and sub-cellar brick dwelling house, No 98 Pacific-st., second door east of Henry st. and three minutes walk from South Ferry; has modern improvements; is a very desirable residence, and will be rented low to a good tenant. J. A. RUTHVEN, No 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE THREE-STORY and basement brown-stone front dwelling house on the north side of Rapelye st., being the first house east of Hicks-st.; high-stoop, all modern improvements, and in a quiet and genteel neighborhood. Rent low to a good tenant. Inquire of W. VENVILL, No. 142 Broadway, New-York.

TO LET—IN JERSEY CITY—A THREE-STORY house with high stoop, and water and gas throughout; pleasantly located at No 67 Essex-st., Jersey City, about five minutes' walk from the ferry; to let low to a good tenant. Inquire of W. VENVILL, No. 142 Broadway, New-York.

TO LET OR FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN.—The new three-story basement and cellar house, No 305 Adelphi st., near Green-av., with furnace, five marble wash-bowls, butlers, sink, &c.; house and neighborhood first-class. Rent $650.
H. M. NEEDHAM, No. 74 Wall-st.

THREE-STORY DWELLING NO. 148 Lexington-av., corner 30th st., in good order, with all the modern improvements; reasonable rent to a good tenant. Also house No 198 East 10th st., (2d av.) furnished, if desired, and put in the best order. Apply at Fountain's India store, No. 653 Broadway.

TO LEASE FOR FIVE YEARS.—SEPARATELY or together, four lots on Attorney and Ridge sts., between Delancey and Broome sts., (now occupied as an iron foundry by John R. Platt,) to be vacant on May 1. Apply to C. C. PINCKNEY, No. 72 Wall-st.

TO LET—FOR PRIVATE STABLE, FEED STORE, or other unexceptionable business, the new building just completed in 24th-st., a few doors from the North west corner of 9th-av.; rent $300. Apply to JAMES BRETT, No. 561 6th-av., near 34th-st.

TO LET—THE FOLLOWING THREE-STORY brick dwellings, having all the modern improvements, and contiguous to several car and stage routes, viz: Nos 6½ and 91 Macdougal-st., and No. 6 Varick-place. Apply to JOHN CARR No. 1 Cottage-place.

TO LET—A THREE-STORY, BASEMENT AND counter-cellar house; has all improvements all in fine order. Can be seen at any time. Situated between 5th and 6th avs., No. 95 West 11th-st. Inquire of E. S. & B. T. BURNHAM, No. 611 Hudson-st., New York.

TO LET OR LEASE.—PART OF THE SECOND floor of Nos. 37 and 38 Park row, 70x30, well lighted and most desirably situated. Apply to JOHN M. HOOD, Treasurer Goodyear Elastic Fabrics Company, Nos. 37 and 38 Park-row.

TO LET—NO. 8 BEACH-ST.—A LARGE AND convenient brick house, three story and basement with all modern improvements, in perfect order and at a reduced rent. Inquire of REYNOLDS & VAN SCHAICK, No. 31 Nassau-st.

CORNER PROPERTY IN FULTON-ST. TO LET OR LEASE.—No. 113 Fulton-st., corner of Dutch; size, 25x28 feet. Apply to P. R. STRONG, No 76 William-st., 2d floor, from 12 to 3.

TO LET.—$200.—SECOND FLOOR. THREE rooms and bedroom in attic, to a small, genteel family. Pleasant location; No. 45 Dominick-st., near Hudson.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE FIRST-CLASS MARble front store No 554 Broadway, 6 stories high, with sub-cellar. Rent $7,000 per annum. Apply at the office of French's Hotel.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE ADJOINING LOTS Nos. 438 Washington and 33 Desbrosses st.; a first rate location for a lumber yard. Apply to A. FINDLAY, No. 5 Tryon row.

TO LET—THE SECOND-STORY AND ONE ATtic room in house No. 18 Bank-st., to a quiet family of two or three adults; gas and bath; situation very pleasant. Apply at the house.

TO LET—HALF OF A SMALL THREE-STORY Philadelphia brick house, to a small family; rent $200. Apply at No. 20 West 54th-st., or No. 195 West-st.

WORKSHOPS TO LET.—FIRST AND THIRD floors of rear of No. 20 Spruce-st. Inquire in the office of the type foundry.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET—THE FURNISHED HOUSE NO. 107 West 14th-st., (the residence of the late Wm. E. Wilmerding, Esq.,) finely furnished, in complete order, with all the modern improvements. For terms and cards of admission apply to HAMMOND & ROMAINE, Broadway and 40th-st., or No. 10 Pine-st., Room 11.

TO LET OR LEASE—FURNISHED COUNTRY house situated at Summit, N. J., with four acres of land, stables, &c.; one hour's ride by Morris and Essex Railroad from New-York; house has hot and cold water throughout and all modern improvements. Apply to F. & F. FOWLER, No. 22 Pine-st.

FURNISHED COTTAGE TO RENT.—TO rent, a cottage near Llewelyn Park, North Orange, furnished or unfurnished; one acre of land attached; plenty of shade and fruit. Inquire of GEO. BROWN, Nos. 52 and 54 Park-place.

TO LET—ON 111TH ST., BETWEEN 3D AND 4TH avs., near the Central Park, a well furnished cottage-house, 8 rooms and fine yard facilities; good for getting down town. Rent $200. Possession given immediately. Inquire at No. 209 Pearl-st., or on the premises.

TO LET—A SMALL, FURNISHED COTTAGE FOR the Summer months, at New-Brighton, S. I.; the ground is well laid out with fruit trees, shrubbery and vegetable garden; rent moderate. Apply to J. A. PARTRIDGE, No 91 Maiden-lane.

A FURNISHED COTTAGE TO LET, AT STAPLETON, Staten Island, five minutes' walk from the landing, containing eight rooms, garden, with fruit and shade trees; for further particulars, address H. H., Box No. 160 Times Office.

TO LET—FURNISHED, FOR ONE YEAR FROM May 1, a pleasantly situated house in 21st-st., a few doors west of 6th-av. To a responsible party the rent will be made low. Address Box No. 1,088 General Post-office with name and references.

TO LET—FOR THE SEASON, NEAR COZZENS', West Point, a cottage with 15 rooms furnished; flower fruit and vegetable garden attached. Inquire of G. W. READ, No. 120 Chambers-st., or to B. F. RILEY, upon the premises.

TO LET—A VERY PLEASANT FURNISHED cottage at Astoria, L. I. Inquire of M. WILLSON, at Harper & Brothers.

TO LET—FROM THE FIRST OF MAY, THE FURnished house No 36 East 13th-st. near University-place. Address Box No. 711 Post-office.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE NO. 45 EAST 31st-st., between Madison and 4th avs., or second floor, back parlor and hall room unfurnished. Rent $100.

TO LET—FROM THE 1ST OF MAY—THE FURnished house No. 36 East 13th-st. near University-place. Address Box No. 1,088 Post-office.

A SMALL HOUSE TO LET, FURNISHED. Rent $75 a month. Inquire at No. 156 East 19th st.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD.—A FEW PERSONS WISHing a quiet home away from the turmoil and excitement of the times, can be accommodated at a first-class farm-house, among the beautiful hills of Connecticut: location very healthy; ice, vegetables and fruit in abundance. Address C. B., Hawleyville, (on Housatonic Railroad,) Conn.

COUNTRY BOARD.—TWO OR THREE FAMIlies can be accommodated with pleasant rooms in New-Jersey, near English neighborhood one hour's ride from the City. Apply at 1 Middagh-st., Brooklyn.

COUNTRY BOARD.—ONE OR TWO FAMILIES can be accommodated with first class board for the Summer, on north side of Long Island; situation very fine, near the water, 18 miles from the City. Fifteen persons can be handsomely situated, with the whole house. For particulars, apply at No. 15 Gold-st., lower floor.

COUNTRY BOARD—FOR 12 OR MORE PERsons, in a pleasant situation in New Jersey, about 1 mile from the landing at Keyport; salt-water bathing and good fishing. Apply to Mr. John Cantrell sexton of St. Bartholomew's Church, No. 393 4th-av., or to W. H. Lush, No. 292 4th-av.

COUNTRY BOARD—AT MR. RICHMOND'S country seat on Rahway Road, 1½ miles from Elizabeth, N. J.: two or three families may be accommodated, and several single persons. Address D. RICHMOND, Elizabeth, or inquire of SYLVESTER LAY, Attorney-at-law, No 229 Broadway.

COUNTRY BOARD.—A HIGHLY RESPECTAble family, residing on a farm 1½ hours' ride from New York, near the Hudson River, can accommodate eight persons for the Summer. References required. Ample stabling. Address Mrs. C. BLENHEIM, Sing Sing, N. Y.

BOARD IN THE COUNTRY.—FAMILIES OR single persons can be accommodated with board and furnished or unfurnished rooms at moderate terms, in a pleasant country village twelve miles from New-York, by railroad. For particulars, address H. S., Box No. 2,299 Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.—PARTIES wishing boarders will please call and register their rooms, at the Country Board Agency, No 820 Broadway, as we have first class families now waiting.
PEET & THOMAS, No. 820 Broadway.

BOARD IN THE COUNTRY.—IN A PLEASant farm-house, accessible to the City, in a healthy locality and on reasonable terms. Apply to P. G. BULKLEY, No. 43 Wall st., Jauncey-court.

BOARD AT ASTORIA—FOR 3 OR 4 PERSONS, in a private family, beautifully located upon the banks of the East River for 6 months from May. Address HOMER. Box No. 163 Times Office.

COUNTRY BOARD AT SOUTH ORANGE, New-Jersey. Apply to A. VOSS, No. 41 Cliff-st., New-York.

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

MANHATTAN PLATE COMPANY.
MANUFACTURERS OF SILVER-PLATED WARE
No. 20 John st.
Plated German-silver and White Metal Tea Sets, Butter Dishes, Vegetable Dishes, Soup Tureens, Dish Covers, Ice Pitchers, Ice Bowls, Castors, Cake Baskets, Spoons, Forks, Ivory-handle Table Cutlery, &c.
HIRAM YOUNG.

THE POLAR REFRIGERATOR, WITH FILTER and WATER COOLER combined, is the best Provision Preserver in the world.
BARTLETT & LESLEY, No. 426 Broadway.

SUMMER RESORTS.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, SOUTH ORANGE, N. J.—This well-known Summer resort will be ready for the reception of visitors on 15th May. It is finely located with extensive grounds. Trains leave New-York from foot of Cortlandt-st. at 8:30 and 11:30 A. M., 3:30 and 4:40 P. M.
CHAS. STRINGER, Proprietor.

BUNTING.—200 PIECES RED, WHITE AND BLUE Silk Bunting for flags, for sale by O. H. GORDON & CO., No. 155 Maiden-lane.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS consisting of back parlor and two large rooms on second floor, with closets and bedrooms, can be had at No. 130 East Broadway. Gentlemen and their wives preferred. No objection to children.

BOARDING.—TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN and their wives, or three or four single persons, can have board with pleasant rooms at No. 44 East 16th-st., near Union square; the house is finely located, has gas, both hot and cold water, &c.; dinner at 6½ o'clock; terms for two persons $8 to $14 per week, according to rooms.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE AND two single gentlemen can obtain desirable rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with board, in a first-class house, with all the improvements, by applying at No. 11 Willow-st., Brooklyn Heights, near Wall and Fulton Ferries; references exchanged; no moving in May.

BOARDING.—VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS, single or in suites, with board, in a first-class house in 28th-st., between Madison and 5th avs. A private table if desired. Persons of religious or strictly moral habits preferred. Apply at No. 108 Lexington av., between 31st and 32d sts. Prices reduced.

BOARDING.—A FEW SINGLE GENTLEMEN or gentlemen and their wives, can be accommodated in a small private family, with pleasant rooms and board, from first of May. Location 23d st; terms reasonable. Reference required. Address E. M. M., Box No. 182 Times Office.

BOARDING.—SMALL FAMILIES OR SINGLE gentlemen who desire really neat and genteel board, at moderate rates, can be well accommodated at No. 12 Ashland-place, Perry-st., between Waverly-place and Greenwich-av.

BOARDING.—THREE DESIRABLE ROOMS ARE now vacant, suitable for families or single gentlemen. To parties wishing to form permanent engagements inducements will be offered. Apply at No. 20 West 29th st. between Broadway and 5th-av.

BOARDING. AN ENTIRE SUITE OF HANDSOMEly furnished rooms on the second or third floor of a first-class house, and in a small private family, to let, with board. The house is pleasantly located in West 14th-st. Address X. C., Box No. 171 Times Office.

BOARDING.—A DESIRABLE ROOM WITH board, gas, hot and cold water, &c., may be had in a genteel private family, at No. 182 West 25th-st., between 7th and 8th avs; unexceptionable reference required and given. No moving in May.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR two single gentlemen, can obtain a pleasant front room and board with a private family, at No. 94 West 27th st. Unexceptionable reference required.

BOARDING.—FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board may be obtained at No. 171 East 13th-st., near 2d-av., for gentlemen and their families or for single gentlemen. References given and required.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE AND single gentlemen can be handsomely accommodated at No. 37 West 18th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Rooms and location very desirable; reference required.

BOARDING.—MRS. S. A. FAULKNER, NO. 56 East 16th-st., has to let, with board, a large furnished room on the third floor, and a parlor and bedroom on the second floor.

BOARDING.—SINGLE GENTLEMEN CAN BE accommodated with comfortable rooms in a convenient location, together with partial board, by applying at No. 165 Lawrence-st., Brooklyn.

BOARDING.—GENTLEMEN AND THEIR WIVES or single gentlemen can be accommodated with neat and pleasant furnished rooms, with or without board, at No. 248 East Broadway, near Clinton-st.

BOARDING.—AN ENTIRE FLOOR, FURNISHED or unfurnished, or will be let in suites, also, a room for a single gentleman. At No. 125 East 12th-st. References exchanged.

BOARDING.—A SUITE OF ROOMS, WITH BOARD, may be had at No. 61 East 23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—GENTLEMEN AND their wives, or a few single gentlemen, desiring well furnished rooms on second story and good board, in a private family, may obtain such by applying at No. 26 Lafayette-av. The location is very pleasant, and within 15 minutes walk of Wall or South Ferries.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A PRIVATE FAMILY would let, with board, a front parlor and bedroom adjoining, on the second floor, and two rooms on the third floor, to gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen. The house has gas, baths, &c. Apply at No. 186½ Adams-st., Brooklyn.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—NO. 170 WASHINGTON-ST.—A large room on second floor for a gentleman and his wife or two gentlemen, five minutes' walk from Fulton and Wall-st. ferries. References exchanged.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A PLEASANT, UNfurnished front room; also two hall rooms, furnished to rent with board; the house is situated but 5 minutes' walk from three ferries. Apply at No. 77 Clinton-st., one door from Livingston. Terms moderate.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A LARGE FRONT Room with pantry, and a bedroom adjoining, may be obtained, with board, at No. 64 West Warren-st., convenient to the cars and to the Wall-st. and South Ferries. References required.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—DESIRABLE FURnished rooms on second and third floor to let, with full or partial board, to a gentleman and his wife or single gentlemen. Apply at No. 123 Pierrepont-st.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—Families and gentlemen can be accommodated with large and handsomely furnished rooms, in suites or single, in a first-class house; the location being very desirable for the Summer. The rooms will be vacated by the 1st of May. Apply at No. 39 Henry-st., near Clark. References exchanged.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—A pleasant location, with modern improvements and fine rooms, both large and small, furnished or unfurnished, for a gentleman and wife, or single gentlemen. Inquire at No 262 Hicks-st.

A PRIVATE FAMILY OCCUPYING THEIR own house, which is new and has all the modern improvements, with a large garden, &c., would like to take a lady and gentleman of quiet habits to board with them. The location is delightful and near the Fulton-av., Brooklyn, within three miles of the Ferry. Address L. M., Brooklyn Post office, for one week.

BOARD WANTED FOR INSTRUCTION.—A lady who is occupied as visiting governess and as teacher of languages, desires to find a home in a quiet private family where more or less instruction would be taken as full or part payment for board; she converses fluently in French and German, and will give the best of references. Address H. T. 22 Dey-st., care Mr. Goldsmith.

A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY IN BROOKLYN will accommodate a gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen with pleasant rooms on second floor with board, upon reasonable terms. No other boarders. Apply at No. 382 Carlton-av., (brown front) between Fulton and Atlantic avs., Brooklyn. Rooms furnished or unfurnished.

BOARD WANTED.—WANTED, BY A YOUNG man of good habits and very respectable family, board in a small and strictly private family, where the comforts of a home can be had. Locality between 4th and 14th sts. and 2d and 6th avs. Boarding-house keepers need not answer. Address, with full particulars, C., Box No. 188 Times Office.

BOARD WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN DESIRES board for his family, consisting of five persons, for one month in Brooklyn, and for four months in the country, (Connecticut preferred,) in exchange for furniture, and part cash. Address LAWYER, No. 25 Nassau-st., Room No. 4, or call at same place from 10 to 2 o'clock.

TO LET.—A PRIVATE FAMILY RESIDING IN 11th st., near 5th-av., wishes to rent a very handsome suite of rooms on second floor, with or without board; also, a very fine room on first floor; unexceptionable references given and required. Address A. S., Box No. 161 Times Office.

DESIRABLE FRONT ROOMS IN THE HOtel St Germain 5th-av., Broadway and 23d-st. Now vacant, a suite of four communicating rooms, suitable for a large family. Also, small parlors and bedrooms, all having baths attached. Board at table d'hote, private table, or meals a la carte.

A FINE SUITE OF ROOMS AND SEVERAL single rooms, very handsomely furnished, in 14th-st., near 5th-av. and Union-square, may be had, with board from May 1, on moderate terms. Apply to E. LAWRENCE & CO, No. 62 East 14th-st.

BROOKLYN BOARD.—TWO LARGE, WELL-furnished rooms on second floor, and hall room on third floor, can be had in a house with modern improvements; good location and no boarders; 3 minutes' walk of Wall-st. and South Ferries. No. 248 Hicks-st.

BOARD WANTED IN THE VICINITY OF West 42d-st., with two rooms unfurnished, for a gentleman, wife and child 5 years old in a house with modern improvements. Address H. A. S., Box No. 137 Times Office, with terms.

A FEW VERY BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, FOR parties of gentlemen or families, the entire second and part of the third and fourth floors furnished or unfurnished with the very best New-England board, at No. 68 West 19th-st., corner of 6th-av.

NO. 46 WEST SIXTEENTH-STREET—Between 5th and 6th avs. A French family have a handsomely-furnished front parlor and bedroom, also a single room, to let, to gentlemen only, with or without breakfast; house first-class; references exchanged.

54 WEST TWENTY-THIRD-ST.—A GENtleman and wife, or gentlemen only, may find a pleasant suite of rooms with board at the above house. Location highly desirable, between 5th and 6th avs. References exchanged.

ROOMS TO LET.—VERY DESIRABLE ROOMS without board or with private table, for gentlemen only, or a small family, may be had at No. 49 Lafayette place, in the immediate neighborhood of Astor Library and Cooper Institute.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET BACK parlor on first floor furnished with board to a gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen; house has gas; also an attic room with board for young gentlemen, at No 567 Greenwich-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.—FIRST floor, three rooms communicating together or separately, without board; also a few single rooms; convenient to cars and stages. Apply at No. 402 4th-st., Albion-place.

NO. 24 UNIVERSITY-PLACE—CORNER 9th-st.—Handsomely furnished apartments, en suite, with full board, to let; location convenient to all of the stage roads; unexceptionable references required. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE CAN find a pleasant front room and bedroom, with board, in a small, quiet family, No. 216 West 19th-st., between 8th and 9th avs. Rooms unfurnished.

BROOKLYN.—SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS and board for gentlemen, in the delightful location No. 36 Garden-st., within three minutes' of Wall or South Ferries. References required.

ROOMS ON THE SECOND FLOOR, FURNISHED or unfurnished, may be had, with or without board, at No. 46 East 18th-st., near Broadway. Gas bath, &c., in the house. No moving on the 1st of May.

NO. 20 WEST 28TH-ST., CORNER OF Broadway and 28th st. Furnished rooms to let with board, to families and single gentlemen. References required. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—VACANCIES FOR single gentlemen at No 6 Willow-st., a few minutes to the ferries. Dinner at 6 o'clock. Terms moderate.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—A PRIVATE FAMILY RESIDING between 8th and 12th sts., a little west of Broadway, wish to dispose of a few well furnished rooms, supplied with gas, hot and cold water, furnace, register, &c., on second floor, to a single gentleman. No other persons taken. Satisfactory reference required. Address, with name, J. S. C., Box No. 133 Times Office.

BOARDING.—DESIRABLE ROOMS TO LET.—A gentleman and lady, or two or three single gentlemen, can be accommodated with single suites of furnished rooms, with full or partial board, at No. 71 West 14th st., first brown-stone front house west of 6th-av.

BOARDING—WANTED, FOR A GENTLEMAN and wife in a private family. Will require communicating rooms on the second floor, and location above 30th-st. Address S. D., Box No. 155 Times Office, stating terms, location, &c.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—Pleasant suites of rooms for families or for single gentlemen, also a handsome front parlor on first floor. Apply at No 11 Monroe-place. References exchanged.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—ROOMS TO LET suitable for families or single gentlemen. Apply at No. 67 Henry-st., five minutes' walk of Fulton or Wall-st. Ferry.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—ONE very pleasant, large, furnished room in second story, and one hall bedroom, either in connection or separate, with good board, can be engaged by applying at No. 15 Willow-st., near Fulton Ferry.

BOARD IN SOUTH BROOKLYN.—A GENtleman and wife, also two single gentlemen can be accommodated with board and very pleasant rooms on second floor, unfurnished, in a small private family. Apply at No. 20 Harrison-st., nearly opposite Tompkins-place.

TO LET—A FURNISHED ROOM, WITH OR without board, to single gentlemen or a gentleman and his wife; the house has all the modern improvements. Apply at No. 34 6th st. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM AND BEDROOM, with gas, bath, &c., to let to a single gentleman, in 13th-st., near 5th-av., in a private family. Apply at No. 30 East 13th-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS.—TO LET, A PARLOR and room on the first floor, with privilege of kitchen also bedroom for one or two gentlemen. Apply at No. 172 25th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

NO. 72 TENTH-ST., NEAR FIFTH-AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms with board can be obtained by respectable parties. Rooms single or in suites. Dinner at 6 P. M.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—TO GENTLEmen, without board. References given and required. Apply at No. 4 9th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR GENTLEMEN.—Apply at No. 71 East 16th-st.

MILITARY EQUIPMENTS.

MILITARY UNIFORMS.

Arrangements have been completed whereby from 100 to 300 suits a day can be turned out at EVANS' Extensive Clothing Warehouse, Nos. 66 and 68 Fulton-st., at the very lowest cash prices.

MILITARY CLOTHS.
ARMY AND NAVY BLUE AND CADET MIXTURE
—ALSO—
BLUE FLANNELS.
FOR SALE BY
STONE, BOWMAN & BLISS,
No. 20 Park-place.

MILITARY CLOTHS.
WEST POINT INDIGO CADET CLOTHS,
COTTON WARP CADET CLOTHS, all qualities,
INDIGO BLUE CLOTHS,
Light Blue, Green, and Crimson Cloths,
With other Military Woolens,
For sale by
SULLIVAN, RANDOLPH & BUDD,
Successors to Wilson G. Hunt & Co.,
Corner Park-place and Church-st.

ARMY AND MILITARY GOODS.
THE
WASHINGTON (LATE BAY STATE) MILLS,
Will receive proposals,
For the manufacture of
CLOTHS, SATINETS,
AND
FLANNELS,
suitable for the Service and State Militia.
These MILLS, in capacity, are unequaled by any in the world, and orders for goods not in Stock, can be promptly executed.
E. R. MUDGE & CO.,
No. 35 Park-place.

MILITARY LINEN GOODS.
72,000 Yards
Heavy Brown, Wire-threaded
LINEN DUCKS,
All of one quality and shade,
For Soldier's Fatigue Pants, or Suits,
In Hot Weather.
Also, indigo-blue French
COTTONADES for two Regiments.
And
BROWN FRENCH LINEN DRILLS.
For sale by
SPAULDING, VAIL, HUNT & CO.

MILITARY CONTRACTS.
L. J. & I. PHILLIPS, Nos. 64 and 66 Broadway, Call the attention of all REGIMENTS forming in aid of the FEDERAL GOVERNMENT to their extensive facilities for filling CONTRACTS FOR CAPS. Being the LARGEST CAP HOUSE IN THE UNITED STATES, they will guarantee an enormous supply at the shortest notice, and at the lowest rates.

LEATHER FOR MILITARY EQUIPMENTS.
All kinds of leather for military equipments, both patent and oil-dressed, furnished at short notice by
J. P. HOWELL & Co., Manufacturers,
Newark, N. J.

CAMP KNIVES! CAMP KNIVES!!
MADE EXPRESSLY FOR THE ARMY.
Knife and fork in the form of a large pocket-knife. Also, knife, fork and spoon. A most complete arrangement. Regiments supplied at short notice. Orders solicited. WM. B. WATKINS, No. 30 Warren-st., up stairs.

REVOLVERS! REVOLVERS!!
500 SIX SHOOTERS.
A job lot at low prices. A superior article.
WM. B. WATKINS, No. 30 Warren-st., up stairs.

MILITARY COMPANIES
Can be fitted out by us with CAPS at very short notice.
BOLL & HEIN, No. 60 Broadway, N. Y.

ARMY AND NAVY BLANKETS.
Red, White, Blue, Gray and Brown.
For sale at low prices. A. T. STEWART & CO.

KNAPSACKS! KNAPSACKS!!
Military Knapsacks made to order with dispatch, by
EDWARD GUMBS, No. 5 Murray-st.

GOVERNMENT KNAPSACKS AND HAVERSACKS FOR SALE.—1,000 rejected Government Knapsacks with straps complete. This article will answer well for the emergency. HORACE H. DAY No. 91 Liberty-st.

ARMY CLOTHS.—G. W. & F. MORROW & CO., Woolen Manufacturers, No. 61 Warren-st., are prepared to make grey cloths and blankets, for army use, at the shortest notice.
Also, on hand 1,000 army blanket shawls.

ARMY AND NAVY COTS AND CAMP Chairs of every kind constantly on hand, at the lowest prices. S. HARRISON & SON, manufacturers, No. 348 and 350 West 24th-st.

MILITARY CAPS ON HAND OR MADE TO order, with great dispatch, for Companies or regiments. CHAS. BACKSTAR, Jr., No. 45 Broadway.

SOLDIERS AND VOLUNTEERS.—THREE DOLLAR SHOES AND GAITERS, SUITABLE FOR MARCHING, at JONES' Nos. 10 and 12 ANN-ST.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—19TH WARD, ONE of these elegant, new, two-story, basement and sub-cellar brick houses, on Rodney-street, near Lee-avenue, finished with modern improvements, gas, range and water. Apply on the premises, to
WILLIAM LAMB, Builder.
Eight minutes' walk from the Ferry.

FOR SALE OR TO LET IN BROOKLYN—(Late Williamsburg,) several new brick and frame houses, beautifully situated on 3d and 4th sts., between north 8th and 9th sts., at very low prices. Also, 600 lots for sale or lease. Apply to CHARLES FOWLER, corner North 9th and 3d sts.

TO EXCHANGE.—HOUSES AND LOTS AND VAcant lots in the City of Brooklyn, or goods; also vacant lots to exchange for New-York or Brooklyn improved property; 20 acres in Chicago, Ill., to exchange for Brooklyn or New-York property. Apply to W. BEEMAN, No. 71 Cedar-st.

WESTERN LANDS AND FARM MORTGAGES in Ohio, with money, to exchange for good productive real estate in New-York or Brooklyn. Address J. M. W., Box No. 1,842, Post-office.

COTTAGES FOR SALE OR TO LET AT West Hoboken, facing the City of New-York. Possession given 1st of May. Apply at A. ANDERSON'S Land Office, Paterson-av., West Hoboken, N. J.

WILLIAMSBURGH HOUSES FOR SALE cheap, or to let, with all the modern improvements rents $250 to $300. G. COCKCROFT, No. 8 Pine-st.

ROOFING FELT AND COMPOSITION.—An excellent material for permanent and temporary roofs, at less than half the cost of tin, slate or shingle. A very desirable article for camp purposes. For sale in large and small quantities by JENNINGS BROTHERS, No. 452 Pearl st., New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR TO LET.—One of the most desirable country seats in the vicinity of New-York, and possessing unsurpassed advantages for a gentleman engaged in active business in town, yet wishing to reside in the country. The premises consist of a first-class mansion of large size, finished and furnished with all the modern improvements of a town residence, not excepting gas. The out buildings consist of ample stable and coach-house, gardener's lodge, porter's lodge, (at entrance,) carpenter's shop, tool house, &c. The grounds contain about 18 acres, under a high state of cultivation, producing all the vegetables and fruits required for three or four families, and 25 tons of hay. The place is accessible in one hour from the business part of the City, by either of the Brooklyn ferries and horse railroads, or a fine drive of 30 minutes. The place is perfectly healthy, and is offered for sale or to let only because the present occupant cannot afford to occupy it. This property could easily be turned into a first-class suburban hotel, and is so situated that it would command a very profitable business. For particulars, address Box No. 2,184 Post-office, with real name. The place may be had immediately.

TO LEASE—ONE OF THE MOST FINELY LOcated sites on the Hudson River, half an hour by railroad from 31st-st., three minutes from dépôt, fifteen minutes to steamboat on Harlem River, and about one hour's drive to the City on the Bloomingdale Road and through the Central Park. The house is beautifully situated on an eminence commanding an extensive view of both rivers. It is of modern construction, having full sized rooms, ample closets and pantries, store-room, bath-room, water closet, hot and cold water, range, furnace, and large cisterns near the kitchen. The house is lighted with gas manufactured on the premises. The grounds contain about five acres under superior cultivation, with fruit, shade and ornamental trees, large garden, grapery, stable, carriage house, hen-house and ice house, filled. Also, a bathing house attached to the premises. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Metropolitan Bank Building.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—COUNTRY RESIDENCE ON THE HUDSON—Within 500 yards of the railway station at Riverdale, commanding an extensive river view. The house has double brick walls and contains on the principal story a large billiard-room, besides parlor library and dining-room of full size. There are 16 bedrooms and dressing-rooms, and ample closets and pantries. The basement and attic are finished throughout. Gas fitting and plumbing on all the stories done in the most thorough manner by days' work. Either 6 or 12 acres of land can be had with the house. Plans can be seen and further information obtained by applying to BABCOCK, BROTHERS & CO., No 3 Nassau-st.

COUNTRY SEAT TO LET OR FOR SALE—Beautifully situated on high ground on the Passaic River, with a handsome water front, near North Bellville, N. J., and about 10 miles from the City. The house is a new one, in the Italian style, with a tower. It contains 2 parlors, a library and 6 principal bedrooms, besides kitchen, laundry, butler's pantry, &c., and servants rooms; parlors and bedrooms spacious, with high ceilings. There are 40 acres of land in pasture, with a beautiful sloping lawn; good boating, bathing and fishing near the house; communications with Wall-st. within an hour by railroad; rent, $900, or, with less land, $600. Apply at No. 155 West 14th-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS country residence, situated on the banks of the Hudson, upper end of this Island, within five minutes' walk of Tubby Hook dépôt, on the Hudson River Railroad; with two or four acres of land, having a valuable water front. The house is large, built of brick, and finished in the best manner, having all the modern improvements, inclusive gas from the Harlem Company. Also, a brick carriage-house and stable on the premises. Magnificent shade trees. Locality perfectly healthy, and unsurpassed for beauty. For terms, inquire of THOMPSON, WHITE & CO., No. 30 Broadway, or of JOS. THOMPSON, on the premises.

TO LET OR LEASE—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY seat; the house containing 12 rooms; is delightfully situated near New-Rochelle and close by the Neptune House. It is immediately upon and commands fine views of the Sound. The grounds, comprising six acres, are handsomely laid out, with flower and kitchen gardens, a fine terrace and good orchard; excellent boating, bathing and fishing; coach house, stable, bathing-house on the premises; within 15 minutes of the cars, 5 minutes of the steamboat, and one hour of the City. Rent $600. Inquire of JOHN BOLTON, Pelham.

TO LET—ORANGE, NEW-JERSEY—A COMfortable, convenient house of ten rooms, with piazzas front and rear; grounds and garden tastefully laid out; lot 75x200; fine view of mountain; within three minutes' walk of station, and one hour from Cortlandt-st. Rent $500. Apply to H. B. BLACKWELL, No. 30 William-st., 9 to 11 A. M.

DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET OR FOR SALE—With 4 or 5 acres; 1 minute walk from Annadale Station, on Staten Island Railroad, 1 hour from Whitehall; house has 11 rooms, cupola and piazza; shade trees, fine view, facilities for bathing and fishing; rent, $300 from April 15 to Nov. 15. Apply at No. 119 John-st., wire store.

TO LET—A COUNTRY SEAT AT ASTORIA, FINEly situated on the East River; house contains eleven rooms; furnace and range; grounds 100 feet front on the river, by about 400 feet deep; well stocked with fine pear trees and grape vines in full bearing; will be rented on reasonable terms. Apply to H. WHITTEMORE, Astoria, or at No. 98 Liberty-st, New-York.

TO LET—AT WILLIAMSBRIDGE, NEAR THE dépôt, (50 minutes' ride from the City by the Harlem Railroad,) a new two-story brick house, 26x30 feet, pleasantly located, containing 8 rooms. Rent to a good tenant $150 a year. Inquire of D. H. McCOY, No. 30 Broadway, third floor, or of D. BURGESS, No. 72 East 26th-st., New-York.

TO LET—A FINE LARGE STONE RESIDENCE at Roseville, Newark, the finest situation in the place, overlooking the City and surrounding country, piazzas all round, 12 rooms, lot 75x200; railroad dépôt and stages convenient. Rent, $450. Apply to CYRUS PECK, No. 18 Wall-st., N. Y. office Continental Ins. Co.

HOUSE TO LET IN STAMFORD, CONN.—The Gothic cottage house situate on Clark's Hill, within seven minutes' walk of the dépôt; contains 11 rooms, gas, &c., with two acres of land, good orchard, shade and fruit trees; rent $350. Apply to BURDETT, JONES & CO., No. 160 Wall-st.

TO LET AT YONKERS—A FIRST-CLASS house, with modern improvements, garden and stable, situated on Broadway, corner of Prospect st., five minutes' walk from the dépôt. Inquire of C. S. WARING, Yonkers, N. Y., or WM. TRUSLOW, No. 954 Broadway.

TO LET.—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE IN A PLEASant and picturesque location 20 miles from the City, and one mile from the Hudson River Railroad station at Hastings, with coach-house garden, orchard, grounds, &c. Apply to L. H. PIGNOLET, No. 187 Greenwich, corner of Dey-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—AT BERGEN Point N. J., a neat and roomy house, pleasantly located, near the landing; has vegetable garden, in good order; berries fruit poultry-yard &c.; will be let for one year, from May 1; rent moderate. Apply to J. PARET, Jr., No. 360 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A TWO STORY double house, in good order, in West Farms, Westchester County, pleasantly situated, with the garden and stable attached. To a purchaser the terms will be made easy, or to a good tenant low. Inquire of JOS. PUSSON, No. 15 Nassau-st.

TO LET—IN NEWARK, N. J., THE FINE dwelling house No. 335 Washington-st., containing 11 rooms dining-room and kitchen, in the rear; hot and cold water; fine large garden and choice fruit; rent, $350. Apply at No. 318 Broad-st., Newark. Possession immediately. Five minutes from dépôt.

TO LET—A HOUSE BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED on the banks of the Hudson River, at Glenwood, three-quarters of a mile above Yonkers. Trains stop at suitable hours for persons doing business in New-York. Apply to D. T. MACFARLAN, No. 180 10th-st., near 3d-av.

A RARE CHANCE.—TO LEASE, A GENTEEL two-story house, with three acres of rich land, fifty fruit trees, stable and out-houses in Flatland, L. I., 45 minutes' ride from Fulton Ferry; rent to a responsible tenant, $250. Apply to M. CHAMBERLAIN, No. 60 Nassau-st., corner of John.

TO LET OR FOR SALE, AT TARRYTOWN—A brick Gothic cottage, containing 11 rooms, with two acres of land, situated on high grounds and commanding a magnificent view of the Hudson River. Possession given immediately. Apply to JAMES A. McQUA, No. 16 Beekman-st., or Box No. 451 Post-office.

TO LET—TO A SMALL FAMILY, A PARTLY furnished cottage, on Staten Island, five minutes' walk from Vanderbilt Landing; the present occupant, a lady, would like to board with the party renting; references given and required. Inquire of JNO. D. DIX, No. 170 William-st.

TO LET—AT THE VILLAGE OF BEDFORD, Westchester county, a very pleasantly situated cottage house, containing eight rooms, with stable, cow-house, garden, and pasture for cows. Also, the use of a boat on the lake. Rent $150 per annum. Apply to A. SIMPSON, No. 366 Bowery, corner 4th-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FOUR FURNISHED cottages at Far-Rockaway, with ice-houses and stables. Inquire of F. BRADY, No. 267 East Broadway, or BENJAMIN C. MOTT, Far-Rockaway, or of E. H. LUDLOW, Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY SEATS, VILLAGE residences, farms and villa sites, a great variety within an hour of Cortlandt-st., for rent and for sale very low by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 30 William-st., N. Y., 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 40 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—FURNISHED house for sale or to let, at Morristown, N. J., corner of South and Elm sts.; house furnished with water and gas; 2¼ acres of land, with outbuildings.
M. H. STATESBURY, Nos 75 to 83 Duane-st.

TO LET—AT PLAINFIELD, N. J., 1¼ HOURS' ride from New-York, and within five minutes' walk from the dépôt, a pleasant country residence, with from one to fifty acres of land. Terms moderate. Apply to MILLER, BROS., No. 205 8th-av.

TO LET—THE COUNTRY SEAT OF THE LATE O. Mauran, on Castleton Heights, Staten Island. The house is now being thoroughly repaired. Apply to JAMES E. MAURAN, No. 315 West 23d-st.

TO LET—A SMALL, NEAT COTTAGE, NEAR the Hastings' Station of Hudson River Railroad. Rent $120 per annum. Apply to JAMES BRETT, No. 561 6th-av., near 34th-st.

TO LET.—A LARGE BOARDING-HOUSE (16 rooms)—good fishing and fowling—at Amityville, L. I.
B. SKIDMORE.

TO LET—A PLEASANT LITTLE COUNTRY house, near Green's farms, Connecticut. Fruit and garden. Address Box No. 26, Westport, Conn.

FARMS.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL LITTLE FARM AT Washingtonville, about 22 acres, 6 to 7 acres orchard, two wells, and a large stream running through, buildings nearly new; the house has 9 rooms; a wagon-house, a large barn, with cellar and sheds, 100 rods from the dépôt on the branch railroad from Newburgh to Chester, Orange Co., N. Y. JOHN JAQUES.

FARMS WANTED—WITHIN A CONVENIENT distance of New-York, in exchange for fine first-class tenant-houses, yielding a handsome income.
G. COCKCROFT, No. 8 Pine-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT IN BROOKLYN—A small neat house, by an American family, within twenty minutes' walk of Fulton Ferry, and convenient to cars. Rent not to exceed $300. The best references given. Address E. F. G., Brooklyn Post-office.

CEPHALIC PILLS,
CURE SICK HEADACHE;
CEPHALIC PILLS,
CURE NERVOUS HEADACHE;
CEPHALIC PILLS,
CURE ALL KINDS OF HEADACHE!

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of Nervous or Sick Headache may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the *Nausea* and *Headache* to which females are so subject.

They act gently upon the bowels—removing *Costiveness.*

For *Literary Men, Students, Delicate Females,* and all persons of *sedentary habits,* they are valuable as a *Laxative,* improving the *appetite,* giving *tone* and *vigor* to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the *nervous* system, or from a deranged state of the *stomach.*

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, *and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.*

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

The genuine have five signatures of HENRY C. SPALDING on each box.

Sold by Druggists and all other Dealers in Medicines.

A box will be sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of the PRICE, 25 CENTS.

All orders should be addressed to
HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar-st., New-York.

THE FOLLOWING ENDORSEMENTS OF SPALDING'S CEPHALIC PILLS WILL CONVINCE ALL WHO SUFFER FROM HEADACHE THAT A SPEEDY AND SURE CURE IS WITHIN THEIR REACH.

As these Testimonials were unsolicited by Mr. Spalding, they afford unquestionable proof of the efficacy of this truly Scientific Discovery.

MASONVILLE, Conn., Feb. 5, 1861.
Mr. Spalding,
Sir:
I have tried your Cephalic Pills, *and I like them so well* that I want you to send me two dollars worth more. Part of these are for the neighbors, to whom I gave a few out of the first box I got from you.
Send the pills by mail, and oblige.
Your ob't servant,
JAMES KENNEDY.

HAVERFORD, Penn., Feb. 6, 1861.
Mr. Spalding,
Sir:
I wish you to send me one more box of your Cephalic Pills. *I have received a great deal of benefit from them.*
Yours, respectfully,
MARY ANN STOIKHOUSE.

SPRUCE CREEK, Huntingdon Co., Penn., Jan. 18, 1861.
H. C. Spalding,
Sir:
You will please send me two boxes of your Cephalic Pills. Send them immediately.
Respectfully yours,
JNO. B. SIMONS.
P. S.—I have used one box of your pills and find them excellent.

BELLE VERNON, Ohio, Jan. 15, 1861.
Henry C. Spalding, Esq.:
Please find inclosed twenty-five cents, for which send me another box of your Cephalic Pills. *They are truly the best pills I have ever tried.*
Direct A. STOVER, P. M.,
Belle Vernon, Wyandot Co., Ohio.

BEVERLY, Mass., Dec. 11, 1860.
H. C. Spalding, Esq.:
I wish for some circulars or large show-bills to bring your Cephalic Pills more particularly before my customers. If you have anything of the kind please send to me. One of my customers, who is subject to severe Sick Headache (usually lasting two days) was cured of an attack in one hour by your Pills which I sent her.
Respectfully yours,
W. B. WILKES.

REYNOLDSBURGH, Franklin Co., Ohio, Jan. 9, 1861.
Henry C. Spalding,
No. 48 Cedar st., New-York.
Dear Sir:
Inclosed find twenty-five cents, (25,) for which send a box of "Cephalic Pills." Send to address of Rev. Wm. C. Filler, Reynoldsburgh, Franklin Co., Ohio.
Your Pills work like a charm—cure headache almost *instanter.*
Truly yours,
WM. C. FILLER.

YPSILANTI, Mich., Jan. 14, 1861.
Mr. Spalding,
Sir:
Not long since I sent to you for a box of Cephalic Pills for the cure of the Nervous Headache and Costiveness, and received the same, and they had so good an effect that I was induced to send for more.
Please send by return mail. Direct to
A. R. WHEELER,
Ypsilanti, Mich.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.
Cephalic Pills accomplish the object for which they were made, viz.: Cure of Headache in all its forms.

From the Examiner, Norfolk, Va.
They have been tested in more than a thousand cases with entire success.

From the Democrat, St. Cloud, Minn.
If you are, or have been troubled with the Headache, send for a box (Cephalic Pills,) so that you may have them in case of an attack.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.
The Cephalic Pills are said to be a remarkably effective remedy for the Headache, and one of the very best for that very frequent complaint which has ever been discovered.

From the Western Railroad Gazette, Chicago, Ill.
We heartily indorse Mr. Spalding and his unrivaled Cephalic Pills.

From the Kanawha Valley Star, Kanawha, Va.
We are sure that persons suffering with the Headache, who try them, will stick to them.

From the Southern Path-Finder, New-Orleans, La.
Try them! you that are afflicted, and we are sure that your testimony can be added to the already numerous list that has received benefits that no other medicine can produce.

From the St. Louis Democrat.
The immense demand for the article, (Cephalic Pills,) is rapidly increasing.

From the Gazette, Davenport, Iowa.
Mr. Spalding would not connect his name with an article he did not know to possess real merit.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.
The testimony in their favor is strong, from the most respectable quarters.

From the Daily News, Newport, R. I.
Cephalic Pills are taking the place of all kinds.

From the Commercial Bulletin, Boston, Mass.
Said to be efficacious for the Headache.

From the Commercial, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Suffering humanity can now be relieved.

☞ A single bottle of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE will save ten times its cost annually. ☜

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SAVE THE PIECES!
ECONOMY! DISPATCH!
☞ "A Stitch in Time Saves Nine." ☜

As accidents will happen, even in well-regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, Crockery, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE
meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready, and up to the sticking point.

"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."

N. B.—A brush accompanies each bottle. Price, 25 cents.
Address, HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar-st., New-York.

CAUTION!
As certain unprincipled persons are attempting to palm off on the unsuspecting public imitations of my PREPARED GLUE, I would caution all persons to examine before purchasing, and see that the full name,
☞ SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE ☜
is on the outside wrapper. All others are swindling counterfeits.

AUCTION SALES.

M. C. Ebert, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, OIL PAINTINGS, ENGRAVINGS, BOOKS, &c.—EZRA LUDLOW, Jr., will sell on FRIDAY, April 26, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 2 Rutherford-place, (Stuyvesant-square,) all the handsome household furniture contained in said house, consisting in part of Brussels carpets, rich mahogany parlor suites in hair cloth marble top centre tables, elegant zebra wood fire screens, quartette tables, Parian mantel ornaments, black walnut and rosewood chamber furniture, book racks, mirrors, lounges, easy chairs, &c.; bedding and bed linen; also some fine oil paintings and engravings, and some 300 volumes of miscellaneous works, including 20 vols. N. Y. State Geological works; also dining-room furniture, large black walnut extension table, oak chairs, crockery, glassware, cutlery, &c.; also kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 26, 1861, at 11 o'clock, at No. 19 West 19th-st., near 5th av., household furniture, consisting of rosewood parlor suites, in satin, brocatel and plush; black walnut extension table, black walnut dining-room chairs, in More co; rosewood 7-octave piano-forte, made by Nunns & Clark; rosewood and enameled bedroom furniture, velvet tapestry carpet, china and glassware, rich satin brocatel window curtains, lace curtains, oil-paintings, &c. Also, a lot of kitchen furniture with which the sale will commence. Catalogue at the Auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 30, 1861, at 11 o'clock, at No. 383 5th-av.; HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—All the furniture contained in said house, consisting in part of handsome parlor suite in crimson brocatel; elegant pier and mantel glasses, lace and brocatel window curtains, rosewood carved side-board, black walnut extension dining table, black walnut bedroom furniture, armoir à glace, wardrobes, bureaus, velvet and tapestry carpets &c. Also, kitchen furniture. Catalogues at the office, No. 3 Pine-st.

A. M. Griffin & Co., Auctioneers.

FINE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

A. M. GRIFFIN & CO. will sell at auction THIS DAY, (Friday) April 26, at 10 o'clock, at No. 48 West 16th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., the furniture contained therein, containing velvet, Brussels, and other carpets, rosewood parlor suites, superb piano, fine French plate mirrors, chandeliers, gas brackets, mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, sofas, washstands, &c.; lace and damask curtains, mattresses, feather beds, pillows, &c.; buffet and extension table, china glassware, and the usual variety of kitchen articles; also, family coach, pair of horses, harness, &c., &c. Catalogues at the house.

Solomon Dinger, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

By DINGER & HOLDEN,
MONDAY, April 29, at 10 o'clock A. M.,
At No. 1,244 Broadway,
One door above 31st-st.

All the furniture, carpets, mirrors, bedding, &c., &c., contained in said house.

Sale positive, rain or shine. Catalogues on day of sale.

A. M. Griffin & Co., Auctioneers.

FIRST-CLASS HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

At 2 o'clock, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON,
At the elegant private residence No. 70 West 26th-st., near 6th-av., viz: rosewood drawing-room suites, 7-octave piano-forte, stool and cover; bookcase, etageres, Brussels and ingrain carpets, lace curtains, shades, clocks, pier and mantel mirrors, oil-paintings, vases, buffets, extension tables, chairs, couch, engravings, hatstand, bedsteads, bureaus, bedding, &c. Also, large assortment of basement and kitchen furniture.

J. W. Porter, Auctioneer.

AN EXTRAORDINARY OPPORTUNITY

to purchase rich and costly household furniture,
Elegant rosewood pianoforte,
Rosewood parlor suites, in brocatel;
Valuable paintings, artistic bronzes marble groups, &c.
By J. W. PORTER.
FRIDAY, April 26, at the elegant private residence,
No. 218 West 14th-st., a few doors from 8th av.,
Commencing at 2 o'clock precisely.

The sale comprises the entire contents of the house. The elegant parlor furniture was made to order, and is in solid rosewood and satin brocatel. The whole will be sold to the highest bidder, for cash, rain or shine, offering extraordinary inducements to purchasers, as the entire furniture of the house is new, having all been made within four months.

Elegant rosewood 7¼-octave pianoforte, with solid pearl keys; cost $600.

Music cabinet stool and embroidered cover.

Three elegant full suites of rosewood parlor furniture, in rich brocade and velvet; rosewood etageres, splendid bronzes, paintings, rich vases, marble pedestals, silk and lace curtains, Turkish lounges, with armchairs to match; centre, sofa and pier tables; Florentine mantel and pier mirrors; etruscan and lava ornaments; rosewood bureaus, bedsteads, chamber suites, superb mattresses, beds and bedding, lounges, bronze and marble clocks, rosewood and cottage chairs, two sofa bed steads, extension table, silverware, rich china, ivory and silver cutlery, forks, spoons, with elegant ruby glass of every description, forming a valuable collection of household furniture, and unique and récherché works of art.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction on FRIDAY, 26th, and SATURDAY, 27th April, at 10½ o'clock each day, at No. 22 East 14th st., near Union-square. Large and valuable sale of household furniture, made by Meeks and others, being the entire furniture of two large four-story houses, comprising upwards of 50 rooms and parlors. The furniture is unusually elegant and in fine condition, viz.: Velvet, medallion and Brussels carpets; many large pier, mantel and oval mirrors; marble statuary and bronzes; pictures &c; cornices; several elegant rosewood parlor suites, covered in medallion reps, crimson and fancy silk; brocatel and plush hair-cloth ditto, various sizes; centre tables, marble tops; a large assortment of valuable chandeliers, mantel and gas fixtures, bronzes, rosewood etagere, rosewood piano forte, by Worcester, velvet covers, reps, curtains with borders, silk and delaine ditto, solid rosewood dining chairs, embroidered fire screens, clocks oil cloth, hall stands, three mahogany extension tables, very heavy Sheffield plated ware, china, glass, &c; 5 dozen dining room chairs, extension tables, &c. Bedrooms—Rosewood, black walnut and mahogany, complete suites, wardrobes, cottage suits, curtains, lounges, spring-back chairs, rosewood bookcases, and a large quantity of other valuable furniture, commencing with kitchen furniture.

Henry & Miner, Auctioneers—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

MINER & THORP WILL SELL AT AUCTION, on FRIDAY, April 26, 1861, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 187 Lexington-av., between 30th and 31st sts., genteel household furniture, made to order by Meeks, Roux Rung, and others, consisting of as follows: English, Brussels, Persian and ingrain carpets and oil-cloths, carved rosewood suite in moquet, rosewood encryneus, elegant gilt console table and centre-table, bronze chandeliers and brackets, damask and lace curtains and cornices, carved oak buffet, do. extension table, leaves and rack, solid oak chairs in green moroeco, black walnut bedsteads and wardrobes, enameled marble-top bedroom suite, oak do., hair matresses, bolsters and pillows, iron bedsteads, window shades, dining and bedroom crockery, glassware, silver-plated ware and kitchen utensils, with which the sale will commence.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO will sell at auction on SATURDAY, April 27, 1861, at 10½ o'clock at No. 60 East 20d-st., near 4th-av.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—The attention of the public is particularly invited to this sale, as nearly all the furniture for sale was made to order by Alexander Roux, and comprises a full variety of parlor, dining room, library and chamber furniture, in rosewood, black walnut and oak; also, chandeliers, bronzes, clocks, carpets, &c., &c. Parties about furnishing would do well to attend this sale, as everything is of first-rate quality, and all to be positively sold without reserve. Auctioneer's office, No 3 Pine-st., near Broadway.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at Auction on SATURDAY, April 27, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 23 Nassau-st., household furniture, removed for convenience of sale, consisting of Brussels and Ingrain carpets, rosewood suite, covered in hair-cloth; mahogany rockers and chairs, covered in hair-cloth; mahogany arm-chairs, in ditto; mahogany wardrobe, carved; rosewood marble-top sideboard, rosewood marble top etageres, gilt-frame mirrors, mahogany marble-top dressing bureaux, washstands, bronze candelabras, oval gilt-frame mirrors; rosewood bedsteads, mahogany ditto, together with hair mattresses, paillasses, &c. Also, a large assortment of crockery, glass and kitchen ware, oil-cloths, rockers, &c.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON FRANKLIN-ST.—By order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of John T. Hoffman, Esq., Referee.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on SATURDAY, April 27, 1861, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, New York:

FRANKLIN-ST.—The valuable lot, together with the building thereon, south side of Franklin-st., known as No. 161, being 29.4 front, 18.6 rear; 43.6 east side, 38.8 west side, more or less. CEPHAS BRAINERD, Atty. Maps, &c., at the office, No. 3 Pine-st.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE COUNTRY SEAT AT NEW-HAMBURGH.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, April 26, 1861, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, New-York.

NEW-HAMBURGH ON HUDSON RIVER—The farm of the late George Vanderbilt, containing 100 acres near Milton Ferry depot, Hudson River Railroad, in good condition, plenty of fruit and ornamental trees, good stone house, and other buildings; there is a dock on the premises, stone quarry, clay bed, &c. Further particulars and maps at the auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st.

Ward McLean, Auctioneer.

FIELD & McLEAN WILL SELL, ON FRIDAY, April 26, at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of Orsamus Bushnell, Esq., Referee, No. 731 8th-av., and No. 184 West 50th-st., two four-story brick stores and dwellings on the southwest corner of 8th-av. and 50th st.

Maps, &c., at the office, No. 9 Pine-st.
CHARLES H. ROOSEVELT, Attorney,
No. 111 Broadway.

Browne & Nichols, Auctioneers.

WILL SELL AT THE PRIVATE RESIDENCE, No. 378 4th st., between Broadway and the Bowery, at 10½ o'clock, on FRIDAY, April 26, all the genteel furniture contained in said house, consisting of nice parlor suite, in hair-cloth; elegant carved rosewood piano gilt frame mirrors, easy and arm chairs, rosewood marble top tables; Brussels velvet and 3-ply carpets; mahogany and black walnut bedsteads, wardrobes, hair mattresses washstands, toilet sets, wardrobes, bureaus; together with all the crockery, glassware, silver-plated ware, &c., &c. Also, all the kitchen utensils, with which the sale will commence.

Browne & Nichols, Auctioneers.

FRIDAY, APRIL 26, AT 10½ O'CLOCK, at the private residence, No. 53 East 24th-st., between Lexington and 4th avs., all the furniture contained in said house, consisting of mahogany, black walnut and rosewood bedroom furniture, beds, bedding, oil cloths, sofas, lounges, centre tables, chairs, dining-room furniture, carpets, oil cloths, refrigerators, kitchen ware, &c.

Browne & Nichols, Auctioneers, No. 35 Nassau-st.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, APRIL 26, AT 10½ o'clock, at No. 119 2d-st., all the furniture contained in said house, consisting of mahogany and hair-cloth furniture; beds, bedding, bureaus, washstands, kitchenware, oil-cloth, crockery, glassware, &c.

Browne & Nichols, Auctioneers.

SATURDAY, APRIL 27, AT 10½ O'CLOCK, at our salesroom, No. 35 Nassau-st., large assortment of elegant household furniture. Particulars to-morrow.

AUCTION SALES.

Edward Schenck, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

By E. & F. H. SCHENCK, THIS DAY, 26th inst., at 10½ o'clock, at No. 213 West 22d-st., near 8th-av., all the elegant furniture in the house, consisting of

DINING ROOM.

Brussels carpet, superb carved oak buffet, oak extension table to match, oak dining-room chairs, elegant china dinner and tea set, glass-ware, cutlery, &c.

PARLORS.

Superb medallion carpets, elegant rosewood parlor suites in brocatel, rosewood piano forte, elegant French plate mirrors, cornices and curtains, rosewood etageres, centre and card tables, bronze mantel clocks and ornaments, secretary, oil paintings, engravings, &c.

CHAMBERS.

Rosewood and walnut bedsteads, and bureaus, Brussels carpets, easy chairs, commodes, &c.

HALL.

Oil cloths, hall stand and chairs, stair carpets &c. also, the kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

Edward Schenck, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT SPAN OF BLACK HORSES, PHAETONS, HARNESS, &c.

By E. & F. A. SCHENCK, on TUESDAY, April 30, at 1 o'clock, at their salesroom No. 141 Broadway, an elegant span of black horses; one of the team is a Morgan horse, the most superior saddle-horse, without exception, either for lady or gentleman, in the State of New-York; kind, gentle and spirited in every kind of harness, and quite fast. The other is a Black-Hawk mare, very handsome, kind and gentle in all harness, and a very pleasant and easy saddle-beast for lady or gentleman. They are 15 hands high and match entirely in looks and action. The phaeton is nearly new, in perfect condition, and the harness not at all used, and equal to new. The establishment can be seen every fair day, from 12 till 12½ o'clock, in front of the Merchants' Exchange, or by calling at the stable, Nos. 22 and 24 West 13th st.

Joseph Hegeman, Auctioneer.

SATURDAY, APRIL 27, AT 9 O'CLOCK A. M., at No. 254 Degraw st., opposite Tompkins-place, handsome rosewood marble top secretary, bookcase, mahogany sofas, arm and parlor chairs, centre tables, mahogany marble top dress bureaus, washstands, bedsteads, hair mattresses feather bolsters and pillows, handsome enameled chamber set, 10 pieces, with marble tops; walnut extension table, crockery, glassware, silver plated ware, Brussels and ingrain carpets, matting, oilcloths, &c.

SAME DAY,

At 11½ o'clock A. M., at No. 41 Strong-place, near Degraw st., handsome rosewood parlor suite, in brocatel; English velvet and Brussels carpets, oil cloths, with a variety of other furniture.

SAME DAY,

At 1 o'clock P. M., at No. 36 Willow-st., between Cranberry and Orange sts., a large and general assortment of furniture, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, pier glass, mahogany sofas, marble-top dress bureaus, chairs, washstands, bedsteads, mattresses, bedding, &c.; oak extension tables, chairs, dinner sets, glassware, Hendenburg heaters and fixtures, &c.

S. & J. Bogart, Auctioneers.

WILL SELL THIS DAY, AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M., at No. 143 9th st., near Broadway; HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Pier glasses, mahogany divans, mahogany rockers, mahogany chairs, mahogany sofas, cane-seat chairs, bedsteads and bedding, feather beds, vases, oil paintings, engravings, bureaus, book racks, tables, hat stand, lot of crockery and glassware, chamber furniture kitchen utensils, &c., &c.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., No. 23 Nassau-st., will give their personal attention (as usual) to sales of household furniture, &c., at the residence of families. Will also hold regular sales at their auction-rooms as above.

Calvin T. Hasen, Auctioneer.

CARPETINGS, OIL-CLOTHS, MATTINGS, rugs, &c., at auction, FRIDAY, April 26, at 11 o'clock, the entire stock of a carpet-store, Nos. 268 and 270 Canal-st., near Broadway.

SHIPPING.

THE STEAMSHIP
GREAT EASTERN,
FOR LIVERPOOL,
Is intended to leave New-York on or about
MAY 25.
PASSAGE MONEY:

First Cabin $130
Second Cabin (with very superior accommodations) 75

GRINNELL, MINTURN & CO.,
Agents.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage $130
Second Cabin Passage 75

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage $112
Second Cabin Passage 60

The ships from New-York call at Cork Harbor.
The ships from Boston call at Halifax and Cork Harbor.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins.	AFRICA, Capt. Shannon.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone.	CANADA, Capt. Anderson.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott.	AMERICA, Capt. McAuley.
AUSTRALASIAN, Capt. R. M. Hockley.	NIAGARA, Capt. Moodie.
	EUROPA, Capt. J. Cook.

SCOTIA, (now building.)

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.

CANADA, Anderson, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 3.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves New-York Wednesday, April 10.
AMERICA, Cook, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 17.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves New-York Wednesday, April 24.
NIAGARA, Moodie, leaves Boston Wednesday, May 1.
ASIA, Lott, leaves New-York Wednesday, May 8.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 15.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 22.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAMER OF TUESDAY, MAY 14, TO IRELAND, ENGLAND OR SCOTLAND, VIA GALWAY.

The Atlantic Royal Mail Steam Navigation Company's magnificent steamer

ADRIATIC,
(Formerly of the Collin's line,)
JEFF. MAURY, Commander,

will leave from Pier No. 41, foot of Canal-st., on the above date, touching at St. Johns to land mails and passengers.

Passengers by this steamer will have a free ticket from Galway to many of the cities on the main lines of railway in Great Britain and Ireland, thus making it the most pleasant route for persons going to Europe, enabling them to see a good portion of Ireland without extra cost, avoiding the danger of channel navigation, the delay and expenses at Liverpool, and shortened sea voyage, at very low rates.

For passage or further information apply to
WM. H. WICKHAM,
At the office of the Company on the Wharf,
Foot of Canal-st., N. R.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.

ON SATURDAY, APRIL 27.

THE UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMER
FULTON,
J. A. WOTTON, Commander,

Will sail from Pier No. 37 NORTH RIVER, foot of Beach-st., on SATURDAY, April 27 at noon.

This steamer (unsurpassed for safety and comfort) has double-engines under deck, inclosed by water tight compartments, which, besides other results, tend, in the event of collision or stranding, to keep the pumps free to work, and secure the safety of vessel and passengers.

For freight or passage, apply to
SAMUEL M. FOX,
GEO. MACKENZIE,
Agents, No. 7 Broadway.

The steamer ARAGO will sail May 25.

STEAM FROM NEW-YORK AND BOSTON TO IRELAND, ENGLAND AND SCOTLAND VIA GALWAY.—The Atlantic Royal Mail Steam Navigation Company will dispatch from Boston, on TUESDAY, April 30,

their new and magnificent paddle-wheel steamship COLUMBIA, ROBERT LEITCH, Commander, touching at St. Johns to land passengers and mails.

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK OR BOSTON.

First cabin to Galway, Dublin or Liverpool. $75 and $100
First cabin to St. Johns, N. F. $35
Third cabin to Galway, Liverpool, Glasgow, or any town in Ireland on a railway $30

Persons taking passage in New-York for the above ship will receive free passages from New-York to Boston.

NOTICE.—Persons wishing to bring out their friends from the old country can obtain RETURN TICKETS at VERY LOW RATES.

The steamer ADRIATIC will follow the *Columbia*, sailing from New-York on TUESDAY, May 14.

For passage or further information, apply to
WM. H. WICKHAM,
At the Office of the Company, on the wharf foot of Canal-st., North River.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.
Agents in Boston, NAZRO BROS. & SWEENEY.

STEAM WEEKLY BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL—Landing and embarking passengers at Queenstown, (Ireland.) The Liverpool New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company intend dispatching their full-powered Clyde-built iron steamships as follows:

GLASGOW .... SATURDAY, April 27
CITY OF WASHINGTON .... SATURDAY, May 4
VIGO .... SATURDAY, May 11,
And every Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First Cabin	$75	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	80	Steerage to London	33
Steerage Return Tickets, good for Six Months			60

Passengers forwarded to Paris, Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at reduced through fares.

☞ Persons wishing to bring out their friends can buy tickets here.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYDS' STEAMSHIP BREMEN, H. WESSELS, Commander, carrying the United States Mail, will sail from Pier No. 30 North River, foot of Chambers-st., on SATURDAY, May 11, at 12 o'clock M.,

FOR
BREMEN VIA SOUTHAMPTON,
taking passengers to
LONDON, HAVRE, SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN,
at the following rates:

First cabin, $100; second cabin, $60; steerage, $35.

For freight or passage apply to
OELRICHS, KEUTGEN & REICHELT,
No. 82 Broadway.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.—SHIPPERS OF merchandise intended for steamer YORKTOWN, which was to have sailed on last Saturday, are requested to present their receipts and bills of lading for, and take away the same from Pier No 13 North River. No clearance being allowed to Southern ports, our steamers have ceased running for the present.
LUDLAM & HENNIKEN, Agents,
No. 115 Broadway.

PASSENGERS FOR STEAMSHIP KARNAK, for Havana via Nassau, N. P., are requested to be on board on SATURDAY, 27th inst., at 12 o'clock.

All letters, both for Havana and Nassau, must pass through the Post-office.
E. CUNARD,
No. 4 Bowling Green.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, NO. 22 BROADWAY. Passports issued through J. B. NONES. Adopted citizens must produce certificates.

FINANCIAL.

Great Western Insurance Offices,
No. 33 Pine-street, April 11 1861.

THE OUTSTANDING ISSUE OF THE SCRIP of 1857 of this Company will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after TUESDAY, 7th of May next, with the interest accrued thereon, from which date all interest will cease. The Transfer Books will be closed after the 30th of April.

By order of the Board.
DOUGLAS ROBINSON, Secretary.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
Corner of Pine and Nassau-sts., New-York,

issue Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for travelers, available in the UNITED STATES, CANADA, WEST INDIES, SOUTH AMERICA, and all the principal cities of the world. Also, Mercantile Credits for use in EUROPE, CHINA, &c. &c.

UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

[illegible]

TO CAPITALISTS.

KINGS COUNTY COURT-HOUSE LOAN.

Bids will be received until 12 o'clock, noon, on SATURDAY, the 27th April inst., at the office of the County Treasurer, Court-st., opposite the City Hall, in the City of Brooklyn, for a loan of $100,000, for the purpose of building a Court-house for the County of Kings; the bonds to be of $1,000 each, bearing six per cent interest, with coupons payable on the first day of May and November respectively.

The security offered for the proposed loan is equal, if not superior, to anything in the country; not only the good faith, but the obligatory force of the laws compelling the County authorities to provide means for its prompt payment and pledging the entire property of the City of Brooklyn and the five towns of Kings County as security therefor.

REMITTANCES TO ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES.

Sight bills on the
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND,
BELFAST BANKING COMPANY, Ireland,
in sums from £1 upwards.
Issued by
TAYLOR BROTHERS, Bankers,
No. 247 BROADWAY, corner of Murray-st.,
and No. 76 WALL-ST.

TAYLOR BROTHERS, BANKERS,
No. 76 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
HAVE OPENED A NEW BRANCH OFFICE AT NO. 247 BROADWAY, corner MURRAY-ST.,
To which we invite the attention of our up-town friends.

The Wall-st. Office is continued as usual.
TAYLOR BROTHERS,
No. 76 WALL-ST., corner Pearl, and
No. 247 BROADWAY, corner Murray-st.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 50 Wall st., New-York,
issue letters of credit to travelers, available in all parts of Europe through the Messrs. Rothschild, of Paris, London, Frankfort, Vienna, Naples, and their correspondents.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK OF ENGLAND NOTES
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
TAYLOR BROTHERS,
No. 247 BROADWAY, corner Murray-st.,
No. 76 WALL-ST., corner Pearl.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS
FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY
AND ABROAD.

LAND WARRANTS FOR SALE.
ALL THE SIZES.
TAYLOR BROTHERS,
No. 247 BROADWAY, corner of Murray-st.,
And No. 76 WALL-ST., corner of Pearl.

CALIFORNIA AND SAN FRANCISCO
CITY COUPONS BOUGHT BY
AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
No. 50 Wall-st.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, Nos 112 and 114 BROADWAY.—At an election for five Trustees of the fourth-class, held April 16, the following were elected:

WILLIAM H. APPLETON,
DANIEL S. MILLER,
RUSSELL DART,
HENRY J. SEAMAN,
ROBERT S. COLLINS.

The Board having heretofore decided to pay in full the Scrip of 1846-7-8-9 inclusive, have now resolved to commence the redemption of *all dividends* declared from 1850 to 1856 inclusive, by paying 20 per cent on presentation of certificates at their office, or in next settlement of premium, and 20 per cent. annually hereafter on the first Monday in March. By order of the Board.
PLINY FREEMAN, Actuary.

New-York and New-Haven Railroad Co.,
Corner 4th-av. and 27th-st.
President's Office, April 19, 1861.

NOTICE.—A SEPARATION OF THE GENUINE from the spurious stock in this Company having been judicially made, and the injunction restraining the Company from paying Dividends been removed, notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books are now opened and a Dividend of Three Dollars on a Share will be paid to the stockholders on demand.
J. R. BULKLEY, President.

BANK OF AMERICA.—THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Bank of America are hereby notified that the annual election of Directors will be held at the banking house on MONDAY, the 6th May ensuing, to commence at 12 o'clock and close at 1 P. M.

The transfer books will be closed on and after the 30th instant until the 7th day of May.
WM. L. JENKINS, Cashier.

Mechanics' and Traders' Bank, No. 186 Bowery,
New-York, April 16 1861.

A DIVIDEND OF THREE AND ONE-HALF per cent., payable on the Capital Stock of this Bank, has been declared payable on and after the 1st day of May next. The transfer books will be closed from the 20th inst. to May 1. By order.
GEO. W. YOULE, Cashier.

Office of the Great Western R. Co. of 1859,
Springfield, Ill, April 18, 1861.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Great Western Railroad Company, of 1859, will be held at the office of the Company, at Springfield, Ill., on the second Thursday of May next, for the election of three directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may be necessary.
W. B. CORNEAU, Sec'y.

NOTICE.—LA CROSSE AND MILWAUKEE LAND Grant Bonds, Nos. 1 991 to 3,950, for $1,000 each, and Nos. 1 to 100 for $500 each.

Holders of these bonds desirous of uniting for their mutual protection will please call at the office of J. L. JERNEGAN, Esq., No. 54 William-st., bringing their bonds with them, between this date and May 1.
NATH'L ROSS, B. M. SAVARY, JONA RANSOM.

WANTED—BONDS OF WESTERN OR ANY OF the Border States; also North Carolina and Virginia money in exchange for dry goods and desirable clothing, (suitable for this and the coming season,) at such prices as will insure a large profit to Northern and Western dealers. Persons wishing to make the exchange will receive attention by addressing B. W., Box No. 175 *Times* Office.

NOTICE.—AN ELECTION FOR NINE TRUSTEES of the New-York Produce Exchange Company, and three Inspectors of Election, will be held at the office of the Company (adjoining the entrance to the Exchange Room on Moore-st) on MONDAY, May 6, 1861. The polls will be open from 12½ P. M. to 1½ P. M. By order of the Trustees. EDWARD CROMWEL, Secretary.

BANK OF NEW-YORK.—THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Bank of New-York are hereby notified that the Annual Election will be held at the Banking-house on TUESDAY May 14, ensuing, to commence at 12 o'clock, ending at 1 o'clock P. M. The Transfer-books will be closed on the 7th May and opened on the 15th May.
W. B. MEEKER, Cashier.

New-York & Harlem Railroad Company, Treasurer's Office, corner of 4th-av. and 26th-st.,
New York, April 24, 1861.

INTEREST COUPONS OF THE FIRST Mortgage Bonds, and Bonds of 1867, will be paid on and after May 1, at the Treasurer's Office.
W. H. EMERSON, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD COMPANY.—NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The next annual meeting of the Stockholders in this Company will be held at Brewster's Hall, in the City of New Haven on THURSDAY, the 9th day of May next at 11 o'clock, A. M. J. R. BULKLEY, President.

Union Bank, New-York, April 23, 1861.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF THREE PER CENT. has been declared by this Bank payable on the 1st day of May next. The transfer books will be closed until the 2d day of May prox. JAS. M. LEWIS, Cashier.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

WM. A. READ & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
BUTTER & CHEESE,
STANDS NOS. 81 AND 83 CATHARINE MARKET.
Opposite the Ferry, New-York.
GROCERS AND SHIPPING
Supplied at the lowest market prices.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED WITH
PURE COUNTRY MILK.
Address or apply to T. W. DECKER, office 155 E. 27th-st.

PELLHAM SEEDLING POTATOES FOR SALE.—They are the earliest known, white, mealy, and in season throughout the year. Also refined cider and vinegar, very choice. Apply at the agency, No. 4 Erie Buildings, Duane st. M. A. J. LYNCH.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

A MEETING OF LADIES TO ORGANIZE for the purpose of providing garments and any other articles requisite for the sick or wounded soldiers, will be held in the social parlors of the Broadway Tabernacle, on 34th-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av., on FRIDAY, April 26, at 2 o'clock P. M. All willing to unite in such work are invited.

TRINITY PARISH.—THE LADIES OF THE congregations of Trinity Church, and of St. Paul's, St. John's and Trinity Chapels, are invited to meet with the Clergy of the Parish, at St. John's Chapel, on FRIDAY, the 26th inst., at 10½ A. M., to form an association to provide articles for hospital use for the United States Army. WILLIAM BERRIAN, Rector.

THE TURF.

TROTTING STALLION "JUPITER," WINNER of the first premium at the great National Horse Show, Springfield, Mass., last September, will stand this season at LUFF & CROCHERON'S, corner of 110th-st. and Harlem lane, at $25, payable in advance.

WEDDING & VISITING CARDS

A. DEMAREST, NO. 182 BROADWAY—Wedding cards, notes, envelopes, of latest styles, at fair prices. Samples by mail. Also, seals, door-plates.

PROPOSALS.

SMALL STORES, CANDLES, &c., 1861-'62.

Navy Department,
Bureau of Provisions and Clothing,
April 17, 1861.

PROPOSALS, SEALED AND INDORSED, "Offer for Small Stores," or "Offer for Candles," or "Offer for Salt-water Soap," or "Offer for Mustard Seed, Black Pepper," &c., as the case may be, will be received at this Bureau until 9 o'clock A. M., on the 21st day of May next, for furnishing and delivering (on receiving twenty days' notice) at the United States Navy-yards at Charlestown, Massachusetts, Brooklyn, New-York, and Gosport, Virginia, such quantities only of the following articles (excepting the salt-water soap and the candles, for each of which separate proposals and contracts will be made,) as may be required or ordered from the contractor by the Chief of this Bureau or by the respective commanding officers of the said Navy-yards, during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1862, viz:

Boxes, shaving, India-rubber.	Blacking, boxes of.
Brushes shaving.	Combs, coarse, India-rubber or gutta percha.
Brushes, scrubbing.	Combs, fine, India-rubber or gutta percha.
Brushes, shoe	Grass for hats.
Brushes clothes.	Jack-knives.
Buttons, navy vest.	Razors, in single cases.
Buttons, navy medium.	Razor straps.
Buttons, navy coat.	Scissors.
Buttons dead eye.	Spoons.
Beeswax, in ¼ lb. cakes, pure.	

Cotton spools of Nos. 12 and 16,200 yards each, 3 cords, equal parts

Handkerchiefs, cotton, fast colors, 32 by 30 inches, weight not less than 2 oz. each, texture 8 by 8 to ¼ inch.

Needles, sewing, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, drill-eyed betweens.

Ribbon, hat, best French black, 12 yards to the piece; width 1¼ inch.

Soap, shaving, in cakes; each cake not less than 2 ounces.

Silk, sewing, blue-black; wrapper not to exceed 2 oz. to pound

Thread, black and white, Marshall's or Barbour's best quality and in such proportions as may be required.

Tape, white linen, 4 yards in length, ½ inch wide.

Tape, black, twilled cotton, 6 yards in length, ½ inch wide

Thimbles, 8-10 and 9-10 in diameter.

All the above articles must be included in the offer.

WHITE SALT-WATER SOAP.—*Separate bid for 80,000 pounds, and such additional quantity as may be required.*

The soap must be manufactured from cocoa-nut oil, and be of the best quality, denominated "white salt-water soap," and be delivered on sixty days' notice, in good strong boxes, of about 75 pounds each, and, after inspection, the boxes must be hooped at each end at the expense of the contractor. The price to be uniform at all the yards.

STEARINE CANDLES.—*Separate bid for 60,000 pounds, and such further quantity as may be required.*

The candles must be "sixes," of prime leaf lard stearine, 8-10 inches in length, *exclusive of tip*, six candles to weigh not less than 14 ounces 50-100, nor more than 16 ounces, and be paid for according to the actual weight, without reference to commercial usage; the melting point not to be less than 140 degrees Fahrenheit. The wick must be braided, and composed of 78 cotton threads of the best quality of No 27 yarn. The candles to be delivered on sixty days notice, in good boxes, containing about 30 pounds each, and the box to be marked with the contractor's name and the weight of the candles.

PARAFFINE CANDLES.—This offer is separate and distinct for ten thousand pounds, according to sample, and such further quantity as may be required, for which sixty days' notice will be given.

MUSTARD SEED. BLACK PEPPER, &c.

Separate bids for all that may be required for the use of the Navy, to be delivered at New-York only.

Mustard seed American brown.
Pepper, black, Malabar.
Bottles, octagon for mustard and pepper.
Corks for bottles.

All the foregoing articles must be of the best quality, and conformable in all respects to the samples deposited at said Navy-yards and subject to such inspection at the Navy-yard where delivered as the Chief of the Bureau may direct; the inspecting officer to be appointed by the Navy Department.

All the articles to be delivered free of any incidental expense to the Government, in proper vessels or packages, and the price of each article must be the same at the respective place of delivery. Packages in which the above articles are delivered must be marked with their contents, and the name of the contractor, and be sufficient to insure their temporary safe keeping.

The contractor must establish agencies at such stations other than his residence, that no delay may arise in furnishing what may be required; and when the contractor or agent fails promptly to comply with a requisition, the Chief of the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing shall be authorized to direct purchases to be made to supply the deficiency, under the penalty to be expressed in the contract; the record of a requisition, or a duplicate copy thereof, at the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, or at either of the Navy-yards aforesaid, shall be evidence that such requisition has been made and received.

Two or more approved sureties, in a sum equal to the estimated amount of the contract will be required, and twenty per centum in addition will be withheld from the amount of all payments on account thereof as collateral security, to secure its performance, and not in any event to be paid until it is in all respects complied with; eighty per centum of the amount of all deliveries made will be paid by the navy agent within thirty days after bills, duly authenticated, shall have been presented to him.

Blank forms of proposals may be obtained on application to the navy agents at Portsmouth, New-Hampshire, Boston, New-York, Philadelphia, Norfolk, and at this Bureau.

A record, or duplicate of the letter informing a bidder of the acceptance of his proposal, will be deemed a notification thereof, within the meaning of the act of 1846, and his bid will be made and accepted in conformity with this understanding.

Every offer made must be accompanied (as directed in the act of Congress making appropriations for the naval service for 1846-'47, approved 10th of August, 1846,) by a written guarantee, signed by one or more responsible persons, to the effect that he or they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation within ten days, with good and sufficient sureties, to furnish the supplies proposed. The Bureau will not be obligated to consider any proposal unless accompanied by the guarantee required by law; the competency of the guarantee to be certified by the Navy Agent, District Attorney, or the collector of the Port.

The attention of bidders is called to the samples and description of articles required, as, in the inspection before reception, a just but rigid comparison will be made between the articles offered and the samples and contract, receiving none that fall below them; and their attention is also particularly directed to the joint resolution of the 27th of March 1854, and to the act of the 10th of August, 1846.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the School Officers of the Eighth Ward at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm streets, until Wednesday, May 1, at 12 o'clock, at noon, for making certain alterations and repairs on Primary School-house No. 25, in said Ward, pursuant to plans and specifications on file and to be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 94 Crosby-street. Two responsible and approved sureties will be required for the faithful performance of the contract. The School Officers reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interests to do so.
WILLIAM WESTERFIELD,
Chairman Board of School Officers of Eighth Ward.
WILLIAM F. EGAN, Secretary.

Office of the Board of Commissioners of Pilots,
No. 69 South-st., New-York, April 17, 1861.

TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock. M. of the 17th day of May, 1861, for the removal (unless sooner removed by the persons maintaining the same,) of the crib, block, or unfinished pier south of Pier No. 1, N. R., said structure being beyond the exterior line defined and recommended by the Commissioners for the preservation of the Harbor of New-York, and established in and by Chapter 763 of the Session Laws of 1857. For further information and terms of contract, apply at the office of the Commissioners, between 10 and 2 o'clock.
By order of the Board, D. A. NASH, Clerk.

MEDICAL.

DR. COBBETT, MEMBER OF THE N. Y. University, (Medical College,) and Royal College of Surgeons, London, has removed from No. 19 Duane-st., to his present very convenient suite of offices at No. 29 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., with a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place, where he can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on all diseases affecting the urinary organs; thirty years in his present specialty, (three of which have been at the Hospitals of this City,) enable him to guarantee a cure in every case undertaken, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, impotency, seminal weaknesses, &c., treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—As a proof of Dr. C.'s qualifications, he would call special attention to his Diplomas, which can be seen in his office.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-STREET, may be confidentially consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured. N. B.—Dr. C. is a qualified Physician and Surgeon, and a member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New-York. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price, $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1 and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and No. 16 Ann-st.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. SWARD'S great Benefactor, the greatest periodical remedy ever discovered. Infallible for the immediate removal of obstruction. Office No. 12 Laight-st., corner Canal, where Dr. WARD is consulted confidentially day or evening.

CONSULT DR. WARD, NO. 12 LAIGHT-st., corner Canal-st.—Dr. WARD'S Unfortunate's Friend and other great remedies are the unfailing reliance. Dr WARD'S Balm Gilead cures impotence, nervous disorders, spermatorrhœa. No interruption to business by his treatment. Open till 10 P. M.

HUNDREDS OF THE UNFORTUNATE are disappointed of a cure by not calling on Dr. HUNTER at first. The Hunterian Dispensary, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, established in 1834, for the Preservation of Human Life. PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—Dr. Hunter has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated not less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting or sickening effects of all other remedies; cures, in new cases, in less than six hours. It roots out the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb, unless this remedy is used. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for nothing, that treats of the evil effects of early abuse and indulgence; is embellished with elaborate colored engravings, portraying every feature and phase of disease; exposes the fallacy of the ordinary modes adopted for the cure of local as well as hereditary maladies, and gives the only safe and infallible remedy for eradicating every trace of the virus from the system.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER ORNAMENTS, gold dust, coins, diamonds, pearls and other precious stones bought at No. 38½ Chatham-st. Fine gold and rolled silver constantly on hand at No. 38½ Chatham-st. A. BARNARD, gold and silver refiner and assayer.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT, commencing MONDAY April 15, 1861. For Albany and Troy, connecting with the New-York Central Railroad for all points West, Northwest and Southwest. Also with the Northern Railroad for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington, Plattsburgh, Rouse's Point, Ogdensburgh and Montreal.

Three fast Express Trains daily.

Leave City Hall.	Leave 26th-st.
7, 11 A. M., and 5 P. M.	7:20, 11:25 A. M. and 5:25 P. M.

For Williamsbridge, White Plains, Dover Plains and all local trains see Time Table. An Express Train will leave Albany every [illegible] A. M.
JOHN BURCHILL, Ass't Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—[illegible] NORTH and WEST. Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 11 A. M., and 3:30 and 5 P. M.	7:25, 11:25 A. M., and 3:55 and 5:25 P. M.
Troy and Albany (with sleeping car.) 10:15 P. M.	10:45 P. M. (Sundays included.)
Poughkeepsie train, 6 A. M., 12:15 M., and 4 P. M.	6:35 A. M., and 12:40 and 4:35 P. M.
Peekskill train, 5:30 P. M.	6:05 P. M.
Sing Sing train, 9:50 A. M. and [illegible] P. M.	10:15 A. M. and 4:10 and 6:35 P. M.
Fishkill train, 7 P. M.	7:25 P. M.

A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD.—Freight intended for points south of Philadelphia, on the line of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, and on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, cannot be forwarded at present over this road, the existing state of things in that section of the country rendering it impracticable to forward freight either by canal or rail from Philadelphia in that direction.
ALFRED DECKER,
Freight Agent, Pier No. 1 N. R.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—Passenger trains leave, via Pavonia Ferry and Long Dock, from foot of Chambers-st: Dunkirk Express, at 7 A. M. Mail, at 8:30 A. M. This train remains over night at Elmira, and proceeds the next morning. Way, at 4 P. M., for Middletown, Newburgh, and intermediate Stations. Night Express, *daily*, at 5 P. M. The train of Saturday stops at all Mail Train Stations, and runs only to Elmira. CHAS MINOT, Gen'l Sup't.
NATHANIEL MARSH, Receiver.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD—For Long Branch, Shrewsbury, Red Bank &c. On and after April 15, cars will leave Long Branch daily, at 7½ A. M., connecting with steamboat TAMINEND for New-York. Returning, the TAMINEND will leave foot of Robinson-st., at 4 P. M., connecting with cars for the above places.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.—LEAVE SOUTH Ferry, Brooklyn, 10 A. M., for Greenport; 10 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. for North Islip and Yaphank; 10 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. for Syosset; 10 A. M., 3:30, 4:30 and 5:30 P. M. for Hempstead. All trains stop at Jamaica.
A. H. PALMER, Ass't Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD EXCURSION TICKETS—To and from New-York and all stations south of and including Hudson, sold at greatly reduced rates. Tickets to and from Peekskill and stations north to Hudson, good for two days. Sold at Ticket Offices only. A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont, at 6:15 and 9:40 A. M., and 4:30 and 6:30 P. M.; for Monsey, at 4:30 and 6:30 P. M.; for Suffern, at 4:30 P. M.
S. S. SEYMOUR, Superintendent.

STEAMBOATS.

FLUSHING, COLLEGE POINT AND NEW-YORK STEAM FERRY COMPANY.—On and after Monday, April 1, 1861, the elegant and fast-sailing iron steamer FLUSHING, Capt. WM. H. NIMMS, will commence running daily, Sundays excepted, without any alteration of time, up to the 1st day of October, 1861, as follows: Leave Flushing at 7:30 A. M., 11 A. M. and 3 P. M. Returning leave New York from Fulton Market wharf at 9:30 A. M., 1:30 and 5 P. M., landing each way at College Point. No freight taken to College Point on the 5 o'clock trip. Arrangements have been made to run a line of stages to Whitestone on the arrival of the boat at College Point. Fare 15 cents.
WM. M. SMITH, Superintendent

FOR FISHKILL AND NEWBURGH—Landing at Cornwall, Cold Spring and Cozzen's Dock. On and after TUESDAY, April 9, 1861, the steamboat WILLIAM KENT, Capt. WALTER BRETT, will leave New-York from foot of Robinson-st., EVERY TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 4 P. M. Returning, will leave Fishkill EVERY WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 6.45 A. M. FARE 50 CENTS. Commutation tickets to or from New-York and return at any time during the same week will be sold at 75 cents each.
WALTER BRETT & CO.

PROPELLER AND SIDEWHEEL BOAT FOR SALE.—The caloric propeller GRACE IRVING, 26 feet long, and 10 feet beam on deck. Also the sidewheel yacht HARRIETTE, 40 feet long, and 12 feet beam on deck. Both boats are ready for immediate service. For further particulars apply at the Caloric Engine Agency, No. 164 Duane-st.

MORNING LINE TO PEEKSKILL.—THE AURORA Capt. ANNING SMITH, leaves Jay-st. pier daily (without exception) at 8 A. M., for Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs' Ferry, Tarrytown, Sing Sing, Haverstraw, Grassy Point, Verplancks and Peekskill. Returning, leaves Peekskill at 1 P. M. Touches at Amos and West 30th sts.

FOR FISHKILL WITHOUT LANDING.—The steamer WILLIAM KENT, Capt WALTER BRETT, leaves foot of Robinson-st. EVERY WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 5 o'clock P. M. Returning, leaves Fishkill EVERY MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 7.45 P. M. FARE 50 CENTS.
WALTER BRETT & CO.

FOR NORWALK.—THE ALICE PRICE LEAVES Catharine Market slip every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 2 P. M., landing at New-Rochelle, and connecting at Norwalk with the Danbury Railroad. Fare to New-Rochelle, 25 cents; to Norwalk, 50 cents.

DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY.—STEAMER ARMENIA will leave New-York, from foot of Harrison-st. every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 7 o'clock A. M., commencing WEDNESDAY, April 20,—landing at the usual landings.

FOR NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, AND RONDOUT—The steamer THOMAS POWELL every afternoon from foot of Jay-st., at 3½ o'clock.

INSURANCE.

THE INSURED PARTICIPATE IN THE PROFITS,
WITHOUT INCURRING ANY LIABILITY WHATEVER.

CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 16 WALL-ST.

STOCK CAPITAL $500,000 00
(all paid in, and securely invested.)
SURPLUS 505 600 66
LIABILITIES 29 467 36

INSURES BUILDINGS, MERCHANDISE, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, RENTS, LEASES, AND OTHER INSURABLE PROPERTY, AGAINST FIRE, AT RATES AS LOW AS IS CONSISTENT WITH SECURITY.

THIS COMPANY DIVIDES THREE-QUARTERS OF ITS PROFITS AMONG ITS CUSTOMERS.

By insuring in this Company, the advantages of a Mutual Insurance Company are obtained, with the additional advantages afforded in the security given by an ample and reliable Cash Capital—a feature not presented by ordinary Mutual Fire Insurance Companies. The dividends to customers already declared are as follows:

First division to Customers, July, 1857 ..... 33⅓ per cent
Second division to Customers, July 1858 .. 50 per cent.
Third division to Customers, July, 1859 .... 50 per cent.
Fourth division to Customers, July, 1860 ... 40 per cent.

☞ Parties whose change of residence or of business location at this season of the year requires them to obtain new Insurance, are particularly requested to examine our system of Insurance.

GEORGE T. HOPE, President.
H. H. LAMPORT, Secretary.
CYRUS PECK, Ass't Sec'y.

REPUBLIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 16 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

This Company, having a cash capital and surplus of $300,000, safely invested, continue to issue policies on the most favorable terms.

The attention of the public is directed to the peculiar advantages offered to the assured by this Company.

1. In having a cash capital all paid in, and safely invested in bonds and mortgages, worth at least double the amount loaned thereon.

2. In the accumulation of profits, similarly invested, forming a surplus already as large as the capital, and constantly increasing, and liable for the losses of the Company.

3. In the issue of scrip bearing 6 per cent. interest, payable annually in cash to customers, out of the profits, thereby lessening the cost of insurance.

Parties insuring with the above Company enjoy all the advantages afforded by a paid in and safely invested cash capital, with the economy and security of the mutual system.

No personal liability whatever incurred by the assured. ROBERT S HONE, President.
DUNCAN F. CURRY, Secretary.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF furniture, in all colors and styles, at wholesale and retail. Also, mattresses and paillasses.
WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.,
four doors east of Broadway.

FIRST-CLASS ENAMELED FURNITURE—Plain, decorated and grained. Solid walnut and oak sets. Mattresses, spring beds, &c. Suits from $22 and upwards. J. W. FISHER & CO, Manufacturers, No. 509 BROADWAY, between Bleecker and Bond sts.

A PERSON OR PARTY HAVING SOME furniture for a house, will have a good opportunity to rent the same for board, in a house delightfully situated. Best of reference given. Answer immediately, Box No. 171 *Times* Office.

A BEDROOM SUITE OF ENAMELED FURNITURE for $25, in all colors, warranted. Also solid chestnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 258 Canal-st., opposite Wooster

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN D. SIMES, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 17 South William-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of July next. Dated, New-York, the 17th day of January, 1861.
ja18-law6m*F THOMAS SCOTT, Executor.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

$1,000 REWARD.—POISONING OF MASSACHUSETTS SOLDIERS.—I will pay $1,000 reward for the discovery of, and evidence that will convict, the person or persons who poisoned the liquor sold from small boats to the Massachusetts soldiers, on board the steamer *State of Maine*, while at this harbor. Apply to LUTHER R. MARSH, No. 6 Pine-st.
JAMES B. TAYLOR, No. 48 Pine-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM

is the favorite resort these stirring times, for not only is it the most central, and therefore the

BEST PLACE IN THE CITY TO SEE THE MILITARY, which parades Broadway daily; to see them on their way to embark for the

PROTECTION OF THE FLAG OF OUR UNION;

but it is also the best place of amusement either in this City or on this Continent.

GIVING A GREATER VARIETY
than any other establishment known, while
THE PRICE IS ONLY HALF
that of others with less than a quarter the attractions.
THE DRAMATIC PERFORMANCES ALONE
are every way equal to those given at other places where the price of admission is just double, to say nothing of the multitude of living wonders and curiosities, which now include

HERR DRIESBACH, THE LION TAMER,
WITH OLD ADAMS' CALIFORNIA MENAGERIE
OF LIVING BEARS, of various kinds, which he performs in the most amusing manner.
THE GREAT GRIZZLY MAMMOTH BEAR, SAMSON.
THE GREAT LIVING BLACK SEA LION
THE CELEBRATED SWISS BEARDED LADY.
MISS P. REED, THE LILIPUTIAN QUEEN.
THE REMARKABLE ALBINO FAMILY.
THE CURIOUS AND AMUSING WHAT IS IT?
THE WONDERFUL LIVING HAPPY FAMILY.
THE DEN OF LIVING MONSTER SNAKES
MISS DAWSON, DOUBLE VOICED VOCALIST.
The LIVING SEAL, AQUARIA, WAX FIGURES,
and 850 000 curiosities from all parts of the world.
The drama of DON CÆSAR DE BAZAN
THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock.
The new drama CAPITOLA; or THE HEIRESS OF THE HIDDEN HOUSE, 7½ o'clock EVENING.
Admission 25 cents. Children under 10, 15 cents.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-ONE NIGHTS.
TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY THOUSAND PEOPLE.
TO NIGHT.
And every night during the week,
THE SEVEN SISTERS,
UNCLE SAM'S MAGIC LANTERN,
NEW UNION TABLEAUX,
and the
BIRTH OF THE BUTTERFLY
in the
BOWER OF FERNS.
Seats secured one week in advance, without extra charge.
Doors open at 7 o'clock; commence at 7¾.
The performance terminates at 10 o'clock.

WINTER GARDEN.

THIS EVENING, FRIDAY, April 26,
Mr. EDWIN BOOTH
Will take his
FAREWELL BENEFIT,
being, most positively, his
LAST APPEARANCE
BUT
ONE,
on which occasion he will appear in
TWO CHARACTERS,
representing both
TRAGEDY
and
COMEDY.
As
SHYLOCK
in the
MERCHANT OF VENICE,
and as
PETRUCHIO
in
KATHERINE AND PETRUCHIO.
SATURDAY—
LAST NIGHT
of
Mr. EDWIN BOOTH,
and of the season.
MONDAY—
Mrs. JOHN WOOD
and
Mr. JOSEPH JEFFERSON.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.

LAST FOUR NIGHTS
OF THE SEASON,
AND
LAST SEASON
OF
MR. WALLACK'S
Personal management of the
ABOVE ESTABLISHMENT.
NOTICE.
To meet the express wish and desire of
HUNDREDS OF HIS PATRONS,
MR. WALLACK
Has arranged to give on
EACH EVENING
One of the fine
OLD COMEDIES
So highly celebrated for the
PERFECTION OF THEIR CASTS AND APPOINTMENTS AT THIS THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT, FRIDAY, Colman's celebrated comedy of the
HEIR AT LAW.
SATURDAY, April 27, Sheridan's SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL.
MONDAY, April 29, Bourcicault's LOVE AND MONEY.
TUESDAY, April 30 last night of the season, and
BENEFIT OF
MR. LESTER WALLACK.
Box book now open.
Doors open at 7¼ o'clock; to commence at 8.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—EXTRA.

MR. LESTER WALLACK
Begs to announce that his
BENEFIT
and
LAST APPEARANCE
In the old Theatre is fixed for
TUESDAY, April 30.
An entertainment will be given comprising
THE WHOLE STRENGTH OF THE COMPANY.
Box Book now open.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

James M. Nixon .... Lessee and Manager
LAST NIGHT BUT ONE
OF
MR. EDWIN FORREST.
On FRIDAY EVENING, April 26,
Will be played the Indian tragic drama of
METAMORA;
Or, THE LAST OF THE WAMPANOAGS.
Metamora, (last time) .... Mr. EDWIN FORREST.

TO-MORROW, (Saturday,)
TWO SUPERB ENTERTAINMENTS,
AFTERNOON AND EVENING,
For the Benefit of
Mr. JAMES M. NIXON,
Upon which occasion
ALL THE REAL TALENT
In the profession have volunteered to play for him.
Names of the host of artists will be published tomorrow.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.

FRIDAY EVENING, April 26, 1861.
The Performance will commence with
HAROLD HAWKS; Or, THE CONVICT'S REVENGE.
After which, CHARLES THE SECOND;
Or, THE MERRY MONARCH.
Concluding with
THE TWO HIGHWAYMEN.

CHURCH'S GREAT PAINTING, THE HEART OF THE ANDES,

Is now on exhibition in
LOW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Court and Joralemon sts., BROOKLYN, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., and from 7 to 9 P. M.
Admission 25 cents; season tickets 50 cents.

"THE NORTH."
CHURCH'S PICTURE OF
"THE ICEBERGS,"
Exhibited for the benefit of the PATRIOTIC FUND,
At GOUPIL'S, No. 772 Broadway,
J. McCLURE, Publisher.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.—THE Thirty-sixth Annual Exhibition of the National Academy of Design, consisting of original works by living artists, never before exhibited, is now open for the season, at the galleries in 10th-st., near Broadway. Season tickets 50 cents. Single admission 25 cents. T. ADDISON RICHARDS, Corresponding Secretary, N. A.

CANTERBURY MUSIC HALL.—CANTERBURY MUSIC HALL, No 585 Broadway. The most costly fitted up place of amusement in the world.

MUSICAL.

BANJO! BANJO! BANJO TAUGHT!
BY G. C. DOBSON.
Eighteen lessons for $5.
Eighteen lessons for $5.
Eighteen lessons for $5.
Eighteen lessons for $5.

In which time the pupil is guaranteed a proficient player. A chance for every one to learn. Each lesson to be one tune of the pupil's choice. Mr. DOBSON can be seen at all times at No. 192½ Varick-st., near King-st.

PIANOS—PIANOS.
HAZLETON BROTHERS,
Manufacturers of
THE FULL IRON FRAME AND OVERSTRUNG
BASS PIANO-FORTE,
IN ALL STYLES OF CASES,
AT VERY MODERATE PRICES.
Ware-rooms, 99 Prince-st., near and west of Broadway.

CHICKERING & SONS'
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS,
Warerooms No. 694 Broadway.

C. & SONS have been awarded thirty-eight prize medals for the superiority of their manufacture for the past thirty-five years. Pianos to rent.

STEINWAY & SONS' GOLD MEDAL
PATENT OVERSTRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE
PIANOS
Are now considered the best Pianos manufactured, and are warranted for five years.
Warerooms, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., near Broadway.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, ALEXANDER ORGANS, and all kinds of musical instruments, sheet music, music books, and all kinds of musical merchandise, at the lowest possible prices. Second-hand pianos at great bargains, from $25 to $150. One 7-octave second-hand front round corners, fancy legs, fretwork desk, and overstrung, for $175. Pianos and melodeons to rent, and rent allowed if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same.
HORACE WATERS, Agent,
No. 333 Broadway, New-York.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.—THE advertiser, who is pleasantly located in the City, and has a limited number of day pupils, would like to receive into her family two or three children to instruct in the English branches, French and music, if desired. The greatest care will be given to their health and comfort, and no pains will be spared to render them happy and contented. Address L., Box No. 1,292 Post-office.

SOPRANO SINGER.—WANTED, BY A LADY, a situation as soprano in an Episcopal Church; is perfectly well acquainted with the service, having sung in some of the first churches; voice highly cultivated. Address, for one week, A. D., Post-office, Station G, Broadway.

A TENOR—WISHES TO BECOME CONNECTED with a first-class quartette choir in a Protestant Church, or would make an engagement as chorister; voice pure tenor, and is familiar with church music. Address A. M., Box No. 183 *Times* Office.

A YOUNG LADY WITH MEZZO-SOPRANO voice, desires an engagement with a Protestant Choir, as Soprano or Alto singer; reads music with facility. Address MUSIC, Box No. [illegible] *Times* Office.

PIANO TO LET.—THE DEATH OF MY FATHER compels me to let his 6¾ octave Piano. I also would like to have a situation as chambermaid or seamstress. Call at No. 191 East 26th-st. [illegible]

AT WALKER'S WAREROOMS, CLINTON Hall, Astor-place and 8th-st., near Broadway, a large stock of PIANOS for SALE or HIRE.

NEWS OF THE WAR.

[Continued from First Page.]

Northern troops attempting to pass through the city a murderous reception. Projectiles of various kinds have been placed upon the roofs of the houses to shower upon them.

There is no truth whatever in the report that information of the fall of Fort Pickens had reached Baltimore. The extra of the Baltimore *Sun* on Tuesday morning did not refer to that matter at all, but to the destruction of the Norfolk Navy-yard and the war vessels. The *Sun* characterized this affair as an outrageous and unchristian mode of warfare, because it was on the principle of the "dog in the manger."

H. J. W.

IMPORTANT FROM HARRISBURGH.

HARRISBURGH, Thursday, April 25.

It is currently rumored here that Ex-President BUCHANAN has hurriedly disposed of his farm at Wheatland, and fled to Canada in consequence of threatening remarks made against him by the Ohio troops, two thousand strong, who are quartered at Lancaster. Mr. BUCHANAN feared that his place would be burned.

Hon. JOHN SHERMAN, member of Congress from Ohio, arrived at Lancaster to-day, and joined one of the regiments there as a private.

Thus far 39,000 Pennsylvanians have responded to the call for volunteers, and Gov. CURTIN states that he is literally mobbed with offers of more. He has accepted 19,060. Two regiments, well drilled and equipped, reached here this morning from Pittsburgh, part of whom are quartered in churches here, and the remainder have gone on to York.

Large numbers of persons arrived at York yesterday from Baltimore, whence they fled by private conveyance. Matters there have not improved.

H. J. W.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

ARRIVAL OF THE EMPIRE CITY WITH TROOPS FROM TEXAS.

The chartered steamer *Empire City* arrived at this port yesterday, from Indianola, Texas, *via* Havana, where she put in for coal and provisions. At the time the *Empire City* left, the steamer *Star of the West*, which has since been seized by the authorities of Louisiana, was anchored in the harbor, awaiting the arrival of more troops from Forts Lancaster, Bliss, Davis, and other posts. The soldiers that reached here yesterday embarked on the 12th inst., and belong exclusively to the Third Infantry and Second Cavalry—277 of the latter, and 316 of the former—593 men, all told.

The officers report the depredations committed by the Comanche Indians to have become perfectly unendurable, and think the people of Texas will have to seek protection from some foreign Power, now the United States soldiers are gone, as the militia and volunteers of the State have neither the inclination nor the ability to secure it.

The following officers and passengers accompany the troops: Major Sheppard, Capt. Shroeder, Capt. Brooke, Lieut. Bell, Capt. Sykes, Capt. Whiting, Capt. Johnson, Capt. Royal, Lieut. Porter, Lieut. Lowe, (Adjutant;) Mrs. Sheppard and niece; Mesdames Johnson, Lowe, Bell and Whipple.

The United States steam gun-boat *Mohawk* was provisioning at Havana to sail for Texas.

THE CAVALRY JUST IN TIME.

These troops return at a very opportune moment. The Cavalry, especially, was never more needed than it is now. If a road be forced through Baltimore, mounted soldiers are the ones to do it. The Second Cavalry is one of the finest Regiments in the service. It was organized by Secretary DAVIS in the Summer of 1855, at Jefferson Barracks, Missouri, and in the Autumn of that year started for Texas. After a painful Winter march through the Indian nations, it arrived in Texas in January, 1856, and since that time has been constantly engaged upon the frontiers in a warfare against the Comanche, Lipan and Apache Indians, with whom it has had over forty fights. A portion of the Regiment was mainly instrumental in putting to flight the hordes of the Mexican bandit CORTINAS, on the Rio Grande frontier, and in restoring peace to that portion of our country.

The companies on board the *Empire City* were: Companies B, D, G, H, K, of the Third Infantry, and four companies of Cavalry.

They remained on board the steamer until 8 P. M., and did not expect to leave for the night.

Many Indians were killed and captured in the fights before alluded to, and the regiment was called upon to deplore the loss of one officer and several men, killed on the fields, and six officers and many men wounded. From the Red River to the Rio Grande many a gallant soldier of this regiment has found his resting-place beneath the green sods of the prairies. For these actions the regiment has received frequent compliments from the Head-quarters of the Department and of the Army.

At the time Gen. TWIGGS surrendered the Federal property to the State of Texas the regiment was stationed on the extreme frontier from the Brazos River to the Rio Grande, in detachments of one and two companies, and stationed over a line of more than 1,000 miles.

At the organization of the regiment there were twenty-six officers appointed from the Southern States and nine from the North. Since the secession movement nine of the Southern officers have resigned and been advanced to higher grades in the army of the Confederate States. All the officers were invited to resign by President DAVIS, and certain promotion guaranteed to them. Notwithstanding this the regiment left Texas, or rather the six companies that arrived in the *Coatzacoalcos* and the four on board the *Empire City*, in excellent order and fine discipline, and cast aside all offers which had been held out to them to desert the flag which they have learned to love so well. The inducements held out to incite the enlisted men to desert were disregarded by them, though the authorities at Montgomery and of the State of Texas had expressly declared that their allegiance to the United States Government was at an end.

THE NIAGARA ORDERED TO NEW-YORK, AND THE MINNESOTA INTO IMMEDIATE COMMISSION.

At Boston, on Thursday evening, the Captain of the *Niagara* steam-frigate, which has returned from Japan, was ordered to fill up with stores and provisions, and proceed immediately to this City. Accordingly the invalids brought from the East India Squadron were transferred to Chelsea Hospital, a tug taking them over. The *Niagara* then commenced to take in provisions and stores, and will leave for this City to-day, and arrive here to-morrow evening. The *Niagara* will then be temporarily converted into a transport, for which she is better adapted than any other ship in America.

Commodore STRINGHAM left Brooklyn for Boston on Thursday, and immediately ordered all the officers of the new flag-ship *Minnesota* to report on board at once.

AFFAIRS AT THE NAVY-YARD.

Additional precautions for the protection of the Brooklyn Navy-Yard have been taken. On yesterday the force of watchmen was increased, *and all its members armed.* The marines have their muskets loaded, on guard, and several rounds of cartridges are in their boxes. The entire premises are as safely secured as the means at the disposal of the commandant will admit of.

A large load of provisions and stores, rescued from the Norfolk yard, arrived here yesterday in the schooner *David Hale*, from Norfolk. It was sent off some weeks since, but as matters looked rather suspicious in Virginia, the officers at the Gosport station prudently prevented its debarkation. The skipper of the *Hale* reports that the burning of the line-of-battle ship *New York*, on the stocks, was perfectly terrific. People thought the flames would spread for miles. The schooner *Sam Mitchell* is loading with stores and navy supplies for Philadelphia.

The United States steam-frigate *Roanoke* is to be fitted out for sea. Workmen commenced to remove her housing yesterday, and by Monday she will be ready to take the *Savannah's* berth at the wharf. The *Roanoke* rates with the *Wabash*, *Colorado*, &c.

The chartered steamer *Monticello*, which was only two days at the Brooklyn Navy-yard, left yesterday for rendezvous of the blockade fleet. A crew of thirty men from the *North Carolina* and three heavy guns (there being no suitable ones available) were put on board. The steamer *Huntsville*, also chartered, was taken into dock, and will receive a crew and armament to-morrow or Monday. The steamer *Yankee* came up to the yard, and was taken in hands at once by the workmen. The following vessels now lie in the stream:

	Guns.
Wabash, str—Fitting out rapidly	40
Savannah—Almost finished	[illegible]
[illegible], str—Preparing for service	[illegible]
[illegible]—In ordinary	50
Brandywine—In ordinary	50
North Carolina—In comission, but immovable	30
[illegible]—In commission.	
Crawford—In commission.	
Yankee (chartered)—Preparing for sea.	
Huntsville (chartered)—Preparing for sea.	

Of these, the *Wabash*, *Savannah*, *Roanoke*, *Potomac*, *Yankee* and *Huntsville* can be speedily made available for blockading. There is a lack of light ordnance a the Yard to arm the light draft craft properly.

Recruiting for the Army was comparatively dull yesterday. It figures up thus: Cedar-street, 4; Hudstreet, 2; Chatham-street, 5. Navy—Cherry-street, 30. Total, 41.

OFFICERS OF THE NIAGARA RESIGNING.

BOSTON, Thursday, April 25.

The oath of allegiance to the United States was administered anew to the officers and crew of the *Niagara*, and all but four subscribed to it. Their names will be stricken from the roll.

The following officers attached to the *Niagara* have resigned:

First Lieutenant J. H. BROWN, of Mississippi; Fourth Lieutenant D. D. MCCORCLE, District of Columbia; Midshipman ED. D. READ, Virginia; Chief Engineer WM. P. WILLIAMSON, Virginia; First Lieutenant of Marines, ISRAEL GREEN, Virginia; Second Lieutenant of Marines, H. GEO. BUTLER, Virginia; Purser, THOS. WARE, Virginia; Assistant Engineer, HY. A. RAMSAY, District of Columbia.

Midshipmen SWAN and SCHLEY telegraphed their friends last night for instructions as to their course.

The *Niagara* will sail to-day for New-York.

SUPPLIES FOR GOVERNMENT FORCES.

EXPEDITION TO REPAIR BRIDGES, ETC.

The new steamer *Kill Von Kull*, of about 1,200 tons burthen, and owned by the Elizabethport Ferry Company, has been turned over to Mr. VANDERBILT, and yesterday she took aboard a large assortment of stores and provisions. She took forty horses, wagons, six pieces of artillery, an immense quantity of railroad spikes, tools and timber to repair bridges and railroads. She also took a full freight of flour, beef, codfish, cheese, bread and provisions generally. She left yesterday afternoon for Annapolis. A number of laborers were carried for the purpose of restoring the broken bridges and other railroad connections near Annapolis.

The steamship *Quaker City*, which was advertised to sail for Havana yesterday, was discharged of her cargo, and she was loaded with provisions and stores for Annapolis or Washington. She will go armed and under convoy.

MORE STEAMERS CHARTERED.

TRENTON, N. J., Thursday, April 25.

All the propellers of the Franklin and Merchants' Transportation Line have been chartered by the Government, to convey the New-Jersey troops.

Gen. RUNYON intends to move the troops without delay, probably on Monday or Tuesday.

Troops continued to arrive here for muster.

THE TRANSPORT FLEET SEEN.

The Secretary Commerce from Virginia arrived yesterday morning, reports seeing four steamers off Smith's Island, on Tuesday, 23d inst., supposed to be the fleet that left this port on Sunday (*Baltic*, *Harriet Lane*, *R. R. Cuyler*, *Columbia*.) One of them they are cetain, was *R. R. Cuyler*, as she hailed them to show her colors. It would be but a few hours' run to Annapolis from where they were seen.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

THE WAR FEELING IN THE COMMON COUNCIL—APPLICATION OF HON. J. E. KERRIGAN FOR AN APPROPRIATION FOR HIS REGIMENT—THE UNION DEFENCE COMMITTEE.

The Board of Aldermen met at 5 P. M. yesterday, the President in the Chair. The front of the President's and Clerk's desks were draped with the American flag. Festoons of the "red, white and blue," hung in huge folds around the Chamber, and the eight large pillars had been painted with the same colors. Ten American flags were displayed. The canopy over the President's seat was also tastefully draped with the American flag.

A communication was received from Hon. James E. Kerrigan, stating that he was recruiting a Regiment, that he had been using every effort towards that end, supporting the recruits at his own expense, and asking for quarters for them and such means as would equip them for the field. He had called on the Union Safety Committee, but could get no satisfactory information from them as to their purposes.

Alderman BOOLE remarked there were several cases of the kind. A great deal of dissatisfaction was expressed regarding the action of the Union Safety Committee. He offered the following resolution:

Whereas, Numerous applications have been made to the members of this Board for information with reference to the provision to be made for the volunteers to be raised in this City; and,

Whereas, The sum of $1,000,000 has been appropriated for the purpose of procuring the necessary equipments and outfits of the military force of the City, to be disbursed by the Union Defence Committee, therefore,

Resolved, That the Union Defence Committee be requested to communicate to the President of the Board of Aldermen, stating what provision, if any, they have made for recruiting, organizing, uniforming and equipping the several Regiments of volunteers now being formed, and to be formed, in this City, and when the uniforms, arms and equipments of said Regiments will be ready, and also what portion of said sum is to be appropriated for the relief of families of volunteers, and such other information as will acquaint the Committee with these objects.

Alderman GENET was of opinion that this resolution did not cover the whole ground. He hoped the application of Mr. Kerrigan would be granted, and moved that the sum of $5,000 be appropriated at once for his regiment. This was not seconded.

Alderman FROMENT said he would like to see the matter referred, until they understood from the Union Committee what they intended to do.

A letter was received from the Union Defence Committee, acknowledging the appropriation of $1,000,000, granted by the Common Council and giving the assurances of the Committee that it should be faithfully and economically applied to the patriotic purpose for which it was devoted. It was signed by John A. Dix, Chairman, and Wm. M. Evarts, Secretary of the Committee.

After some further debate, the whole subject was laid over till this day at 5 P. M., when the Board will meet again. Some other business was transacted relative to the Croton Aqueduct Board and the opening of streets, which, in the present state of public affairs, was scarcely of average importance.

COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN ON THE EQUIPPING OF NEW-YORK REGIMENTS OF VOLUNTEERS—ALDERMAN BOOLE PROPOSES TO OBTAIN 250,000 STAND OF ARMS FROM ENGLAND AND CANADA.

The Committee of the Board of Aldermen on the subject of equipping a Brigade of Volunteers from this City, met yesterday afternoon. Alderman BOOLE, the Chairman, stated that he had waited upon the Union Defence Committee, in whose hands they were to place the $1,000,000 appropriated for military purposes. He was present at their meeting at the Fifth-avenue Hotel Wednesday evening, to ascertain what course they intended to pursue. With respect to the equipping of regiments, they said that they had referred the subject to a Committee. They had taken the matter into their own hands. The Aldermanic Committee were therefore exonerated in the matter. He asked them how they were going to manage regarding the relief of the families of volunteers who might be in want. On this point, they had come to no conclusion. The Committee were honorable men, doubtless, and determined to do their best, but it was to be feared that they were not acting quick enough. The Common Council had put into their hands a million dollars for the purpose of equipping regiments of volunteers, and affording relief to the wives and children of those who might be in need. If the money was not spent to the satisfaction of the community, the Common Council would be held responsible. He called the attention of the Committee *to the important fact that there were no arms of consequence to be procured either in the City or the State.* The necessity was imperative for the immediate dispatch of an ordnance officer to England, to purchase a large supply of the latest improved rifles and other arms. They could be sent here within a month. He had talked with men of experience on this subject, and it met with the views of all. If prompt action was taken a supply of 250,000 stand of the best arms to be found in Europe, could be procured. New-York could not act too quickly, and arms could be obtained from England sooner than they could be obtained here. The Committee at least might recommend the dispatch of an experienced officer to purchase arms.

Alderman FROMENT thought the Union Committee should do this.

Hon. DANIEL E. SICKLES said he had called on several members of the Union Committee, and could not learn anything satisfactory concerning arms or uniforms. The Common Council had done itself injustice, in not managing the matter themselves. There were plenty of men willing to go to the war, but they must be equipped and supplied with arms.

Alderman FROMENT opposed any more appropriations. The City had given $1,000,000, and the State $3,500,000. He wished the Common Council to call on the Union Committee to act immediately in the fitting out of regiments.

Hon. DAN. E. SICKLES observed it had been suggested by a gentleman present, that at least 5,000 stand of arms might be immediately purchased in Canada.

Finally, the Committee agreed on a resolution to be presented in the evening to the Board of Aldermen, which was accordingly offered by Alderman BOOLE, in that Board, the report of which will be found elsewhere.

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

THE UNION SAFETY COMMITTEE—BELGIAN PAVEMENT APPROPRIATION—COL. WILSON'S REGIMENT.

A regular meeting of this Board was held last evening. The vacant chair of Councilman OTTIWELL, who has gone to Washington as Captain of Company D, Twelfth Regiment, was tastefully decorated with the national colors surmounted with two miniature flags, presenting a striking contrast to the vacant chair of the late Sergeant-at-arms, which was draped in mourning.

A communication was received from the Union Safety Committee acknowledging the receipt of a copy of the ordinance constituting them the distributers of the fund of $1,000,000, authorized by the audience, and thanking the Common Council for this mark of their confidence.

Councilmen PINCKNEY offered a resolution, which was unanimously adopted, directing the Croton Board not to advertise for proposals for paving streets or avenues with Belgian pavement, where the same is to be paid for from the Belgian pavement appropriation ($250,000) until further orders.

A communication was received from Col. Wm. Wilson, dated 22d inst., asking for uniforms for his regiment. Councilman STEVENSON stated that the uniforms had already been furnished, and, on motion, the paper was referred to the Union Safety Committee.

After finishing up a large amount of routine business, of no general interest, the Board adjourned to Monday evening next.

COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS.

THE WAR FEVER PREVALENT.

The semi-monthly meeting of this Board was held yesterday afternoon, in Bond-street, SIMEON DRAPER, President, in the chair. The weekly statement is as follows: Number of inmates in the various institutions under control of the Board, 8,316, which is a decrease of 110 since the last report; 1,938 have been admitted; 2,048 were discharged, sent to Blackwell's Island, State Prison, or have died.

After transacting some ordinary business, the usual report of the Committee of the Whole was read, and adopted without any debate. From the 12th to the 25th April, inclusive, 551 persons—253 men and 298 females—were transferred from the City Prison to the Workhouse on Blackwell's Island, as vagrants and disorderly persons.

Bellevue Hospital Medical Board has been increased by the appointment of Dr. FRANK H. HAMILTON, M. D., Visiting Surgeon, and AUSTIN FLINT, SR., M. D., Visiting Physician. The gentlemen whose names are annexed have tendered their resignations in order to join the Army. Mr. J. DE RUPERT, M. D., House Physician, Walter Coles, M. D., House Surgeon, J. P. P. White, M. D., Assistant Surgeon, and George Gaines, Clerk, of Bellevue Hospital; Alexander Fairfax, M. D., Assistant Physician, and Eugene Peugnet, M. D., Assistant Physician at Randall's Island; Thomas McGuire, Keeper at the Workhouse; James Mooney and Mathew Daly, Keepers at the City Prison; and Charles Mehrer, Attendant at the Lunatic Asylum, the full salaries of these men will be paid to their families for sixty days, and their situations kept open for them until honorably discharged. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That this Board will respond to the Committee of Twenty-five citizens having the subject in charge, of which Hon. JOHN A. DIX is Chairman, in such an amount as may be deemed necessary, and at their disposal, towards the support of soldiers who serve their country as true patriots and in support of the Union.

Resolved, That the Warden of Bellevue Hospital be instructed to fit up one or two wards for the special accommodation of such soldiers who may be unfortunately injured in the service, and under the direction of Drs. A. B. MOTT and B. W. MCCREADY, of Committee of Inspection of Bellevue Hospital.

Resolved, That the Warden of Bellevue Hospital be instructed to furnish to the Recruits of the Second Regiment, such quantity of beds and bedding for their accommodation in the Hospital until their departure, as may be deemed necessary.

Forty-two recruits belonging to the Second Regiment and twenty-five members of the National Zouaves are now being provided with food and lodgings, until their embarkation, at Bellevue Hospital.

The Board then adjourned.

COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION.

BUILDINGS GRANTED FOR TROOPS.

The regular meeting of the Commissioners of Emigration was held on Wednesday, the President, VERPLANCK, in the Chair.

In reply to an inquiry by Commissioner JELLINGHAUS as to who had granted the use of the building as a temporary rendezvous for troops, the General Agent reported that he had, with the concurrence of Commissioner CURTISS.

To this Mr. JELLINGHAUS said he objected, and that the State had no right to ask the use of the building for such purpose, and the General Agent ought not to have assented to it.

The other Commissioners present unanimously approved of the course of the General Agent, whereupon Mr. JELLINGHAUS said he protested against it.

The following resolutions were offered by Commissioner CARRIGAN, and unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That the Commissioners of Emigration hereby tender to the Governor of the State, the grounds and buildings under their control at Castleton, for the use and accommodation of troops.

Resolved, That the General Agent be instructed to communicate the above resolutions to the Governor, or in case of his absence from the City, to Assistant Quarter-Master ARTHUR; and that he also inform the Governor or Mr. ARTHUR of the size and number of the buildings, and the probable number of men they are capable of accommodating, with such general information in regard to the grounds and conveniences there as may be considered serviceable.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE BALTIMOREANS

The Philadelphia *Bulletin* contains the following, concerning the interview with the President, of which a very different interview has been published in Baltimore:—

We learn from a gentleman who has just returned from Washington, the particulars of the interview, last Monday, between the President and the Baltimore Committee. He thus reports the precise nature of Mr. LINCOLN's expression on that occasion.

The Committee presented themselves before the President, and entered upon their mission.

After some preliminary remarks, Mr. LINCOLN said: "Gentlemen, you have come here to ask peace on any terms. Such a desire, on such terms, is not like the course of WASHINGTON or JACKSON. They (the rebels) attacked Fort Sumter. You attack troops sent to the Federal Government for the protection of the same, and for the defence of the lives and property of the inhabitants of this city. My intention never was to attack Maryland, but to have those troops, as I said before, for the protection of Washington.

"Now, gentleman, go home and tell your people that if they will not attack us, we will not attack them. But if they *do* attack us, we will return it, and that severely. These troops must come to Washington, and that through Maryland; they can neither go under it, nor can they fly over it, and THEY SHALL COME THROUGH IT."

WHAT MASSACHUSETTS IS DOING.

BOSTON, Thursday, April 25.

A full company to form another corps of flying artillery, enlisted in two hours, yesterday, under Hon. MOSES G. COAT. They are a fine and hearty looking set of men, and will be furnished with six rifled cannon, and all other equipments.

The steamers *Massachusetts* and *South Carolina* have gone to the Navy-yard to be razeed and converted into war vessels.

The second batallion of infantry now occupy Fort Independence in Boston harbor.

The private subscriptions to equip FLETCHER WEBSTER's Regiment now amounts to $12,500. The Regiment will soon be in a fighting condition.

Some excitement was caused to-day by seditious language used by Lieut. BROWN, one of the resigned officers of the *Niagara*. He was arrested by the police authorities, but subsequently conveyed to the receiving ship *Ohio*.

WHAT NEW-HAMPSHIRE IS DOING.

PORTSMOUTH, Thursday, April 25.

Fort Constitution and the other fortifications in our harbor are being put in a state of defence.

There is great activity at the Navy-yard, and the U. S. War vessels *Dale*, *Marion* and *Santee* are being fitted out for service.

From the White Mountains to the ocean, New-Hampshire is ready to do her full duty for the Union.

WHAT VERMONT IS DOING.

MONTPELIER, Thursday April 25.

The House of Representatives promptly and unanimously passed a bill on Tuesday, the day of their convening, appropriating a million dollars for military purposes. On Wednesday the Senate concurred. To day the Governor approved of the bill.

Thus promptly and liberally have the sinews of war been provided by the State. Meanwhile the work of enlisting and organizing volunteers goes bravely on all over the State.

The First Regiment will be ready to march in three days.

LOCAL MILITARY MOVEMENTS.

CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN MAYOR WOOD AND GENERAL WOOL—THE GOVERNOR'S ROOM TENDERED AS MILITARY HEAD-QUARTERS, AND DECLINED.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, April 25, 1861.

Major General John E. Wool:

DEAR SIR: As Mayor of this City, in behalf of the Municipal authorities, I have the honor to tender you the use of the Governor's room in the City Hall as your Head-quarters during your stay in the City.

I am, with great respect,
FERNANDO WOOD, Mayor.

To this Gen. WOOL replied as follows:

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL, Thursday, April 25.

DEAR SIR: Your note of this morning tendering me the use of the Governor's Room in the City Hall for my head-quarters, has been received.

Please accept for yourself and the Municipal authorities in whose behalf this tender is made, my sincere acknowledgments for the kind offer, of which I am not prepared to avail myself at present. I shall take an early occasion, when the present pressure upon my time has been somewhat relieved, to pay my respects to you officially.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
JOHN E. WOOL, Major-General.

To Hon. FERNANDO WOOD, Mayor, &c.

COL. WILSON'S ZOUAVES.

All those who have signed the roll are ordered to report to the officers in command at Staten Island. Young men wishing to volunteer can do so by applying at the recruiting dépôts, No. 618 Broadway or Tammany Hall. None but good men who feel like fighting are wanted.

WEST POINT ARTILLERY BATTALION.

Two hundred able-bodied men, who have had experience in artillery service, are wanted to volunteer for a battalion of rifled cannon and howitzers, now being raised by experienced West Point graduates. As this will be an important arm of the service, and the men mounted, they must be of suitable size and weight. West Point graduates to fill some of the offices are also needed. Applications may be made at No. 632 Broadway, from 11 to 4 o'clock.

ANOTHER NEW COMPANY.

A company of 77 men, consisting of lawyers, merchants and merchants' clerks, is now nearly organized by Col. CHAS. W. DARLING, recently of Gov. MORGAN's staff. This company is designed for one of the regular regiments of the First Division, N. Y. S. M., and will probably receive orders to march this week.

THE SCOTT LIFE GUARDS.

At a meeting of the Board of Officers of this Regiment, yesterday, the following gentlemen were unanimously elected: EDWARD MCR. HUDSON, Colonel; JOHN D. MCGREGOR, Lieutenant-Colonel; ALFRED W. TAYLOR, Major. CHAS. B YATES, Brigadier General, presiding officer. Col. HUDSON went down with the squadron to relieve Fort Sumter, and a large proportion of the other officers saw service in the Mexican war.

THE MONTEZUMA REGIMENT.

This regiment, formerly known as the battalion of the same name, and now commanded by Col. WM. H. BROWNE, is rapidly recruiting, and now nearly full. All its officers are old Mexican campaigners. A few more men of the right stamp are wanted to fill it to its right complement. The head-quarters are at No. 429 Broadway.

NATIONAL ZOUAVES.

This Regiment, Col. MCCHESNEY, was inspected yesterday by Major HUBBLE.

FIRST GERMAN RIFLES.

Seven hundred and eighty men of this regiment were inspected by Major TAYLOR yesterday. Col. BLENCKER is in command.

FOUGHABOLLOUGH GUARD.

A recruiting office has been opened by THOMAS FRANCIS MEAGHER, at No 105 Walker-street, to enroll volunteers for this guard.

THE ADVANCE GUARD.

Col. DURYEA is at Fort Schuyler, busily drilling his men. A few more men are wanted. The recruiting office is at No. 632 Broadway.

A FIGHTING REGIMENT.

ANDREW SHEEHAN, WILLIAM MULLIGAN and JAMES HUGHES, are forming a regiment, to be called the Empire City Regiment. The headquarters are at No. 15 Houston-street (west).

GARIBALDI GUARD.

This regiment is composed entirely of foreigners. Headquarters, No. 594 and 596 Broadway.

CALIFORNIA REGIMENT.

Seven hundred men have already volunteered; to-day it is expected that the rolls will be quite full.

SECOND REGIMENT SCOTT LIFE GUARD.

Volunteers for the Second Regiment of this Guard are being received at the head-quarters, No. 497 Broadway.

THE EXCELSIOR REGIMENT.

This regiment, formed under the auspices of Hon. DANIEL E. SICKLES and Capt. WILLIAM E. WILEY, has its head-quarters in the basement of the City Hall. 250 able-bodied men are needed to complete it. The members will be equipped in the uniform of our State troops.

A BRITISH VOLUNTEER IN TROUBLE.

A recruiting officer, Mr. WALTER DARWENT, was arrested yesterday, at the complaint of some unknown person, who stated that he was recruiting men for the Confederate States. The British Consul was sent for, matters were explained and DARWENT was liberated.

MEETING OF THE BRITISH LEGION.

A meeting was held last evening, at Hope Chapel, for the purpose of organizing this Regiment, Mr. SAUNDERS in the Chair. The British Consul, through the Chairman, stated that he had nothing to do with the meeting or its object. An officer of the English army, who has seen active service, will be offered the command.

NOTICE FROM GEN. WOOL.

Gen. WOOL notifies his friends, that owing to the pressure of official business, all communications on private or personal affairs, must remain unanswered for the present.

LETTERS FOR THE REGIMENTS.

Adams' Express Company carried yesterday nearly fifteen hundred letters to the Seventh Regiment, and parcels *ad libitum*.

FIRST REGIMENT WASHINGTON VOLUNTEERS.

This Regiment, commanded by Col. CHARLES INNES, is being rapidly recruited. It will be composed of picked men, and the honorable career of Col. INNES during the Mexican war is sufficient guarantee that his Regiment will be a credit to the State.

FIVE REGIMENTS TO BE OFF.

The Seventy-ninth, Eleventh, Second, Ninth and Fifty-fifth Regiments, have all received orders to hold themselves in readiness to depart at any moment.

FIRST REGIMENT, NATIONAL GUARD.

Orders are expected to be received daily, commanding this regiment to start for Washington.

THE FIREMEN ZOUAVES.

A meeting of the Board of Foremen, Chief-Engineer DECKER in the chair, was also held last night at Firemen's Hall, when it was resolved that the firemen escort Col. ELLSWORTH's Firemen Zouaves when they depart for the seat of war. Complimentary resolutions were passed to Ex-Engineer J. A. CARGIER, on his retirement from office, and to those firemen who have enlisted for the war.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS IN BROOKLYN.

The "status" of the military has not been materially changed since the last issue of this paper. The members of the Thirteenth Regiment who could not get ready to leave with their command, will be ready to join their corps the first opportunity that offers.

The Twenty-eighth Regiment yet remains mustered in the State arsenal, and will be fully equipped to-day. The Fourteenth Regiment will be ready to leave by Saturday next. The different regiments throughout the City are rapidly filling up.

The City authorities have appointed Judge JOHN Q. ADAMS to distribute the clothing to be furnished by the City to the militia. Judge ADAMS has taken a store at No. 166 Fulton-street, in which to transact the business.

The City will not furnish Volunteer Companies, as they will be supplied by the State.

The Irish Brigade has now 500 men enrolled, and it is expected will be full and ready for duty by Saturday next. Col. JESSE C. SMITH, formerly commander of the Fourteenth Regiment, it is said, will be tendered the command.

Major-Gen. DURYEA has authorized Surgeon COCHRANE to receive contributions of bandages and lint at No. 298 Fulton-street.

NEW-JERSEY MILITARY MOVEMENTS.

DEPARTURE OF THE SECOND REGIMENT TO-DAY.

Brigadier-General HATFIELD has ordered the Second Regiment, Hudson Brigade, to assemble in full uniform, (fatigue cap,) at 9 o'clock A. M. this morning, to take transportation for Trenton. The regimental line will be formed on Washington-street, right resting on Grand-street. The regiment consists of ten full companies of good hardy men.

The Messrs. BROOKS, of New-York, were unable to fulfill their contract for uniforms, and a portion of the volunteers will probably not be uniformed until they go into quarters at Trenton.

Three regular and three special policemen, yesterday, took leave of absence and joined the regiment. Policeman, JOHN A. VAN VOORHIES, was elected Captain of the Second Company, Hudson Guards. For two days past the propeller *Kedar*, of the Cunard Line, has been loading with provisions, having been chartered by the United States Government, and it is also stated that she is to take out 1,000 soldiers. The New-Jersey, and Camden and Amboy Railroad Companies, have tendered their roads to the Government. The New-Jersey Company have tendered a loan of $20,000, and the Camden and Amboy Railroad Company $10,000 to the Governor.

TO OWNERS AND MASTERS OF VESSELS.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, April 25, 1861.

All vessels leaving port will be required to exhibit their clearances to the revenue vessels stationed at the Narrows, the Kills or at Throg's Neck.

Outward bound vessels will approach the revenue vessels and heave-to until boarded by the revenue officers.

HIRAM BARNEY, Collector.

[Advertisement.]

"SHOW YOUR COLORS."—That is what is expected of every man in these stirring times, just as a man of taste will show it by always purchasing his hat of KNOX—the KNOX whose elegant Union Hat, just issued, is the admiration of every one, and attracts instant attention to his beautiful and magnificent temple of fashion, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-street. All Union-loving men should wear one.

[Advertisement.]

THE MILITARY DISPLAYS IN BROADWAY are daily attracting thousands to Barnum's Museum, as his windows and balconies afford the best view that can be obtained, and visitors see all his living curiosities and dramatic performances all for 25 cents.

[Advertisement.]

PRICES OF HIRAM'S CARPETING REDUCED!—A great opportunity now offered for bargains in new spring carpeting; English medallion and velvet carpets, 5-4 wide; Brussels, three-ply and ingrain carpeting, rugs, mats, matting, window shades, table and piano covers, druggets, stair carpets and rods, Dutch carpeting, &c., displayed in the spacious salesrooms, at HIRAM ANDERSON's, No. 99 Bowery. Housekeepers and carpet buyers are invited to call.

[Advertisement.]

Absolute and efficacious cures of corns and bunions, without immediate or subsequent pain. Messrs. RANDALL, No 365 Broome-street. Thousands of the most conclusive and satisfactory testimonials can be seen at the office.

[Advertisement.]

PAIN IN THE SIDE, COSTIVE BOWELS, DIZZINESS—And other disagreeable symptoms, arise from a disordered Liver. To cure the Liver there is but one safe medicine, viz., HOLLOWAY'S PILLS. They are a CERTAIN remedy, purely vegetable, and safe for the most delicate.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF Safes and Herring's New Patent Burglar-Proof Safes, lined with patent crystalized iron—the only material that cannot be drilled. No. 251 Broadway, corner Murray-street, New-York.

Markets by Telegraph.

CINCINNATI, Wednesday, April 24.

FLOUR unchanged. WHISKY dull and unsettled at 12½c., and offered at the close at 12c., without buyers. Mess PORK dull at $17. Sight Exchange on New-York at 3@3½ ℘ cent. premium for Kentucky currency and ½ ℘ cent. for Ohio and Indiana State.

LOUISVILLE Ky., Wednesday, April 24.

The PORK market is greatly excited. Leading merchants complain that they cannot get Provisions from Cincinnati, nor telegrams through. They are explaining the reasons.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, April 25.

FLOUR quiet. WHEAT firmer—red $1 30@$1 36 white $1 38@$1 50. CORN active at 62c. BEEF $15. PORK $20 for Government. WHISKY 18c @18¼c.

NEW-ORLEANS, Wednesday, April 24.

COTTON—Prices irregular; sales 1,250 bales. FLOUR, $5 20@$5 25.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 5 05 | Sun sets..... 6 50 | Moon rises.. 9 32

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 8 35 | Gov. island... 9 24 | Hell Gate...10 46

Passengers Arrived.

APRIL 25—*In steamship Asia, from Liverpool*—Miss A. Slade, Miss L. B. Jarvis, Lieut.-Col. McDonald, lady and child, Miss Hilyard, Miss L. Giller, Dr. O'Reilly and lady, Mr. T. S. Shepherd and lady, Lieut. Barron and servant, John McLaren, Geo. Wellman, Wm. H. Hase, John Jardine, James Bunting, Edward R. Wood, R. J. Ibbottson, Samuel Hill, R. J. King, Samuel Wann, Joseph Piggott, R. W. Stebert, R. Walker, S. Kahnweitzer, J. T. Cushman, J. H. Buchanan, Mr. Benjamin, Henry Hotchkiss, F. Curtis, Rev. Dr. Seyburn, Mr. Calhoun, F. Strange, lady and 2 children, Mr. Taylor, Chas. Weber, L. G. Weber, John Askham, J. Needham, Mr. Elson, W. Lerin, C. Genard, L. C. Harris, Capt. Shaw, J. W. Hart, Rev. T. McCague, lady and 2 children, Mr. J. J. Power, Mrs. M. Schofield, Geo. Reid, Mr. Ramon Garcia, Mr. Morris.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....THURSDAY, April 25.

Cleared.

Steamer Alida, Robinson, Philadelphia, James Hand.

Ships D. Webster, Spencer, London, Morgan & Wiley; Arctic, Zerega, Liverpool, Zerega & Co.; B. Crocker, Williams, St. John, N. B., Williams & Guion; Coronet, Barden, St. Johns, Walsh, Carver & Chase; Swordfish, Crandall, San Francisco, R. M. Cooley.

Barks Cornelia, Barton, Havana, Moses Taylor & Co.; Elizabeth, Wilkins, Montevideo, Burdett & Noble; S. Colcord, Colcord, Sagua, R. P. Buck & Co.; Ophelia, Danielson, Cork, Holmboe and Tetens.

Brigs J. Park, Park, Matanzas, Walsh, Carver & Chase; M. Mathews, Lampher, Elizabethport, Walsh, Carver & Chase.

Schooners Mary Price, Blizzard, Philadelphia, Kemble & Warner; J. P. Wallace, Staples, Taunton, master; C. Alston, Quinn, Elizabethport, J. R. Dow; Planet, Harding, St. John, N. B., C. Johnson; St. George, Penniston, Bermuda, Middleton & Co.; S. A. Johnson, Hawkins, Malta, B. F. Small; Ann and Susan, Pearson, Lisbon; John Nelson, Nelson, Maitland, J. S. Whitney & Co.; Montezuma, Gross, Elizabethport, R. P. Buck & Co.; Ella, Marston, Boston; Hunter, Rackett, Providence; W. Smith, Munson, Montevideo, Miller & Houghton.

Arrived.

Steamship Empire City, (U. S. transport,) Brown, Indianola April 13, via Havana 20th, where she stopped for water and fuel, with U. S. troops.

Steamship Asia, (Br.,) Lott, Liverpool April 13, at 10:40 A. M., and Queenstown 14th, at 5¾ P. M., with mdse. and passengers to E. Cunard. 13th, passed ship Anne Langton; same day, at 4½ P. M., passed steamship Europa, bound in; 14th, at 6¾ P. M., signalized steam ship Canada; 18th, lat. 48 41, lon. 33 33, passed a dereleet ship or bark, totally dismasted; name indistinct, but like Tryggue, or Trycove; same day, signalized bark Jane, bound W., and ship Patrick Henry. 20th, lat. 44 46, lon. 45 15, passed ship Arizona, bound W. 22d, lat. 42 40, lon. 56 23, passed Br. bark Lady Daly, bound E. 23d, lat. 42 40, lon. 62 40, passed ship London, bound E. 24th, lat. 40 55, lon. 68 50, passed ship Young America, bound W. The Asia passed the Battery at 7:50 A. M. Brings £9,216 in specie.

Steamer Tacony, Ely, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Loper & Kirkpatrick.

Steamer Anthracite, Jones, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & N. Briggs.

Steamer Ironsides, Vandeveer, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & N. Briggs.

Steamer Potomska, Nye, New-Bedford, with mdse. and passengers to master.

Steamer Pelican, Baker, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Steamer Kennebec, Johnson, Philadelphia, with mdse. to F. Perkins.

Ship Guy Mannering, Dollard, Liverpool March 26, with mdse. and 220 passengers to R. L. Taylor. April 14, lat. 42 40, lon. 55 30, passed one of the Philadelphia Steamship Company's screw steamers, bound E. April 21, lat. 40 35, passed bark Martha's Vineyard, bound E.; same day, lat. 40 18, lon. 69 18, took pilot from boat C. H. Marshall, No. 3. The G. M. has had heavy westerly winds most of the passage; crossed the Banks in lat. 43 40; saw no ice.

Ship Medallion, (of Richmond, Me.,) Jackson, Trieste Jan. 19, and Gibraltar March 6, with mdse. to Dutilh & Co. Has been 30 ds. westward of Grand Banks, and 7 ds. from Nantucket South Shoal. Had strong N. W. gales since March 23. April 5, lat. 35, lon. 57 30, spoke brig Nightingale, from St. Johns, N. F., for Barbados. April 19, lat. 40 45, lon. 69 15, spoke brig Orion, Adams, from Remedios, for Portland. April 23 off Fire Island, spoke schr. R. W. Perry, from Jacksonville for Boston.

Ship Panama, Hansen, Liverpool March 24, with coal to Hennings & Gosling. Has been 20 ds. westward of the Banks. Had a pilot on board 5 ds.

Ship Forrest City, Axworthy, Palermo 56 ds., passed Gibraltar March 16, with fruit to R. Post.

Ship Yorkshire, Fairbanks, Liverpool March 26, with mdse. and 161 passengers to C. H. Marshall & Co.

Ship Punjaub, (of Boston,) Miller, Liverpool 30 ds., in ballast to order.

Bark G. W. Horton, (of Rockland,) Sleeper, Apalachicola April 14, with cotton to Walsh, Carver & Chase. Everything quiet.

Bark Lancastria, (Br., of Maryport,) Edmondson, Rio Janeiro 43 ds., with coffee to Geo. Moke & Co.

Bark Chas. Brewer, (of Rockland,) Goull, Cienfuegos 15 ds., with sugar to R. W. Trundy. Sld. in co. with bark Harriet Spaulding, for New-York.

Bark Attilie, (Brem.,) Dammermann, Bremen 31 ds., with mdse. and 300 passengers to Henschen & Unkart.

Bark Warren, (of Baltimore,) Benthall, New-Orleans 15 ds., with mdse. to N. H. Brigham.

Bark Maria Morton, Buikley, Charleston 3½ ds., with cotton to D. C. Murray.

Bark Clara Haxall, (of Richmond, Va.,) Dutten, Rio Janeiro March 12, with coffee to master.

Bark Wm. Harper, (Br., of South Shields,) Everson, Londonderry 31 ds., in ballast to Grinnell, Minturn & Co.

Brig Baltimore, Potter, Port-au-Prince April 15, with coffee and logwood to H. Becker & Graves. Sld. in co. with brig Isabel Suermann, Tamss, for New-York. Schr. Ocean Bird, Powers, for Boston, sld. 3 ds. previous. 15th inst., off the Platform, St. Domingo, spoke brig King Brothers, Larraway, hence for Port-au-Prince; 21st, lat. 32 15, lon. 74 28, saw a schr., painted black, with a white house, steering N., with mainmast gone by the deck; had a foresail and two jibs set; no signal of distress; was about 170 tons; 24th, saw two fore-and-aft schrs. ashore about 8 miles N. of Barnegat; could not ascertain who they were; had apparently been but a short time on.

Brig Sarah Elizabeth, (of Calais,) Santos, (late Raynes,) Arroyo, P. R., 8th inst., with molasses to Jed Frye. 19th inst., Capt. Benjamin Raynes died, and was buried at sea.

Brig J. C. Cole, (of Baltimore,) Collins, Santa Cruz, Cuba, April 8, with sugar, &c., to Merrill & Abbott. Sld. in co. with brig Samuel Cook, and schr. Ocean Bird, for Boston.

Brig Leon, (of Alexandria,) Travers, Fajardo, P. R., 8th inst., with molasses to master. Had very heavy weather; lost deck-load.

Schr. J. W. Maitland, (of Baltimore,) Lerwan, Arroyo P. R., April 13, with sugar, &c., to Brett, Son & Co. April 18, lat. 31, lon. 70 30, passed the wreck of brig Molunkus, of Eastport, dismasted, water-logged and abandoned.

Schr. Smithsonian, Davis, Charleston 4 ds., with naval stores to Jonas Smith & Co. 24th inst., off Chincoteague, saw steamship Marion, with brig-of-war Perry in tow; also, another steamship bound S. No excitement at Charleston. The steamship Nashville lay at her wharf, idle.

Schr. Lavinah Jane, Ketchum, Virginia 2 ds., with oysters. Capt. K. had to leave with part of a load only, as they were about to sieze his vessel. No violence was offered him.

Schr. Pennsylvanian, Munro, Charleston, via Georgetown, S. C. 5 ds., in ballast to master. When going into Georgetown, two guns were fired across her bows.

Schr. Elizabeth and Jane, (Br., of St. George,) Anderson, Remedios 15 ds., with sugar to Jed Frye. Experienced very heavy weather; lost part of deck-load, jibboom, &c.

Schr. Joseph Grice, Snow, Black River, Jam., via Key West 9 ds., with logwood to Peck & Church.

Schr. F. Nickerson, Henderson, St. Mary's, Ga., 7 ds., with naval stores to Dollner, Potter & Co.

Schr. Sarah, (of Culer,) McKowall, Falmouth, Jam., 6th inst., with logwood to Brett, Son & Co.

Schr. Maine, Brown, Robbinston 7 ds., with lumber to John Boynton & Son.

Schr. Howard, Baker, Boston 3 ds., with mdse. to S. W. Lewis & Co.

Schr. Eliza Jane, Adams, Baltimore 9 ds., with coal.

Schr. Maria Louisa, Cummings, Fall River, with mdse.

Schr. Commerce, Daniels, Virginia 3 ds., with oysters.

Schr. Eagle, Gregory, Rockland 4 ds., with lime.

Schr. St. Lucas, Adams, Rockland 4 ds., with lime.

Schr. T. Taylor, Nickerson, Gloucester 3 ds., with fish.

Schr. Angie, Luce, Sippican 5 ds., with lumber.

Schr. Empire, Crowell, Boston 4 ds., with fish.

Schr. Governor, Chase, Boston 3 ds., with fish.

Schr. Pennsylvania, Ladd, Norwich 4 ds.

Sloop Mount Hope, Reynolds, Taunton 2 ds., nails.

Sloop Orietta, Brindle, Virginia.

WIND—During the day, W.

Miscellaneous.

STEAMTUG UNCLE BEN.—Capt. Seaman, of yacht Edna C., which arrived at this port on Wednesday from Wilmington, N. C., reports, that on the 20th, he saw the steamtug Uncle Ben about half way up the river, bound to Wilmington. He also reports that the schrs. Sea Bird, for New-York; Maggie Van Dusen, ——; Mary Brewer, Ward, for New-York; Mary Langdon, Hicks, do.; S. B. Bailey, ——; Ocean Wave, Veasie, for Boston; brig Mary Lowell, Johnson, for Jamaica, and a number of others, all got under way, and left same day with the Edna C.

Foreign Ports.

At Arroyo, P. R., April 13, brig Harriet Hallock, just arr.; schrs. Fountain, do; Lucy Alexander, to sail about 25th; R. G. Knight, do. do.

[PER ASIA.]

Arrived from New-York—April 14, ships Surprise, and Devon, at Liverpool.

Arrived from Baltimore—[illegible], at Liverpool.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

UNION DEFENCE COMMITTEE, OF THE CITIZENS OF NEW-YORK.

OFFICE NO. 30 PINE-STREET,
NEW-YORK, April 25, 1861.

The permanent offices of this Committee are now established in this building where, from and after this date, all communications must be addressed.

Office hours are from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Committees will meet daily at 12 M.

The Executive Committee will meet daily in addition to the above, at the Fifth-avenue Hotel, at 8 P. M.

The United States Government the State Government, the Municipal authorities, and citizens of New-York, are in cordial and active coöperation with this Committee.

The Committee is organized as follows:

JOHN A. DIX, Chairman.
SIMEON DRAPER, Vice-Chairman.
WILLIAM M. EVARTS, Secretary.
THEODORE DEHON, Treasurer.
MOSES TAYLOR, MOSES H. GRINNELL,
RICH'D M. BLATCHFORD, ROYAL PHELPS,
EDW'D PIERREPONT, WM. E. DODGE,
ALEX. T. STEWART, GREENE C. BRONSON,
SAMUEL SLOAN, HAMILTON FISH,
JOHN JACOB ASTOR, WM. F. HAVEMEYER,
JOHN J. CISCO, CHARLES H. RUSSELL,
JAS. S. WADSWORTH, JAMES T. BRADY,
ISAAC BELL, RUD'PH A. WITTHAUS,
JAMES BOORMAN, ABIEL A. LOW,
CHAS. H. MARSHALL, PROSPER M. WETMORE,
ROBERT H. MCCURDY, A. C. RICHARDS,
The Mayor of the City of New-York.
The Comptroller of the City of New-York.
The President of the Board of Aldermen.
The President of the Board of Councilmen.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
SIMEON DRAPER, Chairman.
THEODORE DEHON, Treasurer, ex off.
PROSPER M. WETMORE, Secretary.
MOSES H. GRINNELL, JAS. S. WADSWORTH,
A. C. RICHARDS, ISAAC BELL,
RICH'D M. BLATCHFORD, CHAS. H. MARSHALL,
SAMUEL SLOAN, JOHN JACOB ASTOR.

COMMITTEE OF FINANCE.
CHAS. H. RUSSELL, A. A. LOW,
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JAMES BOORMAN.

COMMITTEE OF CORRESPONDENCE.
HAMILTON FISH.
W. M. EVARTS, EDWARDS PIERREPONT,
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COMMITTEE ON SUBSCRIPTIONS AND COLLECTIONS.
ALEX. T. STEWART, WM. F. HAVEMEYER,
WILLIAM E. DODGE, RUDOLPH A. WITTHAUS,
ROBERT H. MCCURDY, ROYAL PHELPS.

All appropriations will be made on written applications at the office of the Committee, Room No. 14, Pine-st., No. 30.

Receipts and disbursements, at the office of the Treasurer, Room No. 13.

Published by order of the Executive Committee.
SIMEON DRAPER, Chairman.
PROSPER M. WETMORE, Secretary.

UNION DEFENCE COMMITTEE.

The Committee on Collections and Subscriptions formed from the Executive Committee appointed at the great Mass Meeting at Union-square, have prepared books of subscription, which are in the hands of the several members thereof, viz.:

ALEX. T. STEWART,
WM. F. HAVEMEYER,
WM. E. DODGE,
R. A. WITTHAUS,
R. H. MCCURDY,
ROYAL PHELPS,

To either of whom subscriptions and payments may be made.

All those who desire to uphold the Constitution and Government of the United States are earnestly requested to make liberal subscriptions immediately to the Committee, or to Theodore Dehon, Treasurer, No. 10 Wall-st.
ALEX T. STEWART, Chairman.
R. H. MCCURDY, Secretary.

ATTENTION, COMPANY.

RIGHT FLANK, FILE LEFT, MARCH!! In JUBE'S Ambrotype and Photograph Gallery, No. 220 Bowery, and get four of those beautiful pictures for $1, for your friends before you go.

FLAGS

of all descriptions for sale and made to order at short notice, at No. 78 Greenwich av., and No. 80 West-st., by A. G. SUNDSTROM, Manufacturer.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
COMMISSARY GENERAL'S OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, April 25, 1861.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office, (corner of 7th av. and 35th-st.,) until 12 o'clock M., on the 27th instant, for furnishing the following articles, (army patterns:)

2,000 common TENTS,
250 WALL-TENTS and FLIES,

with poles and pins complete.

Proposals will be received for 1,000 "Sibley" Tents; and the option of accepting any portion of either kind is reserved. The proposals will state the earliest time at which Tents can be furnished.

Proposals will also be received for furnishing, as soon as practicable:

200 Drums and Sticks, and Slings and Carriages.
200 Fifes.
1,000 Axes and Helves.
1,000 Spades.
500 Hatchets.
2,500 Camp-Kettles.
5,000 Mess-Pans.
500 Pickaxes and Handles.

Same quality and pattern as are used in the United Army.

BENJ. WELCH, Jr.,
Commissary-General.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau st., opposite the Post-office.

MINER & THOAP WILL SELL AT auction, on SATURDAY, April 27, 1861, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence, No. 38 East 13th-st., near University place, genteel household furniture, all of which was made to order and but little used, consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, carved rosewood suite in moquet, rosewood centre and side tables, black walnut extension table, do. card, buffet, lace curtains and cornices; brown and gilt enameled bedroom suite, marble tops, made to order; maple suite do., hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, oil-cloths, hall-stand and chairs; dining and bedroom crockery, bronze gas chandeliers and brackets throughout the house; kitchen utensils, &c.

AUCTION NOTICE.—A GENERAL ASSORTment of very elegant rosewood parlor furniture, superbly carved rosewood chamber sets, mattresses, beds, &c.; also velvet and Brussels carpets, pier and mantel mirrors, rich window drapery, mantel clock and decorations, choice oil paintings, oak dining room suite, fine cut glass, china, dinner and tea sets, ivory cutlery, &c., &c. Can be had at private sale for three days, at one-half its value for cash, at No. 15 Clinton-place, in 8th-st., near Broadway. Doors open from 7 A. M. to 7 P. M. Persons desiring anything for housekeeping will find it to their pecuniary benefit to call before purchasing elsewhere. N. B.—One superb rosewood 7-octave piano-forte, at a great sacrifice.

BELLEVUE HOSPITAL MEDICAL COLLEGE.—The second lecture on *Military Surgery*, by FRANK H. HAMILTON, M. D., Professor of Military Surgery, will be delivered in the Amphitheatre of the Bellevue Hospital on SATURDAY, 27th inst., at 12½ o'clock. The third will be delivered on Monday next at the same hour.

Following which, Dr. Jas. R. Wood, Prof. of Surgery and Surgical Pathology, will give practical instruction on Surgical operations to the class.

Members of the Medical profession, Medical Students, and those interested, are invited to attend.

IMPORTANT TO SINGLE GENTLEMEN.—The attention of the above class is called to a new hotel, now open, named the RICHMOND HOUSE, No. 110 Macdougal st., in which a parlor and bedroom, elegantly furnished, can be engaged for the small amount of four dollars per week, including servants, and no extra charge for two gentlemen friends occupying the same apartments; breakfast served in rooms if required. The Bleecker-st. stages and 6th-av. cars run close by.

PELOUBET ORGAN-HARMONIUMS—With one, two and three banks of keys, and pedals, wholesale and retail. Pronounced by leading organists "excellent in all respects, and in many points SUPERIOR TO ANY, with pedals unapproachable." They are confidently offered to the public, and the closest scrutiny solicited. Prices, $120 to $400. J. M. PELTON, dealer in first-class Pianos, Melodeons and Harmoniums, Nos. 841 and 843 Broadway.

NOTICE.—NEW-YORK YACHT CLUB.—THE special meeting of the members of the New-York Yacht Club, ordered by Commodore E. A. STEVENS, to be held at the Club-house, Elysian Fields, on the 24th inst., was duly adjourned, to meet again at the Brevoort House, corner of 5th-av. and 8th st., on TUESDAY next, the 30th inst., at 7 o'clock P. M. By order, H. MORTON, Secretary.

110 MACDOUGAL-ST.—RICHMOND HOUSE.—Particular attention is respectfully solicited to the above house, which is now opened as a private family hotel, for the reception of single gents or small families tired of the monotony of boarding. Parties desirous of housekeeping can find every convenience at the above establishment.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, BY A RESPECtable English woman, a situation as seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing and cutting; would have no objection to do light chamberwork in a small family, or assist in care of grown children; has the best of reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 132 West 20th-st., first floor.

THE LADIES OF THE MADISON-AV. Baptist Church (Dr. Hague's) are requested to meet at the chapel, on 31st-st., THIS MORNING from 10 to 2 o'clock, to prepare lint and bandages for hospital service. Ladies in the neighborhood are invited to join them.

A DESIRABLE SUITE OF ROOMS, ELEGANTLY furnished, can be seen at No. 53 East 29th-st.; also, one in third story, with bedroom adjoining, in a first-class house; dinner at 6 P. M.; references exchanged.

A FRENCH PRIVATE FAMILY WILL let unfurnished splendid parlor floor; also second floor; nice furnished rooms for single gentlemen, with or without board. Apply at No. 410 4th-st., (Albion-place,) between Broadway and 2d-av.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—SITUATION WANTED BY A respectable Protestant young woman; understands dressmaking and all kinds of family sewing; can operate on a sewing-machine; can be seen at her present employer's, No. 50 West 14th-st.

AS INFANT'S NURSE.—WANTED, BY A Protestant woman, a situation as infant's nurse; is capable of taking charge of an infant from its birth; is a good seamstress. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 50 West 14th-st.

FLAGS, FLAGS, FLAGS, FLAGS.—FLAGS of all sizes, for sale cheap at wholesale and retail, at the American Flag Co.'s Dépôt, No. 648 Broadway, under the Planter's Hotel.

TO LET—THE SECOND FLOOR, CONTAINING two parlors one bedroom, bath-room and pantries, and one bedroom in the attic. Hot and cold water, gas, and other privileges. Rent $250. Inquire at No. 381 Canal-st.

A WAITER.—WANTED, A SMART, ACTIVE boy, as waiter in a dining-saloon; one who understands the business preferred. Apply at Tammany Hall this morning.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WANTS a situation as cook; can get up linen well; can give the best of City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 182 Mott-st., second floor, front room.

TO LET—IN A NEWLY FURNISHED HOUSE, No. 363 West 23d-st., the second floor consisting of six rooms, with one side bedroom, gas, Croton and water-closet. Inquire of A. MCBRIDE, on the premises.